



Certification report | Zertifizierungsbericht

Passive House Institute

Building system Bausystem



for cool, temperate climate
für kühl-gemäßiges Klima

Product | Produkt:

THEPASSIVHAUS

Client | Auftraggeber:

Advanced Housing Systems Ltd.

Construction | Konstruktion:

**Lightweight timber construction |
Holzleichtbau**

Contact | Ansprechpartner:

Guy Fowler

+44 (0) 207 1931461

Website | Webseite:

www.advanced housingsystems.co.uk

www.advancedfoundationsystems.co.uk

Date | Datum:

27.07.2021

Author | Autor:

M. Arch. Edward Lowes

+49.6151.82699.0
mail@passiv.de
www.passiv.de

Passive House Institute
Rheinstraße 44/46
64283 Darmstadt
GERMANY

Content | Inhalt

1	Introduction Einleitung.....	3
2	Description of the certified system Systembeschreibung.....	4
2.1	Opaque building envelop Opake Gebäudehülle	4
2.2	Windows Fenster.....	4
2.3	Airtightness concept Luftdichtheitskonzept.....	4
3	Evaluation Bewertung.....	4
4	Summary of the results Zusammenfassung der Ergebnisse	5
5	Using the results in the PHPP Verwendung der Ergebnisse im PHPP.....	6
6	Legal information Rechtliche Hinweise.....	7

Appendix 1: U-values, equivalent conductivities | U-Werte, äquivalente Wärmeleitfähigkeiten

Appendix 2: Thermal simulations | Wärmestromsimulation

Appendix 3: Manufacturers drawings | Zeichnungen des Herstellers



1 Introduction | Einleitung

Because a separate heating system is not necessarily required in Passive Houses, high demands are placed on the quality of the building components used. The colder the climate, the higher the requirements for the components. To cover this, PHI has identified regions of similar requirements, and defined certification criteria. These criteria are available for free download at the website of the Passive House Institute.

If the below summarized requirements are met and a well-designed airtightness layer is proven, the label "Certified Passive House Component" can be awarded by the Passive House Institute (PHI)

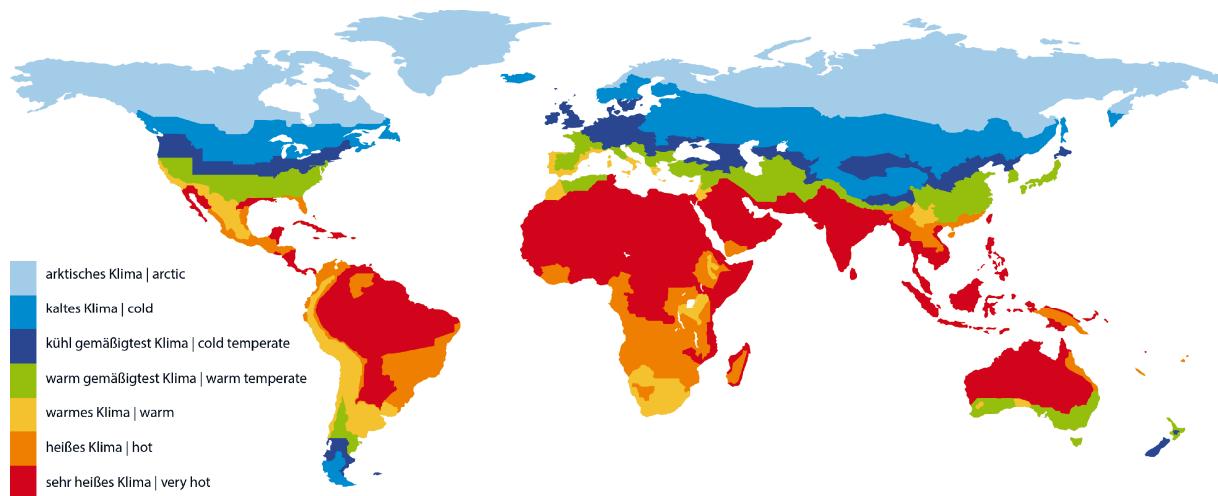
Passivhäuser stellen aufgrund der Möglichkeit, auf ein separates Heizsystem zu verzichten, hohe Anforderungen an die Qualität der verwendeten Bauteile. Dabei steigen die Anforderungen, je kälter das Klima ist. Darum hat das Passivhaus Institut Regionen gleicher Anforderung identifiziert und für diese Zertifizierungskriterien festgelegt. Die Kriterien sind auf der Homepage des Passivhaus Instituts als kostenfreier Download verfügbar.

Werden die unten zusammengefassten Anforderungen erreicht und ist eine gut geplante luftdichte Ebene nachgewiesen, kann ein Produkt als "Zertifizierte Passivhaus Komponente" ausgezeichnet werden.

Table 1: Adequate certification criteria

Climate zone	Hygiene criterion	Comfort criterion	Efficiency criteria		
	$f_{Rsi}=0.25 \text{ m}^2\text{K}/\text{W} \geq^3$	U-value of the installed window ¹ ≤	U-value opaque to ambient $U_{opaque} * f_{PHI}^2 \leq$	Purely opaque details $f_{Rsi}=0.25 \text{ m}^2\text{K}/\text{W} \geq$	Absence of thermal bridges $\Psi_a \leq^4$
	[-]	[W/(m ² K)]	[W/(m ² K)]	[-]	[W/(mK)]
1 Arctic	0.80	0.45 (0.35)	0.09	0.90	0.01
2 Cold	0.75	0.65 (0.52)	0.12	0.88	
3 Cool, temperate	0.70	0.85 (0.70)	0.15	0.86	
4 Warm,temperate	0.65	1.05 (0.90)	0.25	0.82	

1 applies for vertical windows with a test size of 1.23*1.48 m. The criteria for other transparent building components can be taken from the relevant certification criteria. Value in brackets: respective reference glazing.
 2 $f_{R, PHI}$: Reduction factor: always 1, exception: areas in contact with the ground and towards the unheated basement: 0.6
 4 as a thermal bridge loss coefficient based on external dimensions and length. Specific constructions such as inner edges are exempted from this criterion.



2 Description of the certified system | Systembeschreibung

2.1 Opaque building envelop | Opake Gebäudehülle

THEPASSIVHAUS is a lightweight timber construction system with insulated concrete formwork for basement construction.

The timber assembly is insulated using Knauf glass wool products (Knauf Frametherm Roll/Slab, λ_R 0,038 W/(mK); Knauf Earthwool Omnifit Roll 0,048 W/(mK)). The ICF assembly is insulated using EPS products (Kay-Cel EPS 200E, λ_R 0,041 W/(mK); Kay-Cel EPS 250/300E, λ_R 0,040 W/(mK)).

The system was simulated in one-, two- and three-dimensions in accordance with ISO 6946 and ISO 10211, the results are shown below and right. A hygrothermal assessment was carried out using the simplified Glaser method in line with ISO 13788 for all wall, roof and floor types; in accordance with the Passive House criteria, no risk of moisture accumulation or interstitial condensation was found.

2.2 Windows | Fenster

Installation type 1 refers to the E98 Passive entrance door from Urban Front Ltd., in a fully opaque configuration; the Ud-installed value shown is based on a reference size of 1,1 by 2,2 m. Type 2 refers to the Ultra Insulated outward-opening window from Green Building Store, using a Ug-value of 0,70 W/(m²K) and based on a reference size of 1,23 by 1,48 m. Type 3 refers to the Primus Slide double sliding door from ENERsign GmbH. For the latter, the average frame values are shown and the mullion is excluded, but the actual installed Uw-value is shown. This is based on a reference size of 2,4 by 2,5 m and uses a Ug-value of 0,70 W/(m²K).

2.3 Airtightness concept | Luftdichtheitskonzept

The Passive House level of airtightness is achieved by way of suitable membrane (SIGA Majrex 200), with joints sealed using appropriate airtightness tape. Windows and doors are installed using flexible gaskets and are connected to the airtight membrane using airtightness tape. Service penetrations are to be sealed using suitable gaskets or tape.

3 Evaluation | Bewertung

The Passive House Institute has defined international component criteria for seven climate zones based on hygiene-, comfort- and affordability criteria. In principle, components which have been certified for climate zones with higher requirements may also be used in climates with less stringent requirements. This use might make sense in certain circumstances.

THEPASSIVHAUS ist ein Holzleichtbausystem, mit Betonschalungsstein (BSS) für den Kellerbau.

Die Holzkonstruktion ist mit Glaswolleprodukten von Knauf gedämmt (Knauf Frametherm Roll/Slab, λ_R 0,038 W/(mK); Knauf Earthwool Omnifit Roll 0,048 W/(mK)). Der BSS-Aufbau ist mit EPS-Produkten gedämmt (Kay-Cel EPS 200E, λ_R 0,041 W/(mK); Kay-Cel EPS 250/300E, λ_R 0,040 W/(mK)).

Das System wurde ein-, zwei- und dreidimensional nach ISO 6946 und ISO 10211 modelliert. Eine hygrothermische Bewertung wurde mit dem vereinfachten Glaser-Verfahren nach ISO 13788 für alle Wand-, Dach- und Bodentypen durchgeführt; entsprechend den Passivhaus-Kriterien wurde kein Risiko von Feuchtigkeitsansammlung oder interstitieller Kondensation festgestellt.

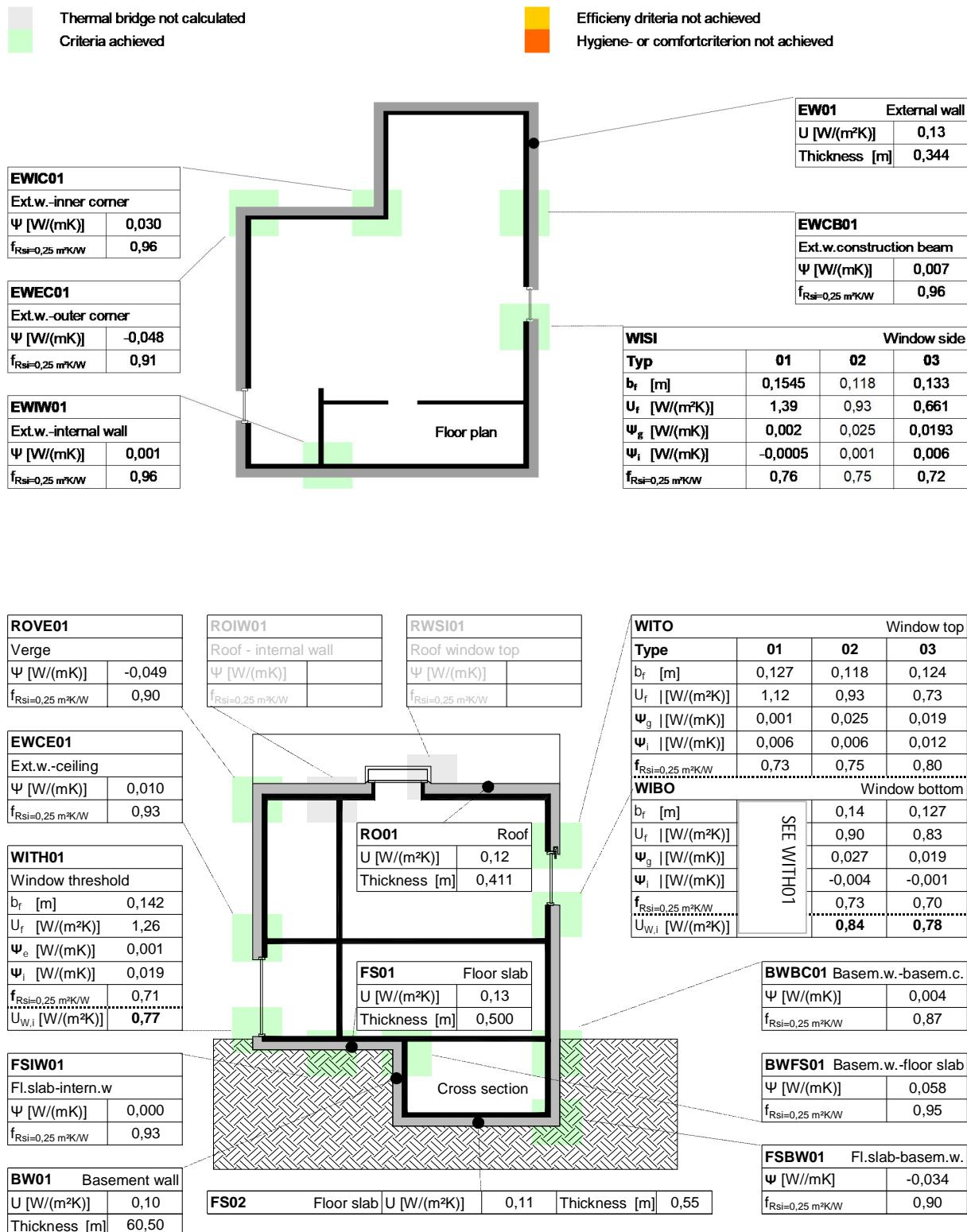
Einbautyp 1 bezieht sich auf die E98 Passivhaustür von Urban Front Ltd. in einer vollständig opaken Konfiguration; der angegebene Ud-Einbauwert basiert auf einer Referenzgröße von 1,1 mal 2,2 m. Typ 2 bezieht sich auf die Ultra Insulated Outward-Opening-Window von Green Building Store, mit einem Ug-Wert von 0,70 W/(m²K) und basierend auf einer Referenzgröße von 1,23 mal 1,48 m. Typ 3 bezieht sich auf die Primus Slide Doppelschiebetür von ENERsign GmbH. Für letztere werden die durchschnittlichen Rahmenwerte gezeigt und der Pfosten ist ausgeschlossen, aber der tatsächlich installierte Uw-Wert wird gezeigt. Dieser basiert auf einer Referenzgröße von 2,4 mal 2,5 m und verwendet einen Ug-Wert von 0,70 W/(m²K).

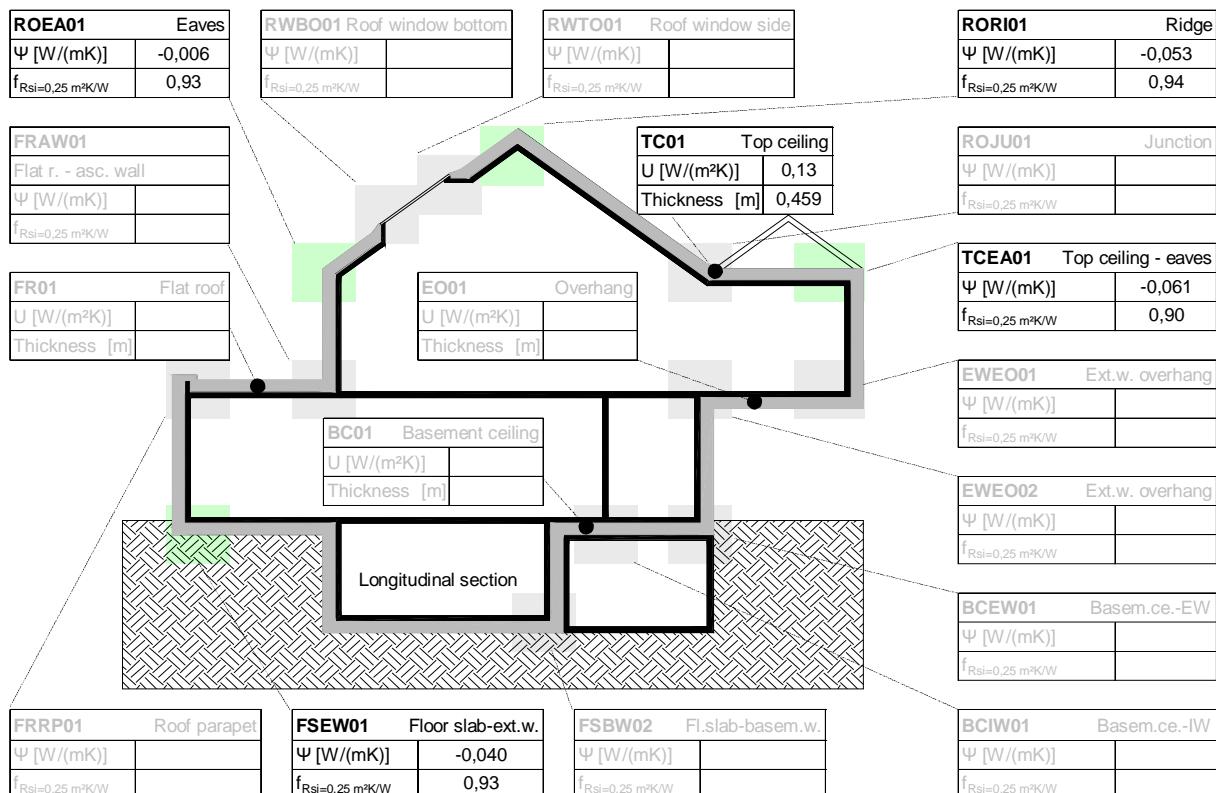
Die Luftdichtheit auf Passivhausniveau wird durch eine geeigneten Membran (SIGA Majrex 200) erreicht, deren Fugen mit einem passenden Luftdichtheitsband abgedichtet werden. Fenster und Türen werden mit flexiblen Dichtungen eingebaut und mit einem Luftdichtheitsband an die Luftdichtheitsfolie angeschlossen. Service-Durchdringungen sind mit geeigneten Dichtungen oder Bändern abzudichten.

Das Passivhaus Institut hat weltweite Komponentenanforderungen für sieben Klimazonen basierend auf Hygiene, Komfort- und Wirtschaftlichkeitskriterien definiert. Grundsätzlich können Komponenten, welche für Klimate mit höheren Anforderungen zertifiziert sind, auch in Klimate mit geringeren Anforderungen eingesetzt werden. Dies kann im Einzelfall auch wirtschaftlich sein..



4 Summary of the results | Zusammenfassung der Ergebnisse





5 Using the results in the PHPP | Verwendung der Ergebnisse im PHPP

The following points are relevant for working with the here presented results in the Passive House Planning Package (PHPP):

- For the system being certified here, the thermal bridges in the regular construction of the buildings shell resulting from regularly occurring interruptions are already included in the U-values by using equivalent thermal conductivities for the materials of the interrupted layers. They do not have to be considered further.
- The results of the calculation of the linear thermal transmittance are always determined based on the external dimensions.
- Additional point thermal bridges may have to be taken into account.

Die folgenden Punkte sind für die Arbeit mit den hier zusammengefassten Ergebnissen im Passivhaus Projektierungs-Paket (PHPP):

- Die im regulären Aufbau der Bauteile vorkommenden Wärmebrücken ist über äquivalente Wärmeleitfähigkeiten der betreffenden Bauteilschichten bereits in den U-Werten der Konstruktionen erfasst und müssen nicht weiter berücksichtigt werden.
- Alle linearen Wärmebrücken gelten für den Außenmaßbezug.
- Zusätzliche punktförmige Wärmebrücken sind zu berücksichtigen.



6 Legal information | Rechtliche Hinweise

The following information should be kept in mind when planning and executing the detail solutions documented in this report:

The detail drawings in this documentation are schematic and might be adapted for specific constructions. Sealing of the construction against moisture and the absence of condensation as well as the check of hygrothermal matters was not the subject of this examination. Where necessary, this should be carried out in accordance with the accepted technical standards. The responsibility for checking the above mentioned points lies with the applicant for the certification procedure and/or the user.

The present documentation does not allow conclusions to be drawn regarding other characteristics of the examined construction that may determine its performance and quality. In particular, this documentation is not a substitute for building authority approval.

The scope of the examination and accountability of the certification is limited to the testing routines with regard to compliance with the stated criteria of the Passive House Institute. A legal basis for making any claims against the Passive House Institute Darmstadt Dr. Wolfgang Feist based on the information provided in this report is excluded.

Die folgenden Informationen sind bei der Planung und Ausführung der in diesem Bericht gezeigten Details zu beachten:

Die Detailzeichnungen in diesem Bericht sind schematisch und beispielhaft. Sie müssen evtl. auf die Spezifika auszuführender Gebäude angepasst werden. Hygrothermische Aspekte wurden im Rahmen dieser Zertifizierung nicht betrachtet. Wo nötig sollten diese Betrachtungen entsprechend den gültigen Regeln der Technik vorgenommen werden. Die Verantwortung der Umsetzung oben genannter Punkte obliegt dem Hersteller oder Anwender des Bausystems.

Die vorliegende Dokumentation erlaubt keine Rückschlüsse auf andere, als die überprüften Punkte. Sie stellt insbesondere keinen Ersatz für einen Bauaufsichtliche Zulassung dar.

Aus der Zertifizierung oder diesem Bericht und den darin veröffentlichten Informationen können keine Ansprüche gegen das Passivhaus Institut Darmstadt Dr. Wolfgang Feist abgeleitet werden.



Appendix 1: U-value of building assemblies

Anhang 1: Bauteil-U-Werte



Advanced Housing Systems Ltd.: THEPASSIVHAUS ID: for cool, temperate climate

Acronym	Building assembly description			Interior insulation?
RO01	Roof			
Orientation of building element	1-Roof	Adjacent to	3-Ventilated	Heat transmission resistance [m²K/W]
		interior R_{si}	0,10	exterior R_{se} 0,10
U-value determined by 2D thermal simulation (see appendix 2)				
length of model [m]	$\Delta\theta$ [K]	thermal flux [W/m]	U-value [W/(m²K)]	
0,600	30	2,08109	0,116	
U-value determined according to PHPP				
Material of Layer	λ [W/(mK)]	Description	Thickness [mm]	
Fermacell Gypsum Fibre	0,400	BBA Certificate value + 25% safety margin	24,0	
Air gap + timber	0,160	Equivalent value determined by simulation	25,0	
Knauf Frametherm + timber	0,049	Equivalent value determined by simulation	45,0	
Knauf Frametherm + timber	0,041	Equivalent value determined by simulation	260,0	
Knauf Frametherm + timber	0,049	Equivalent value determined by simulation	45,0	
Panelvent Sheathing Board	0,125	Manufacturer Datasheet + 25% safety margin	12,0	
Percentage of sec. 1		Percentage of sec. 2	Percentage of sec. 3	
100%			Total	
			U-value: 41,1 cm	
			U-value: 0,116 W/(m²K)	
U-value supplement:				

Acronym	Building assembly description			Interior insulation?		
TC01	Top ceiling					
Orientation of building element	1-Roof	Adjacent to	3-Ventilated	Heat transmission resistance [m²K/W]		
		interior R_{si}	0,10	exterior R_{se} 0,10		
U-value determined by thermal simulation (see appendix 2)						
length of model [m]	$\Delta\theta$ [K]	thermal flux [W/m]	U-value [W/(m²K)]			
0,600	30	2,2780	0,127			
U-value determined according to PHPP						
Material of Layer	λ [W/(mK)]	Description	Thickness [mm]			
Fermacell Gypsum Fibre	0,400	BBA Certificate value + 25% safety margin	24,0			
Air gap + timber	0,153	Equivalent value determined by simulation	25,0			
Softwood / OSB board	0,130	Standard value according to ISO 10456	10,0			
Knauf Loft Roll + timber	0,058	Equivalent value determined by simulation	100,0			
Knauf Loft Roll 44	0,053	DoP value, plus safety margin according to DIN 4108-4	300			
Percentage of sec. 1		Percentage of sec. 2	Percentage of sec. 3			
100%			Total			
			U-value: 45,9 cm			
U-value supplement:						
U-value: 0,127 W/(m²K)						

Acronym	Building assembly description			Interior insulation?		
EW01	External wall					
Orientation of building element	2-Wall	Adjacent to	3-Ventilated	Heat transmission resistance [m²K/W]		
		interior R_{si}	0,13	exterior R_{se} 0,13		
U-value determined by 2D thermal simulation (see appendix 2)						
length of model [m]	$\Delta\theta$ [K]	thermal flux [W/m]	U-value [W/(m²K)]			
0,600	30	2,16079	0,120			
U-value determined according to PHPP						
Material of Layer	λ [W/(mK)]	Description	Thickness [mm]			
Fermacell Gypsum Fibre	0,400	BBA Certificate value + 25% safety margin	12			
Knauf Frametherm + timber	0,043	Equivalent value determined by simulation	90			
Knauf Frametherm + timber	0,038	Equivalent value determined by simulation	140			
Knauf Frametherm + timber	0,043	Equivalent value determined by simulation	90			
Panelvent Sheathing Board	0,125	Manufacturer Datasheet + 25% safety margin	12			
Percentage of sec. 1		Percentage of sec. 2	Percentage of sec. 3			
100%			Total			
			U-value: 34,4 cm			
			U-value: 0,120 W/(m²K)			
U-value supplement:						
U-value: 0,132 W/(m²K)						

Acronym	Building assembly description			Interior insulation?
FS01	Floor slab - ground level			
Orientation of building element	3-Ground	Adjacent to	2-Ground	Heat transmission resistance [m²K/W]
				interior R _{si} 0,17 exterior R _{se} 0,00
U-value determined by thermal simulation (see appendix 2)				
length of model [m]	Δθ [K]	thermal flux [W/m]	U-value [W/(m²K)]	
1,000	30	3,9609	0,132	
U-value determined according to PHPP				
Material of Layer	λ [W/(mK)]	Description	Thickness [mm]	
Concrete, 1% steel	2,300	Standard value according to ISO 10456	200	
Kay-Cel EPS 200E	0,041	DoP value, plus safety margin according to DIN 4108-4	300	
			50,0	cm
Total				
U-value supplement:		W/(m²K)	U-value: 0,132 W/(m²K)	
			R-value 7,576 m²K/W	

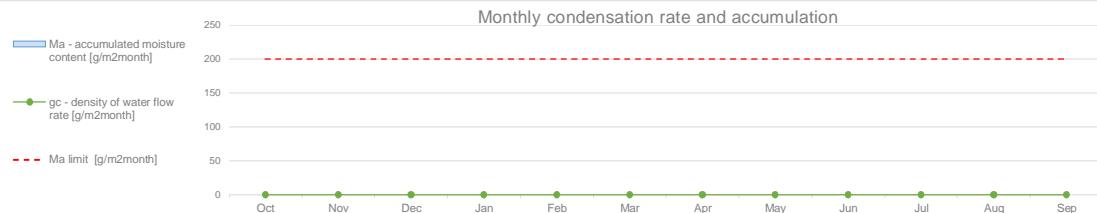
Assembly no.	Heat transmission resistance [m²K/W]			Interior insulation?
EW02	Basement wall			
Orientation of building element	Horizontal	interior R _{si}	0,13	
Adjacent to	Ground	exterior R _{se}	: 0,00	
U-value determined by 2D thermal simulation (see appendix 2)				
length of model [m]	Δθ [K]	thermal flux [W/m]	U-value [W/(m²K)]	
1,000	30	2,9603	0,099	
Area section 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Description	Thickness [mm]	
Interior plaster	0,570	Standard value according to ISO 10456	5	
Kay-Cel EPS 200E	0,041	DoP value, plus safety margin according to DIN 4108-4	150	
Concrete, 1% steel	2,300	Standard value according to ISO 10456	200	
Kay-Cel EPS 250/300E	0,040	DoP value, plus safety margin according to DIN 4108-4	250	
			60,5	cm
Total				
U-value supplement:		W/(m²K)	U-value: 0,099 W/(m²K)	

Assembly no.	Heat transmission resistance [m²K/W]			Interior insulation?
FS02	Floor slab - basement level			
Orientation of building element	Down	interior R _{si}	0,17	
Adjacent to	Ground	exterior R _{se}	: 0,00	
U-value determined by 2D thermal simulation (see appendix 2)				
length of model [m]	Δθ [K]	thermal flux [W/m]	U-value [W/(m²K)]	
1,000	30	3,3308	0,111	
Area section 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 2 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 3 (optional)
Kay-Cel EPS 250/300E	0,040	DoP value, plus safety margin according to DIN 4108-4	50	
Concrete, 1% steel	2,300	Standard value according to ISO 10456	200	
Kay-Cel EPS 250/300E	0,040	DoP value, plus safety margin according to DIN 4108-4	300	
			55,0	cm
Total				
U-value supplement:		W/(m²K)	U-value: 0,111 W/(m²K)	

Condensation check according to ISO 13788

Glaser Method, carried out using PHI Condensation Tool

EW01 - timber frame external wall



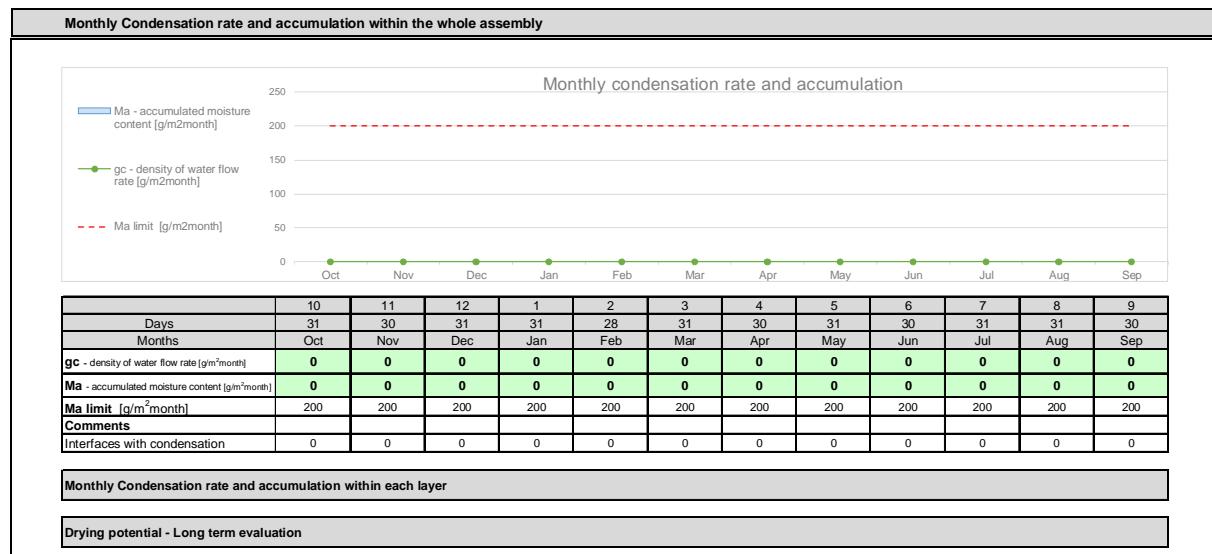
Monthly Condensation rate and accumulation within each layer

Drying potential - Long term evaluation

Verifications

EW02 - insulated concrete formwork basement wall

Location temperatures		Heating load [°C]	-0,7	Cooling load [°C]	19,6 <th>Hours</th> <td>1</td> <th></th>	Hours	1		
Assembly definition		θ_e [°C]	28,0	φ_e (θ_e)	90%	θ_i [°C]	20,0	φ_i (θ_i)	65%
Assembly no.	Building assembly description	Interior insulation?		F _t	Radiation effect	Solar rad.	Sol. rad. fact.	Eff. Solar rad.	
EW02	ICF basement wall	No		1,00	Active	750	1,0	750	
					[W/m ²]	[·]	[W/m ²]		
Orientation of building element	Heat transmission resistance [m ² K/W]	DT Roof 13788	Radiation attributes						
2 - Wall	interior Rsi: 0,13	exterior Rsi: 0,00	Reflectivity:		Clima zone	4	Limits	P _{HII}	
Adjacent to 2 - Ground	exterior Rse: 0,00		Absorptivity: 0,90		Region	Warm-temperate	U-value	0,30	
For condensation or mould growth on opaque surfaces	interior Rsi: 0,25		Emissivity: 0,90		Location	G8006a-Exeter	I _{RSI} min 0,25	0,82	
Pos	Area section	λ [W/(mK)]	Thickness [mm]	μ [-]	S_d [m]	R [m ² K/W]	Temperature [°C]	P_v [Pa]	RH [%]
i	Interior air					20,00	1519	65%	
0	Rsi - Interior surface					0,130	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
1	Interior plaster 10456	0,570	5	10,0	0,05	0,009	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
2	EPS 200E (Dop + DIN 4108)	0,041	150	60,0	9,00	3,659	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
3	Reinforced concrete	2,300	200	130,0	26,00	0,087	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
4	EPS 250/300E	0,040	100	60,0	6,00	2,500	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
5	EPS 250/300E	0,040	100	60,0	6,00	2,500	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
6	EPS 250/300E	0,040	50	60,0	3,00	1,250	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
7	RIW Sheet Seal 226	100,000	1,5	100,0	0,15	0,000	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
8									
9									
10									
0	Rse - Exterior surface					0,000	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!
e	Exterior air						#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	90%
Total Values		60,65		50,20	10,134	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0	
		[cm]		[m]	[m ² K/W]	q tot [W/m ²]	g [kg/(m ² s)]		
Radiation effect		Active		Surfaces DT					
Exterior Sol-Air Temperature		#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	SRI value	6	Aged SRI value	10
		[°C]		[Int DT°C]	[Ext-Int DT°C]		[-]		[-]



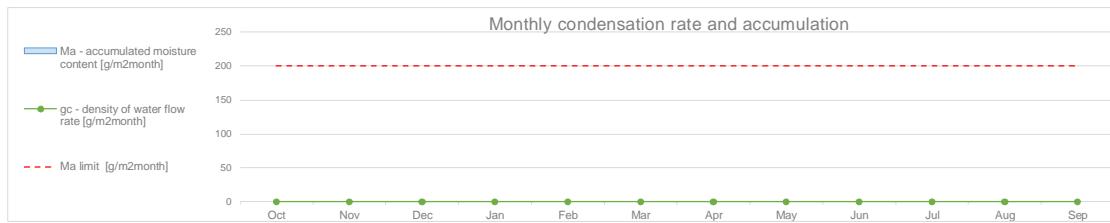
Verifications												
Assembly no.	Verification status:											
EW02	Assembly verified											
Verification status per month: Is the assembly verified?												
Months	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep
Condensation Rsi 0,25 [°C]	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
One or more months have internal surface condensation temperature not verified. Please revise the assembly.												
Mold growth Rsi 0,25 [°C]	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
One or more months have internal surface mould growth temperature below the mould growth surface temperature												
f _{RSI}	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Temp. factor at the internal surface	One or more months have the temperature factor at the internal surface not verified. Please revise the assembly.											
Ma [g/m ² month]	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Max acc. Moisture content	Condensation is completely evaporated											
Ma [g/m ² month]	Moisture evaporation											
Maximum accumulation of condensate does not exceed the Ma limit												
Drying potential	The drying potential of building component is verified over a period of 10 years.											
Over 10 years	Yes											

= Assumed value, no data available

R001 - timber frame pitched roof

Location temperatures		Heating load [°C]	-0,7	Cooling load [°C]	19,6			Hours	1	
Assembly definition		θe [°C]	28,0	φe (θe)	90%	θi [°C]	20,0	φi (θi)	65%	
Assembly no.	Building assembly description			Interior insulation?		R _t	Radiation effect	Solar rad.	Sol. rad. fact.	Eff. Solar rad.
RO01	Timber frame pitched roof			No		1,00	Active	750	1,0	750
						[W/m ²]	[·]	[W/m ²]		
Orientation of building element	1 - Roof	Heat transmission resistance [m ² K/W]	DT Roof 13788	Radiation attributes		Clima zone	Limits	PHI	User defined	
Adjacent to	3 - Ventilated	interior R _t :	0,10	0,00	Reflectivity:	4	U-value	0,30		
		exterior R _t :	0,10		Absorptivity:	Warm-temperate	IR _s min	0,25		
		interior R _t :	0,25		Emissivity:	GB0005a-Exeter	IR _s 0,82			
For condensation or mould growth on opaque surfaces										
Pos.	Area section		λ [W/(mK)]	Thickness [mm]	μ [-]	S _d [m]	R [m ² K/W]	Temperature [° C]	ρ _v [Pa]	RH [%]
i	Interior air							20,00	1519	65%
0	Rsi - Interior surface							20,79	1519	62%
1	Fermacell Gypsum Fibre		0,400	12	10,0	0,12	0,030	21,03	1559	63%
2	Fermacell Gypsum Fibre		0,400	12	10,0	0,12	0,030	21,27	1599	63%
3	Air gap acc. ISO 6946		0,156	25	0,3	0,01	0,160	22,54	1601	59%
4	SIGA Majrex 200		100,000	0,3	16.666,7	5,00	0,000	22,54	2730	100%
5	Knauf Frametherm Roll/Slab 32		0,038	140	1,0	0,14	3,684	51,74	3314	25%
6	Knauf Frametherm Roll/Slab 32		0,038	90	1,0	0,09	2,368	70,52	3344	10%
7	Knauf Frametherm Roll/Slab 32		0,038	90	1,0	0,09	2,368	89,29	3374	5%
8	Panelvent Sheathing Board		0,125	12	4,4	0,05	0,096	90,05	3392	5%
9	Tyvek Supro		100,000	0,3	83,3	0,025	0,000	90,05	3400	5%
10										
0	Rse - Exterior surface							0,100	90,05	3400
e	Exterior air								90,84	3400
									90,90	90%
Total Values		38,16		5,65	8,937	-7,93	-6,66E-08	1		
			[cm]	[m]	[m ² K/W]	q tot [W/m ²]	g [kg/(m ² s)]	Cond. Interfaces		
Radiation effect	Active	Surfaces DT			SRI value	6	Aged SRI value	10		
Exterior Sol-Air Temperature	90,84	0,79	70,84		SRI value	6	Aged SRI value	10		
["C]	[Int DT°C]	[Ext-Int DT°C]								
min	Project	U-Value [W/(m ² K)]			Verifed					
0,300	0,112				Yes					

Monthly Condensation rate and accumulation within the whole assembly



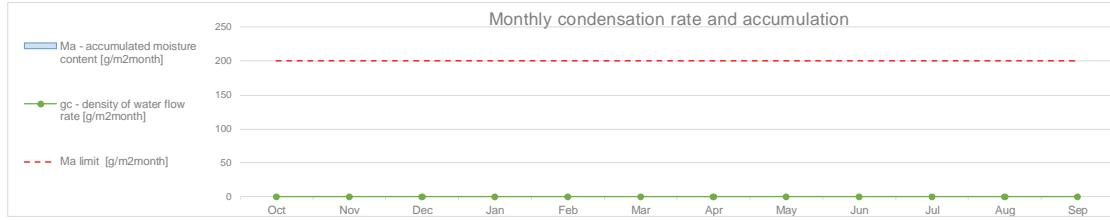
Monthly Condensation rate and accumulation within each layer

Drying potential - Long term evaluation

Verifications

TC01 - timber frame cold roof

Monthly Condensation rate and accumulation within the whole assembly



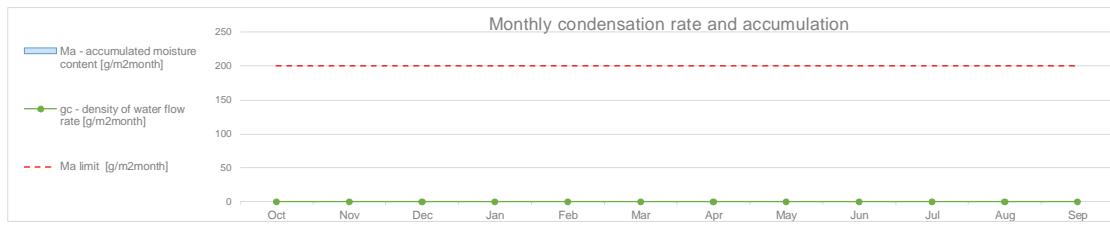
Monthly Condensation rate and accumulation within each layer

Drying potential - Long term evaluation

Verifications

FS01 - insulated concrete formwork floor slab (ground level)

Monthly Condensation rate and accumulation within the whole assembly



Monthly Condensation rate and accu

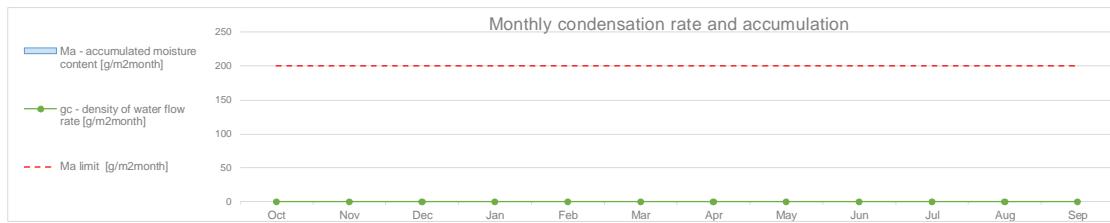
Drying potential - Long term evaluation

Verifications

FS02 - insulated concrete formwork floor slab (basement level)

Location temperatures		Heating load [°C]	-0,7	Cooling load [°C]		19,6	Hours		1		
Assembly definition		θe [°C]	28,0	φe (θe)	90%	θi [°C]	20,0	φi (θi)	65%		
Assembly no.		Building assembly description		Interior insulation?		Ft	Radiation effect	Solar rad.	Sol. rad. fact.	Eff. Solar rad.	
FS01		ICF ground level floor slab		No		1,00	Active	750	1,0	750	
				Adjacent to ground is selected		[W/m²]	[·]	[W/m²]			
Orientation of building element		Heat transmission resistance [m²K/W]	DT Roof 13788	Radiation attributes							
Adjacet to 1 - Floor		interior Rsi:	0,17	exterior Rse:	0,00	Reflectivity:		Clima zone	4	Limits	
		exterior Rse:	0,00			Absorbtivity:	0,90	Region	Warm-temperate	PHI	
For condensation or mould growth on opaque surfaces		interior Rsi:	0,25			Emissivity:	0,90	Location	GB0005a-Exeter	User defined	
Verifications											
Pos.	Area section		λ [W/(mK)]	Thickness [mm]	μ [-]	S _d [m]	R [m²K/W]	Temperature [° C]	P _v [Pa]	RH [%]	
i	Interior air							20,00	1519	65%	
0	Rsi - Interior surface							#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
1	EPS 250/300E	0,040	50	60,0		3,00	1,250	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
2	Reinforced concrete	2,300	200	130,0		26,00	0,087	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
3	EPS 250/300E	0,040	300	60,0		18,00	7,500	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
4											
5											
6											
7											
8											
9											
10											
0	Rse - Exterior surface							0,000	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	
e	Exterior air							#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	90%	
Total Values		55,00		47,00	9,007	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	0			
		[cm]		[m]	[m²K/W]	q tot [W/m²]	g [kg/(m²·s)]	Cond. Interfaces			
Radiation effect		Active	Surfaces DT								
Exterior Sol-Air Temperature		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!							
		[°C]	[Int DT°C]	[Ext-Int DT°C]	SRI value	6	Aged SRI value	10			
U-Value [W/(m²K)]											
		min	Project		Verified						
		0,300	#DIV/0!		Yes						

Monthly Condensation rate and accumulation within the whole assembly



Monthly Cond



Appendix 2: Thermal simulations | Wärmestromsimulationen

Passive House Institute

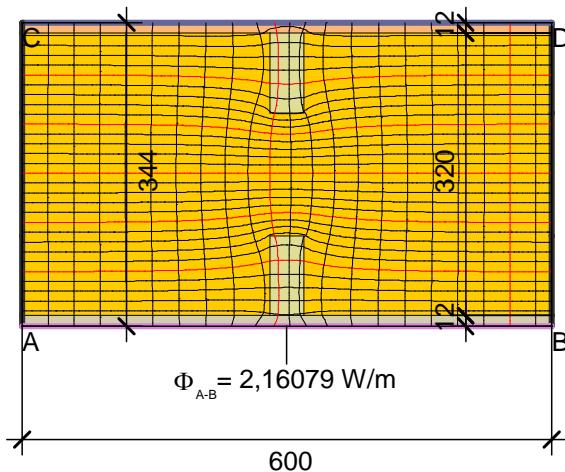
Wall, roof, ground | Wand, Dach, Boden
Windows | Fenster



Wall, roof, ground | Wand, Dach, Boden



EXTERNAL WALL



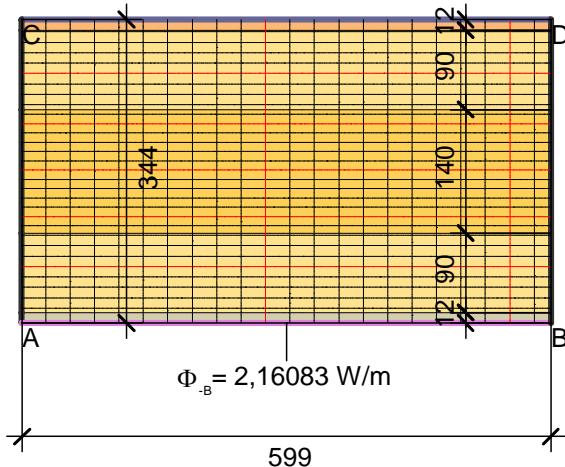
$$U_{\text{eq A-B}} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T \cdot b} = \frac{2,161}{30,000 \cdot 0,600} = 0,120 \text{ W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{K)}$$

Boundary Condition	$q[\text{W/m}^2]$	$\theta[^{\circ}\text{C}]$	$R[(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})/\text{W}]$	ε	$\phi[\%]$
Exterior vent. Außen belüftet		-10,000		0,130	
Interior Innen		20,000		0,130	
Adiabatic Adiabat	0,000				

Material

Material	$\lambda[\text{W/(m}\cdot\text{K)}]$	ε	$\delta[\text{mg/(m}\cdot\text{h}\cdot\text{Pa)}]$
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard BBA Certificate + 25%	0,400	0,900	
Knauf Frametherm Roll/Slab 32 (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,038	0,900	
Panelvent Sheathing Board Manufacturer Datasheet + 25%	0,125	0,900	
Softwood, OSB Weichholz, OSB 10456	0,130	0,900	0,018

EXTERNAL WALL - EQUIVALENT VALUES



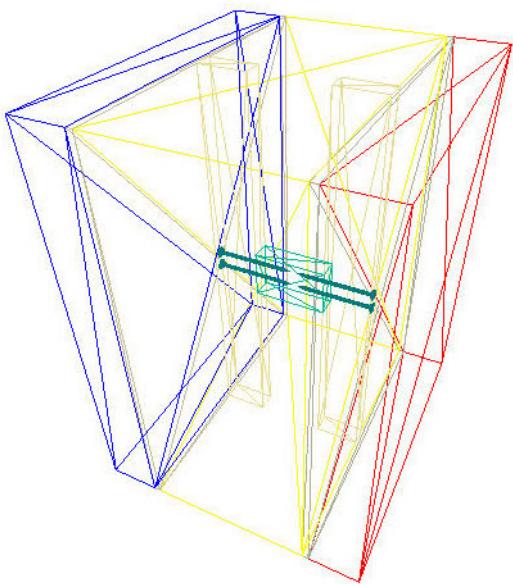
$$U_{\text{eq A-B}} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T \cdot b} = \frac{2,161}{30,000 \cdot 0,599} = 0,120 \text{ W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{K)}$$

Boundary Condition	$q[\text{W/m}^2]$	$\theta[^{\circ}\text{C}]$	$R[(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})/\text{W}]$	ε	$\phi[\%]$
Exterior vent. Außen belüftet		-10,000		0,130	
Interior Innen		20,000		0,130	
Adiabatic Adiabat	0,000				

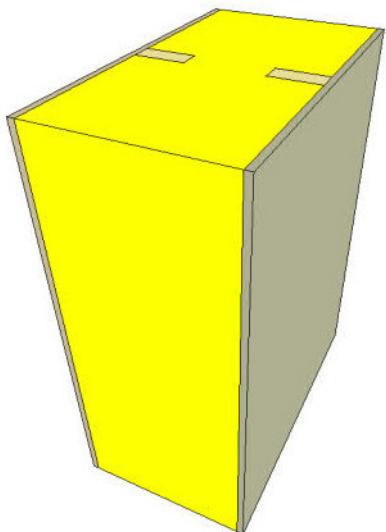
Material

Material	$\lambda[\text{W/(m}\cdot\text{K)}]$	ε	$\delta[\text{mg/(m}\cdot\text{h}\cdot\text{Pa)}]$
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard BBA Certificate + 25%	0,400	0,900	
GW+timber equivalent 1	0,043	0,900	0,640
GW+timber equivalent 2	0,038	0,900	0,640
Panelvent Sheathing Board Manufacturer Datasheet + 25%	0,125	0,900	

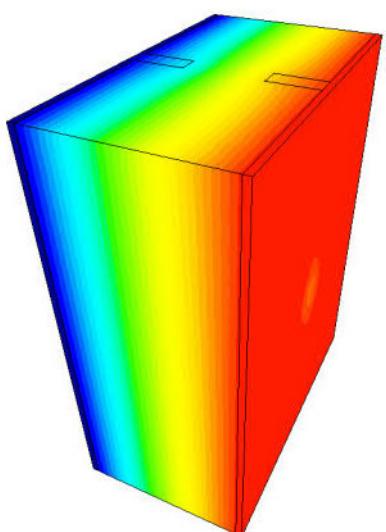




A



B



C

The external wall assembly of THEPASSIVHAUS comprises vertical timber studs (38 x 90 mm), connected horizontally by timber blocks (140 x 30 x 90 mm), fastened using 4x 150 mm steel screws, each with a diameter of 6 mm. An x-ray view of the assembly is shown left, top (A).

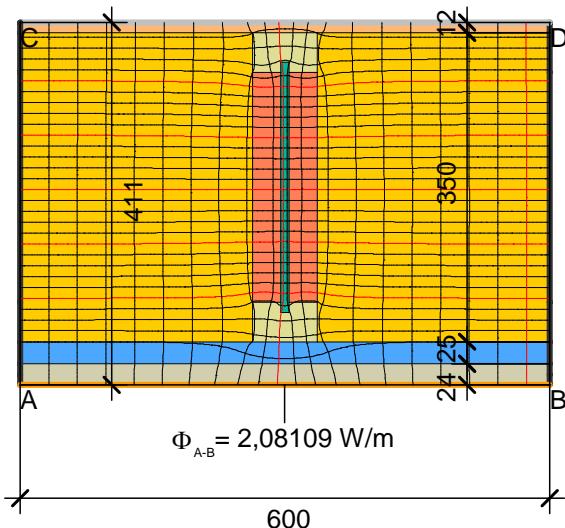
In order to establish the thermal effect of the connecting blocks and screws on the U-value of the external wall, these penetrations were modelled in 3D according to ISO 10211, using the material thermal conductivities shown in the material legend on the previous page. Images of the thermal model are shown left, middle (B) and bottom (C), the latter showing the isothermal distribution.

Two models were constructed, the first to reflect the real construction, the second without the connecting block and screws to represent the 'undisturbed' wall. A heat flow difference of 0,11 W was then measured between the two models.

When divided by the modelled temperature differential of 30K and then multiplied by the inverse of the area ($0,6\text{ m} \times 0,54\text{ m} = 0,324\text{ m}^2$), the delta-U of $0,11\text{ W}/(\text{m}^2\text{K})$ is found. This figure is added to the final certified value shown in Appendix 1.



PITCHED ROOF

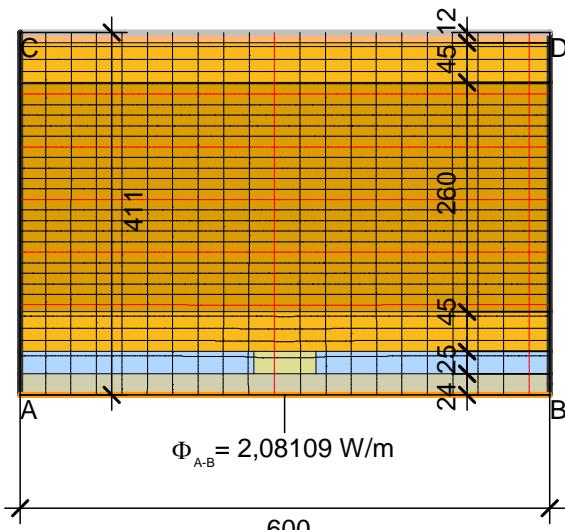


$$U_{\text{eq A-B}} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T \cdot b} = \frac{2,081}{30,000 \cdot 0,600} = 0,116 \text{ W/(m}^2\text{K)}$$

Material	$\lambda[\text{W}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{K})]$	ε	$\delta[\text{mg}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{h}\cdot\text{Pa})]$
Air + timber Äq	0,153	0,900	0,640
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard BBA Certificate + 25%	0,400	0,900	
Kay-Cel EPS 250/300E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,040	0,900	0,640
Knauf Frametherm Roll/Slab 32 (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,038	0,900	
Panelvent Sheathing Board Manufacturer Datasheet + 25%	0,125	0,900	
Softwood flow parallel Weichholz Q parallel	0,290	0,900	0,640
Softwood, OSB Weichholz, OSB 10456	0,130	0,900	0,018

Boundary Condition	$q[\text{W}/\text{m}^2]$	$\theta[{}^\circ\text{C}]$	$R[(\text{m}^2\cdot\text{K})/\text{W}]$	ε	$\phi[\%]$
Exterior roof Außen Dach		-10,000		0,100	
Interior up. Innen auf.		20,000		0,100	
Adiabatic Adiabat	0,000				

PITCHED ROOF - EQUIVALENT VALUES

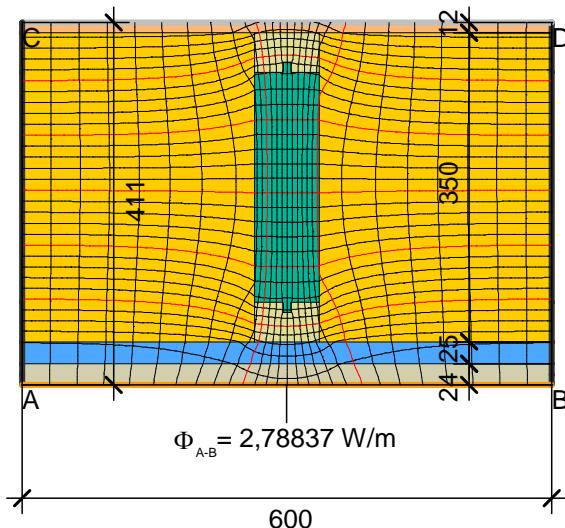


$$U_{\text{eq A-B}} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T \cdot b} = \frac{2,081}{30,000 \cdot 0,600} = 0,116 \text{ W/(m}^2\text{K)}$$

Material	$\lambda[\text{W}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{K})]$	ε	$\delta[\text{mg}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{h}\cdot\text{Pa})]$
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard BBA Certificate + 25%	0,400	0,900	
GW+timber equivalent 3	0,049	0,900	0,640
GW+timber equivalent 4	0,041	0,900	0,640
Luftschicht, ruhend, aufwärts, Dicke: 25 mm	0,156	0,900	
Panelvent Sheathing Board Manufacturer Datasheet + 25%	0,125	0,900	
Softwood, OSB Weichholz, OSB 10456	0,130	0,900	0,018



PITCHED ROOF

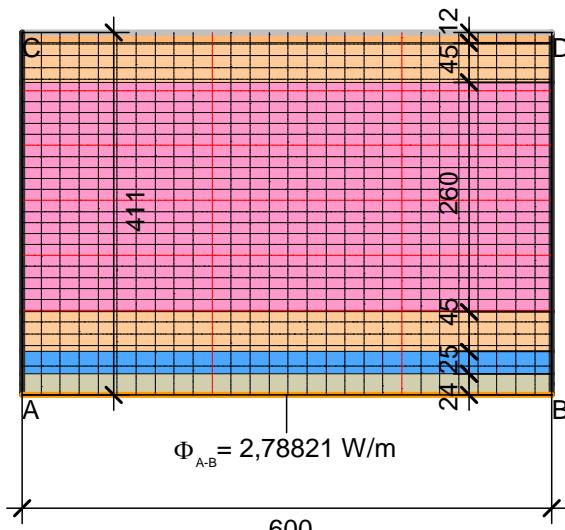


$$U_{\text{eq A-B}} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T \cdot b} = \frac{2,788}{30,000 \cdot 0,600} = 0,155 \text{ W/(m}^2\text{·K)}$$

Material	$\lambda[\text{W}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{K})]$	ε	$\delta[\text{mg}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{h}\cdot\text{Pa})]$
Air + timber Äq	0,153	0,900	0,640
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard BBA Certificate + 25%	0,400	0,900	
Knauf Frametherm Roll/Slab 32 (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,038	0,900	
Panelvent Sheathing Board Manufacturer Datasheet + 25%	0,125	0,900	
Softwood flow parallel Weichholz Q parallel	0,290	0,900	0,640
Softwood, OSB Weichholz, OSB 10456	0,130	0,900	0,018

Boundary Condition	$q[\text{W}/\text{m}^2]$	$\theta[{}^\circ\text{C}]$	$R[(\text{m}^2\cdot\text{K})/\text{W}]$	ε	$\phi[\%]$
Exterior roof Außen Dach		-10,000		0,100	
Interior up. Innen auf.		20,000		0,100	
Adiabatic Adiabat	0,000				

PITCHED ROOF - EQUIVALENT VALUES

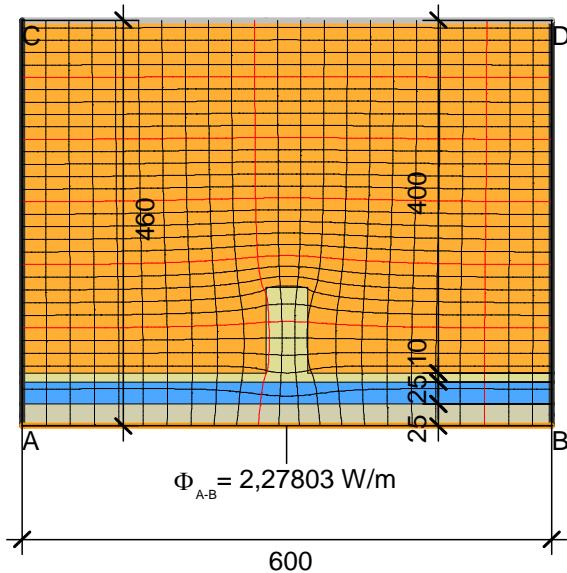


$$U_{\text{eq A-B}} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T \cdot b} = \frac{2,788}{30,000 \cdot 0,600} = 0,155 \text{ W/(m}^2\text{·K)}$$

Material	$\lambda[\text{W}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{K})]$	ε	$\delta[\text{mg}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{h}\cdot\text{Pa})]$
Air + timber Äq	0,153	0,900	0,640
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard BBA Certificate + 25%	0,400	0,900	
GW+timber equivalent 3a	0,062	0,900	0,640
GW+timber equivalent 4a	0,058	0,900	0,640
Panelvent Sheathing Board Manufacturer Datasheet + 25%	0,125	0,900	



COLD ROOF

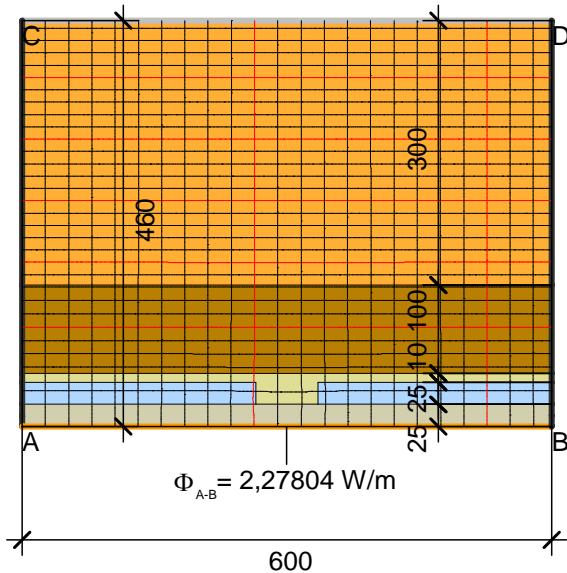


$$U_{\text{eq A-B}} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T \cdot b} = \frac{2,278}{30,000 \cdot 0,600} = 0,127 \text{ W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{K)}$$

Material	$\lambda[\text{W}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{K})]$	ε	$\delta[\text{mg}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{h}\cdot\text{Pa})]$
Air + timber Åq	0,153	0,900	0,640
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard BBA Certificate + 25%	0,400	0,900	
Knauf Loft Roll 44 (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,053	0,900	0,640
Softwood, OSB I Weichholz, OSB 10456	0,130	0,900	0,018

Boundary Condition	$q[\text{W}/\text{m}^2]$	$\theta[{}^\circ\text{C}]$	$R[(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})/\text{W}]$	ε	$\phi[%]$
Exterior roof Außen Dach	-10,000		0,100		
Interior up. Innen auf.	20,000		0,100		
Adiabatic Adiabat	0,000				

COLD ROOF - EQUIVALENT VALUES



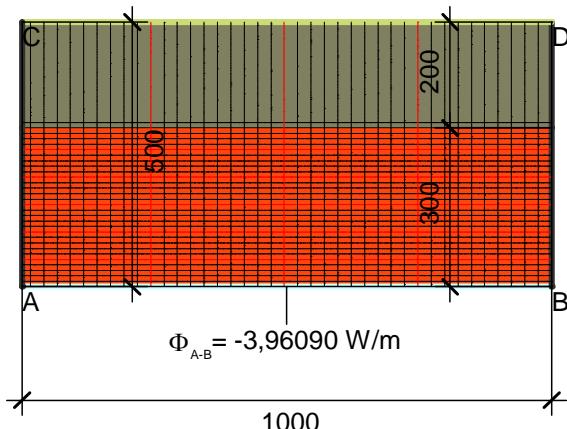
$$U_{\text{eq A-B}} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T \cdot b} = \frac{2,278}{30,000 \cdot 0,600} = 0,127 \text{ W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{K)}$$

Material	$\lambda[\text{W}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{K})]$	ε	$\delta[\text{mg}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{h}\cdot\text{Pa})]$
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard BBA Certificate + 25%	0,400	0,900	
GW+timber equivalent 5	0,058	0,900	0,640
Knauf Loft Roll 44 (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,053	0,900	0,640
Luftschicht, ruhend, aufwärts, Dicke: 25 mm	0,156	0,900	
Softwood, OSB I Weichholz, OSB 10456	0,130	0,900	0,018

Boundary Condition	$q[\text{W}/\text{m}^2]$	$\theta[{}^\circ\text{C}]$	$R[(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})/\text{W}]$	ε	$\phi[%]$
Exterior roof Außen Dach	-10,000		0,100		
Interior up. Innen auf.	20,000		0,100		
Adiabatic Adiabat	0,000				



FLOOR SLAB - GROUND LEVEL

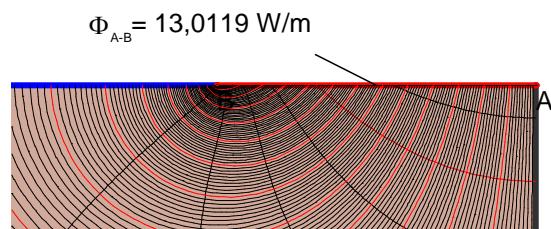


$$U_{\text{eq A-B}} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T \cdot b} = \frac{3,961}{30,000 \cdot 1,000} = 0,132 \text{ W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{K)}$$

Material	$\lambda[\text{W}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{K})]$	ε	$\delta[\text{mg}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{h}\cdot\text{Pa})]$
Concrete, 1% Steel Beton, 1% Stahl 10456	2,300	0,900	0,006
Kay-Cel EPS 200E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,041	0,900	0,640

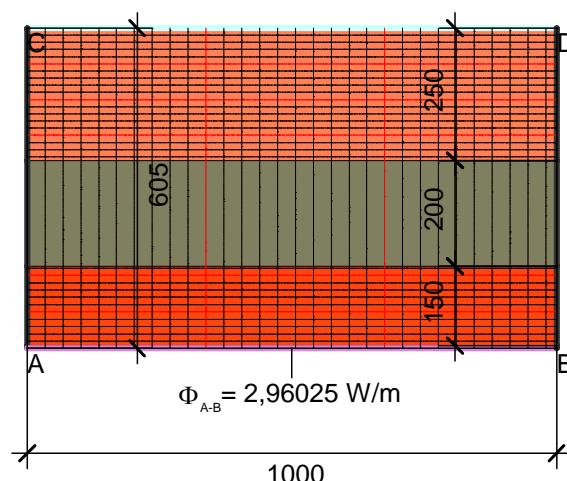
Boundary Condition	$q[\text{W}/\text{m}^2]$	$\theta[{}^\circ\text{C}]$	$R[(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})/\text{W}]$	ε	$\phi[%]$
Gorund Erdreich	-10,000				
Int. flux down Innen abwärts	20,000				
Adiabatic Adiabat	0,000				0,170

FLOOR SLAB - GROUND LEVEL EQUIVALENT SURFACE RESISTANCE CALCULATION



Boundary Condition	$q[\text{W}/\text{m}^2]$	$\theta[{}^\circ\text{C}]$	$R[(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})/\text{W}]$	ε	$\phi[%]$
EQ FS: 1/Ufs	20,000				7,576
Exterior Außen	-10,000				0,040
Adiabatic Adiabat	0,000				

BASEMENT WALL



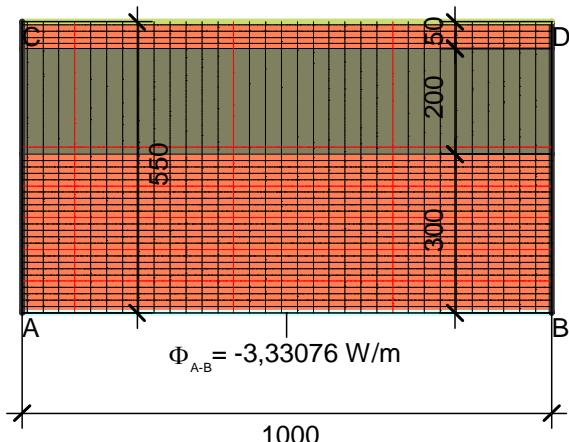
$$U_{\text{eq A-B}} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T \cdot b} = \frac{2,960}{30,000 \cdot 1,000} = 0,099 \text{ W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{K)}$$

Material	$\lambda[\text{W}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{K})]$	ε	$\delta[\text{mg}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{h}\cdot\text{Pa})]$
Concrete, 1% Steel Beton, 1% Stahl 10456	2,300	0,900	0,006
Interior plaster Gipsputz 10456	0,570	0,900	0,080
Kay-Cel EPS 200E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,041	0,900	0,640
Kay-Cel EPS 250/300E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,040	0,900	0,640

Boundary Condition	$q[\text{W}/\text{m}^2]$	$\theta[{}^\circ\text{C}]$	$R[(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})/\text{W}]$	ε	$\phi[%]$
Adiabatic Adiabat	0,000				
Gorund Erdreich	-10,000				
Interior Innen	20,000				0,130



FLOOR SLAB - BASEMENT LEVEL

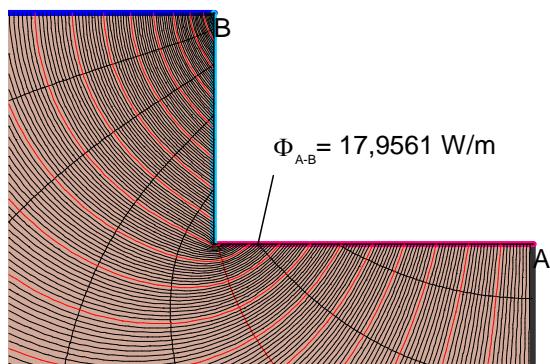


$$U_{\text{eq A-B}} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T \cdot b} = \frac{3,331}{30,000 \cdot 1,000} = 0,111 \text{ W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{K)}$$

Material	$\lambda[\text{W}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{K})]$	ε	$\delta[\text{mg}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{h}\cdot\text{Pa})]$
Concrete, 1% Steel Beton, 1% Stahl 10456	2,300	0,900	0,006
Kay-Cel EPS 250/300E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,040	0,900	0,640

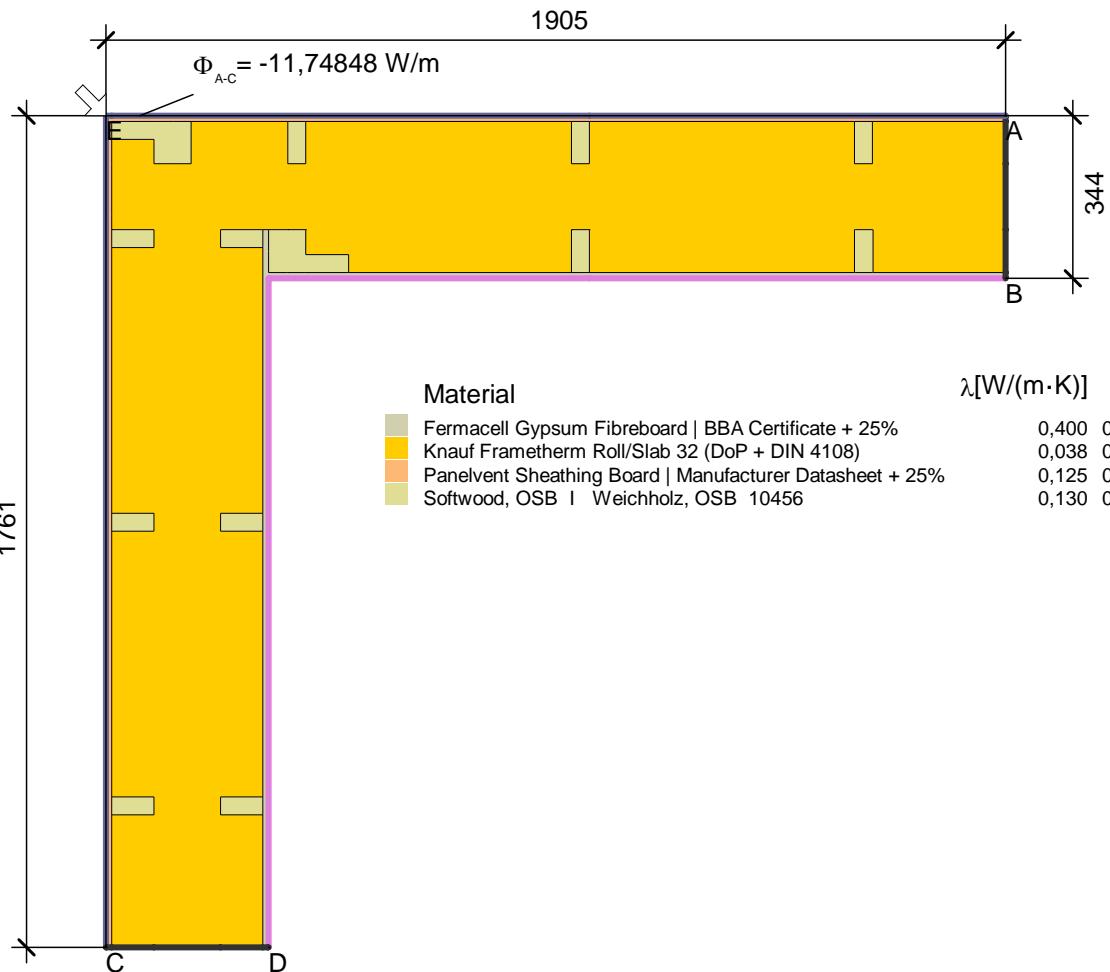
Boundary Condition	$q[\text{W}/\text{m}^2]$	$\theta[\text{C}]$	$R[(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})/\text{W}]$	ε	$\varphi[\%]$
Gorund Erdreich	-10,000				
Int. flux down Innen abwärts	20,000				
Adiabatic Adiabat	0,000				0,170

FLOOR SLAB - BASEMENT LEVEL EQUIVALENT SURFACE RESISTANCE CALCULATION

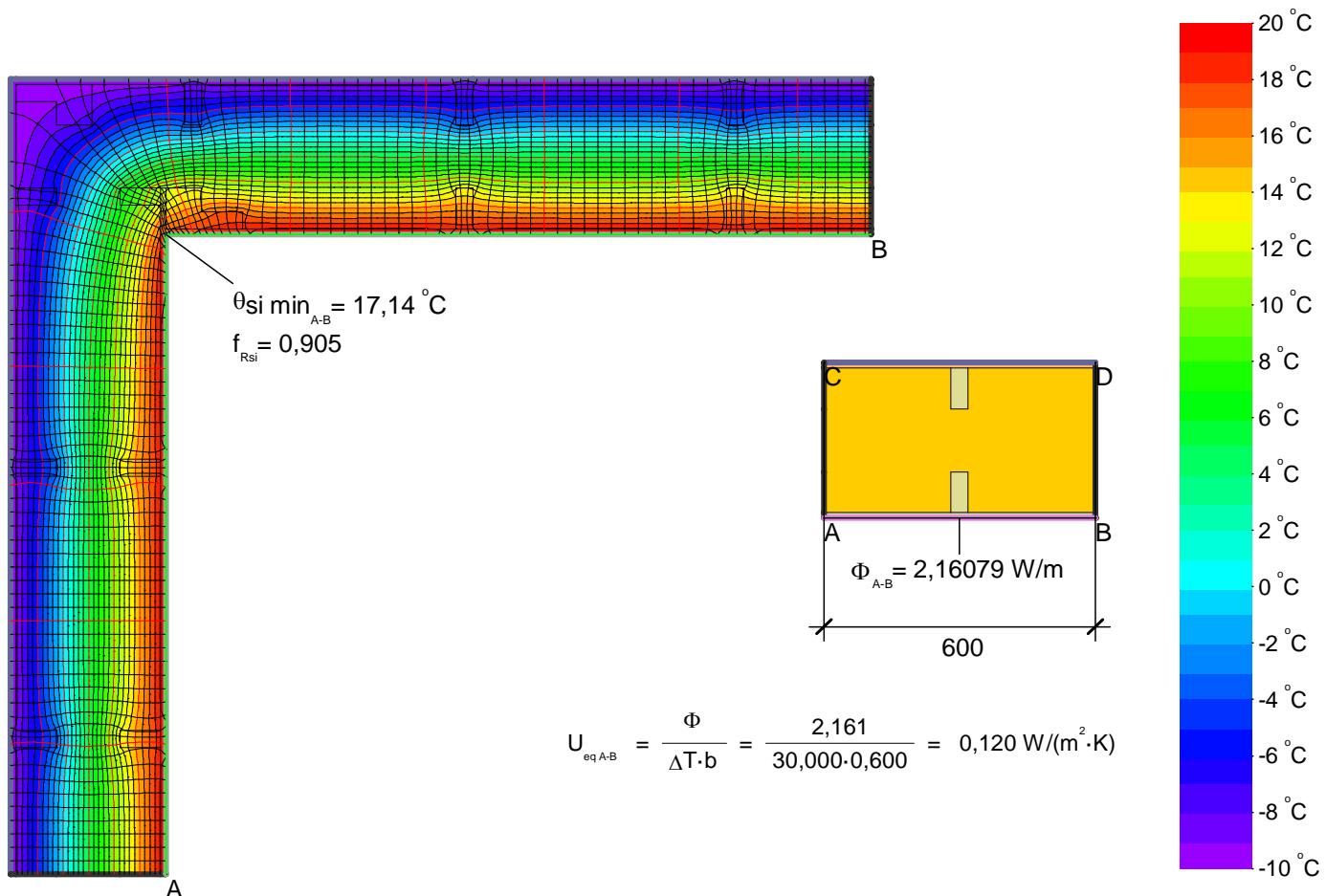


Boundary Condition	$q[\text{W}/\text{m}^2]$	$\theta[\text{C}]$	$R[(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})/\text{W}]$	ε	$\varphi[\%]$
EQ BW_basement: 1/Ufs	20,000				10,101
EQ FS_basement: 1/Ufs	20,000				9,009
Exterior Außen	-10,000				0,040
Adiabatic Adiabat	0,000				





$$\psi_{A-E-C,-} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T} - U_1 \cdot b_1 - U_2 \cdot b_2 = \frac{11,748}{30,000} - 0,120 \cdot 1,905 - 0,120 \cdot 1,761 = -0,048 \text{ W}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{K})$$



$$U_{eq A-B} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T \cdot b} = \frac{2,161}{30,000 \cdot 0,600} = 0,120 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})$$



Material

Material	$\lambda[W/(m\cdot K)]$	ε	$\delta[mg/(m\cdot h\cdot Pa)]$
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard BBA Certificate + 25%	0,400	0,900	
Knauf Frametherm Roll/Slab 32 (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,038	0,900	
Panelvent Sheathing Board Manufacturer Datasheet + 25%	0,125	0,900	
Softwood, OSB Weichholz, OSB 10456	0,130	0,900	

$\Phi_{A-B} = -11,61037 \text{ W/m}$

1557

1417

$$\Phi_{A-B} = -11,61037 \text{ W/m}$$

345

D

C

$$\psi_{A-E-C,*} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T} - U_1 \cdot b_1 - U_2 \cdot b_2 = \frac{11,610}{30,000} - 0,120 \cdot 1,557 - 0,120 \cdot 1,417 = 0,030 \text{ W/(m}\cdot\text{K)}$$

20 °C

18 °C

16 °C

14 °C

12 °C

10 °C

8 °C

6 °C

4 °C

2 °C

0 °C

-2 °C

-4 °C

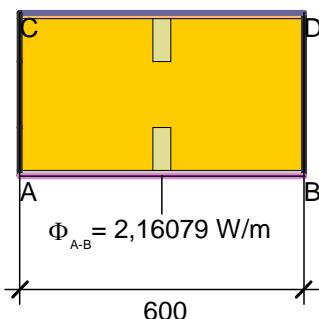
-6 °C

-8 °C

-10 °C

$\theta_{si \min_{A-B}} = 18,75 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

$f_{Rsi} = 0,958$



$\theta_{si \min_{A-B}} = 18,75 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

$f_{Rsi} = 0,958$

$$U_{eq A-B} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T \cdot b} = \frac{2,161}{30,000 \cdot 0,600} = 0,120 \text{ W/(m}^2\cdot\text{K)}$$

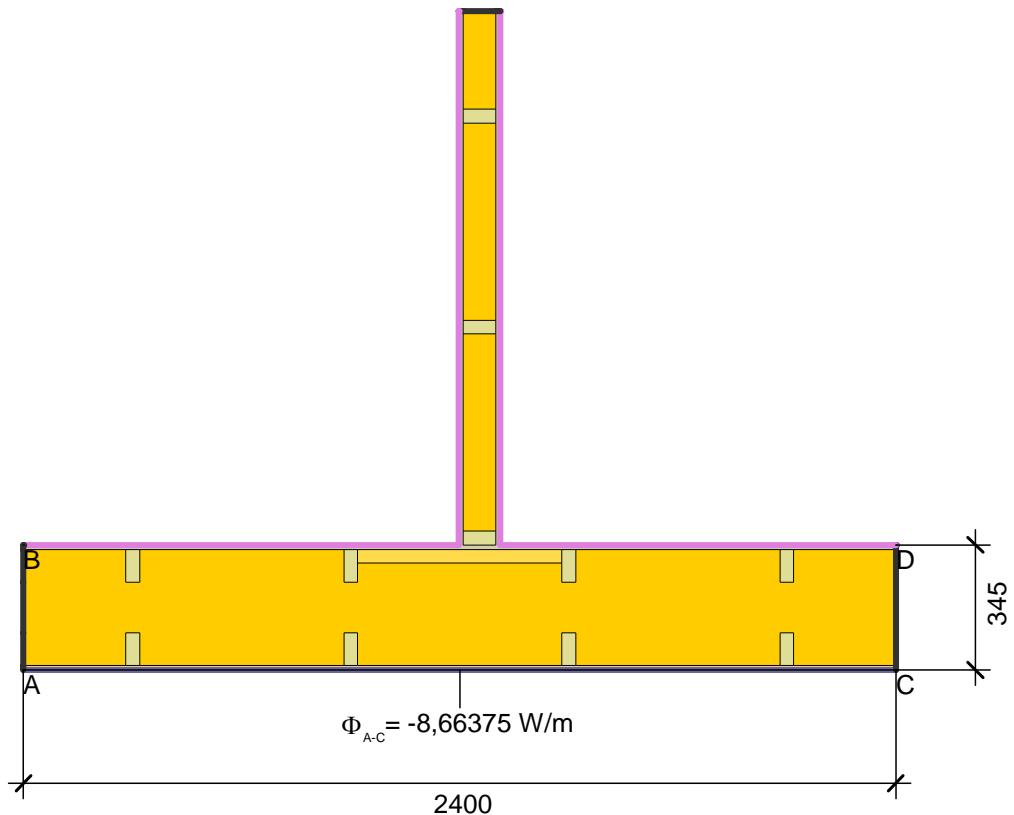
A

B

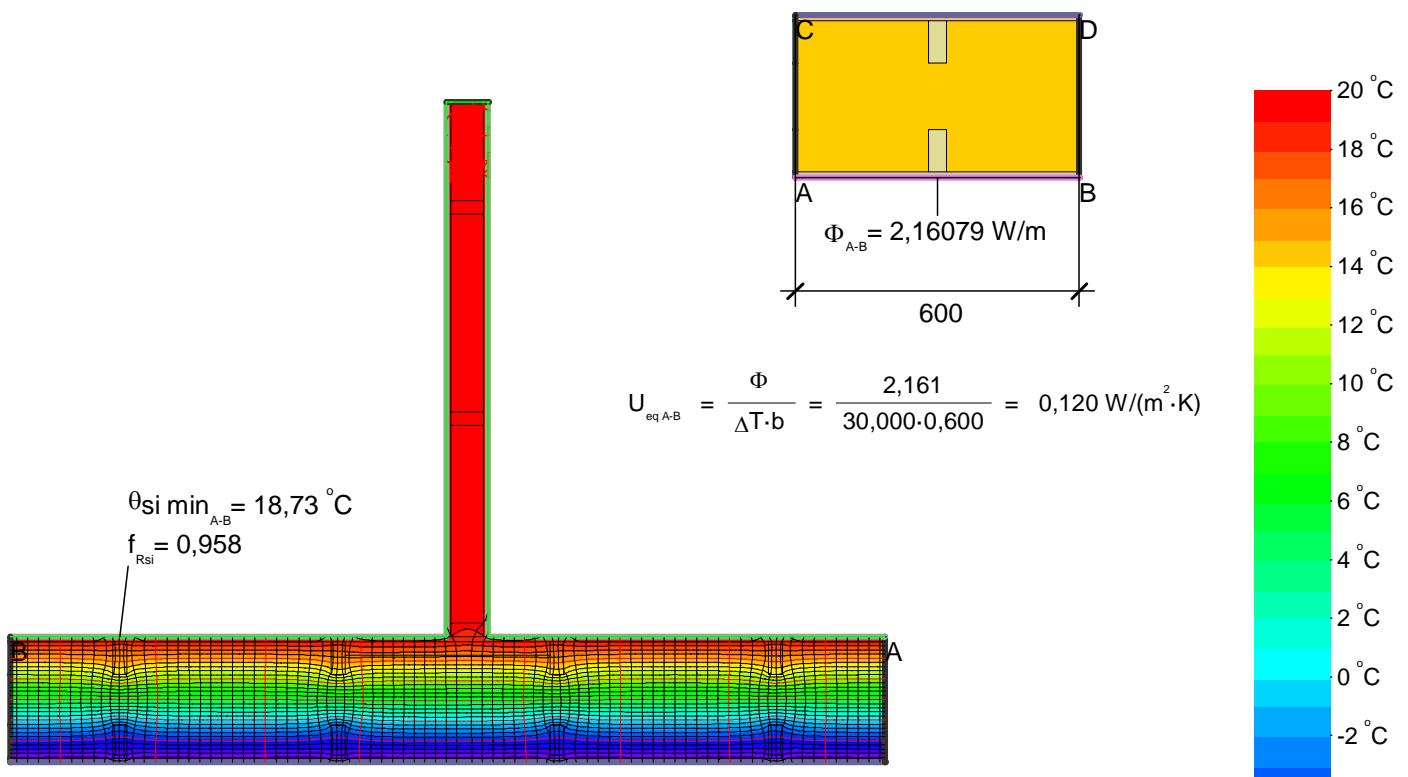
A

B





$$\psi_{A-C,-} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T} - U_i \cdot b_i = \frac{8,664}{30,000} - 0,120 \cdot 2,400 = 0,001 \text{ W/(m}\cdot\text{K)}$$



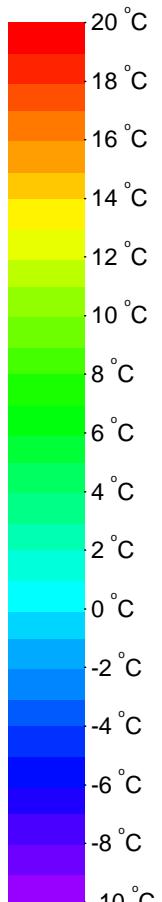
$$U_{eq A-B} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T \cdot b} = \frac{2,161}{30,000 \cdot 0,600} = 0,120 \text{ W/(m}^2\cdot\text{K)}$$

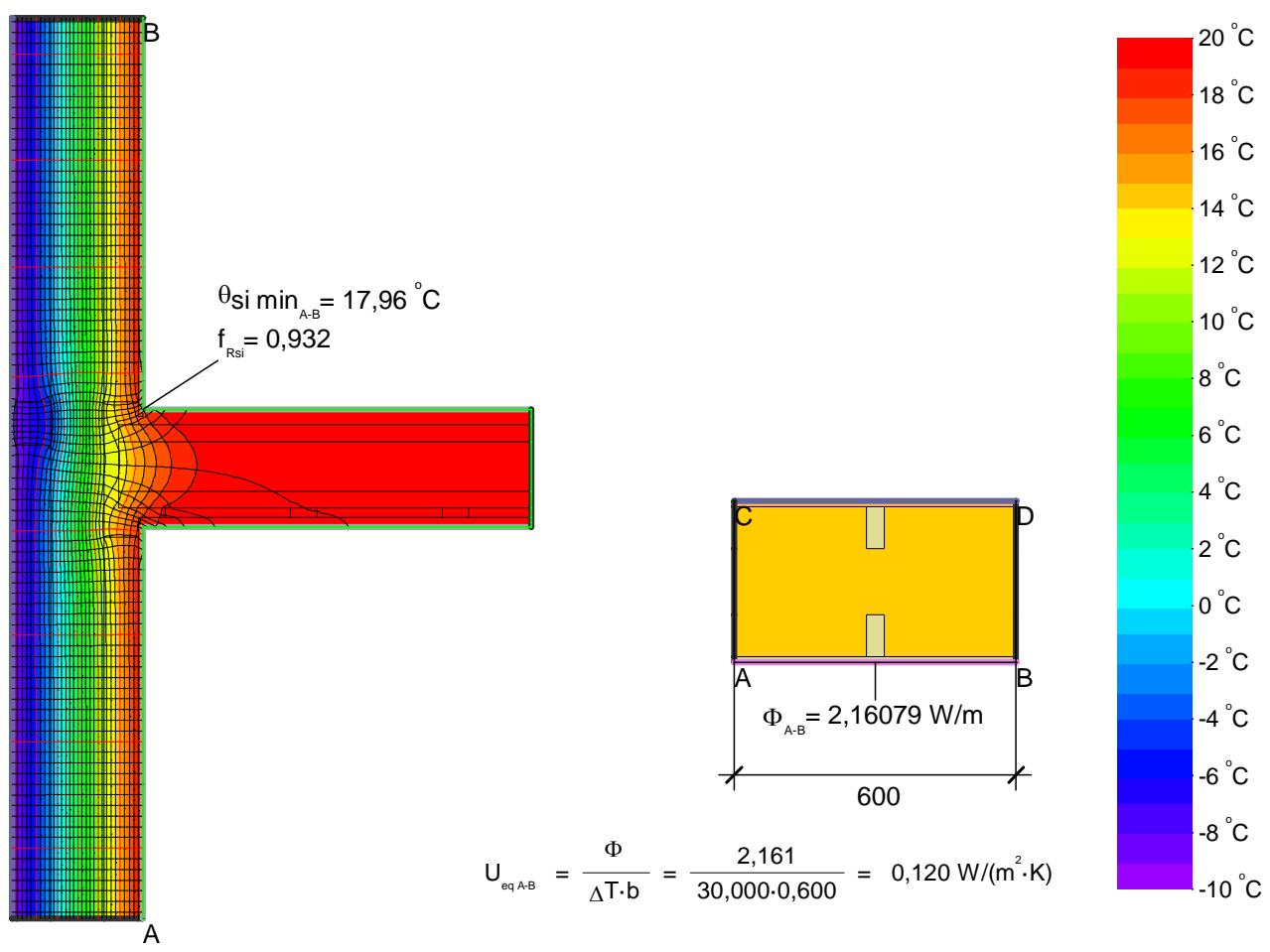
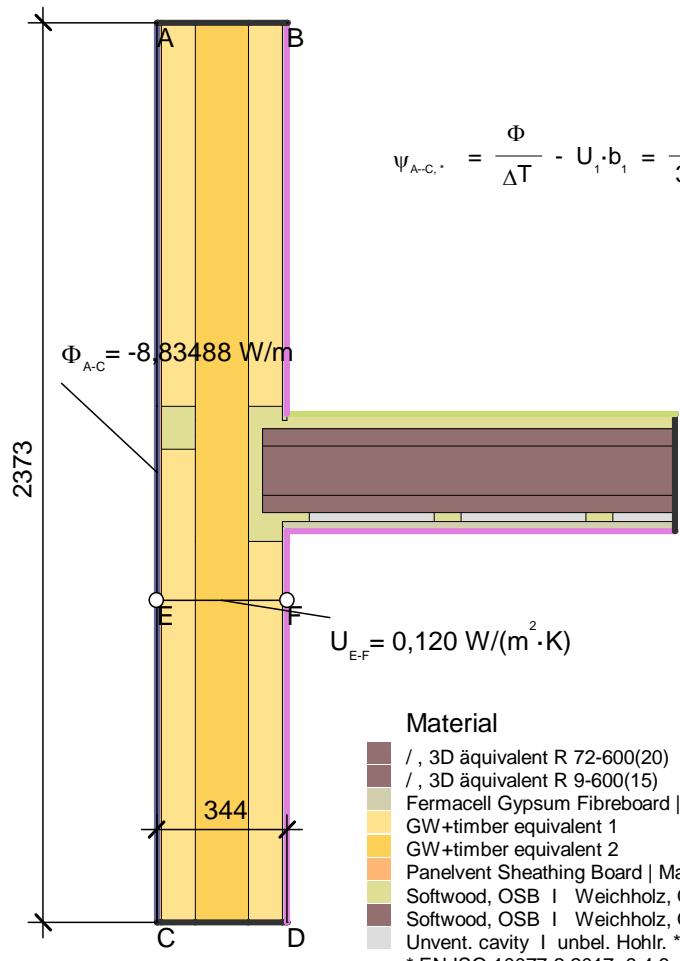
$\theta_{si \min A-B} = 18,73 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

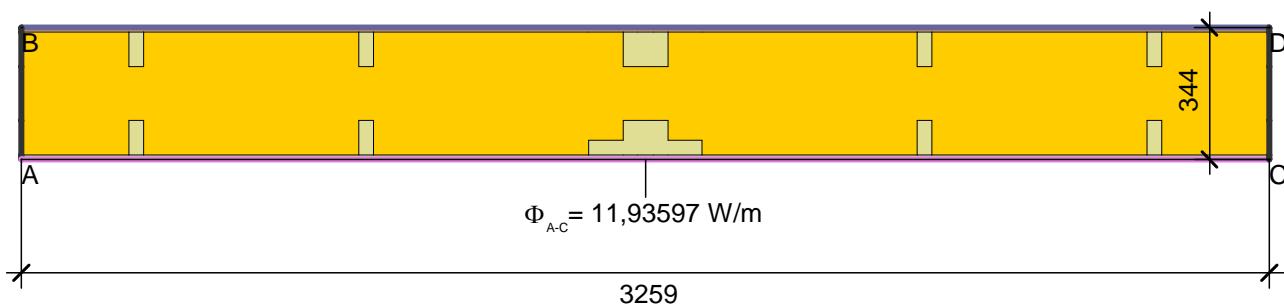
$f_{Rsi} = 0,958$

Material

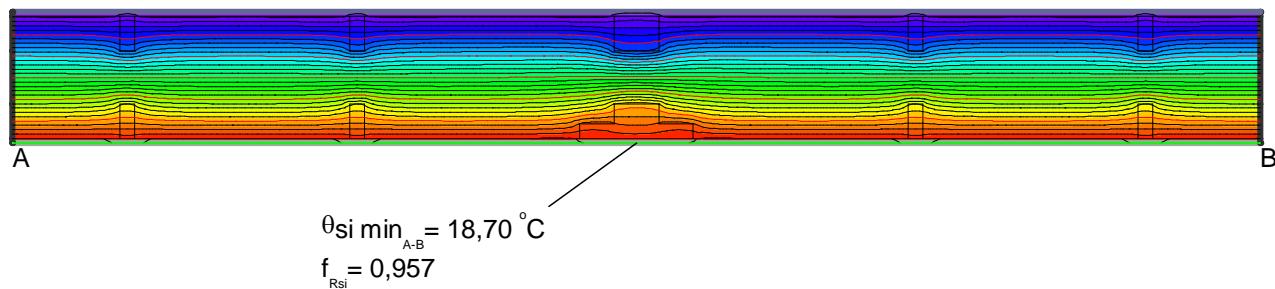
	$\lambda [\text{W}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{K})]$	ε	$\delta [\text{mg}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{h}\cdot\text{Pa})]$
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard BBA Certificate + 25%	0,400	0,900	
Knauf Frametherm Roll/Slab 32 (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,038	0,900	
Panelvent Sheathing Board Manufacturer Datasheet + 25%	0,125	0,900	
Softwood, OSB I Weichholz, OSB 10456	0,130	0,900	0,018







$$\psi_{A-C,*} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T} - U_1 \cdot b_1 = \frac{11,936}{30,000} - 0,120 \cdot 3,259 = 0,007 \text{ W/(m}\cdot\text{K)}$$

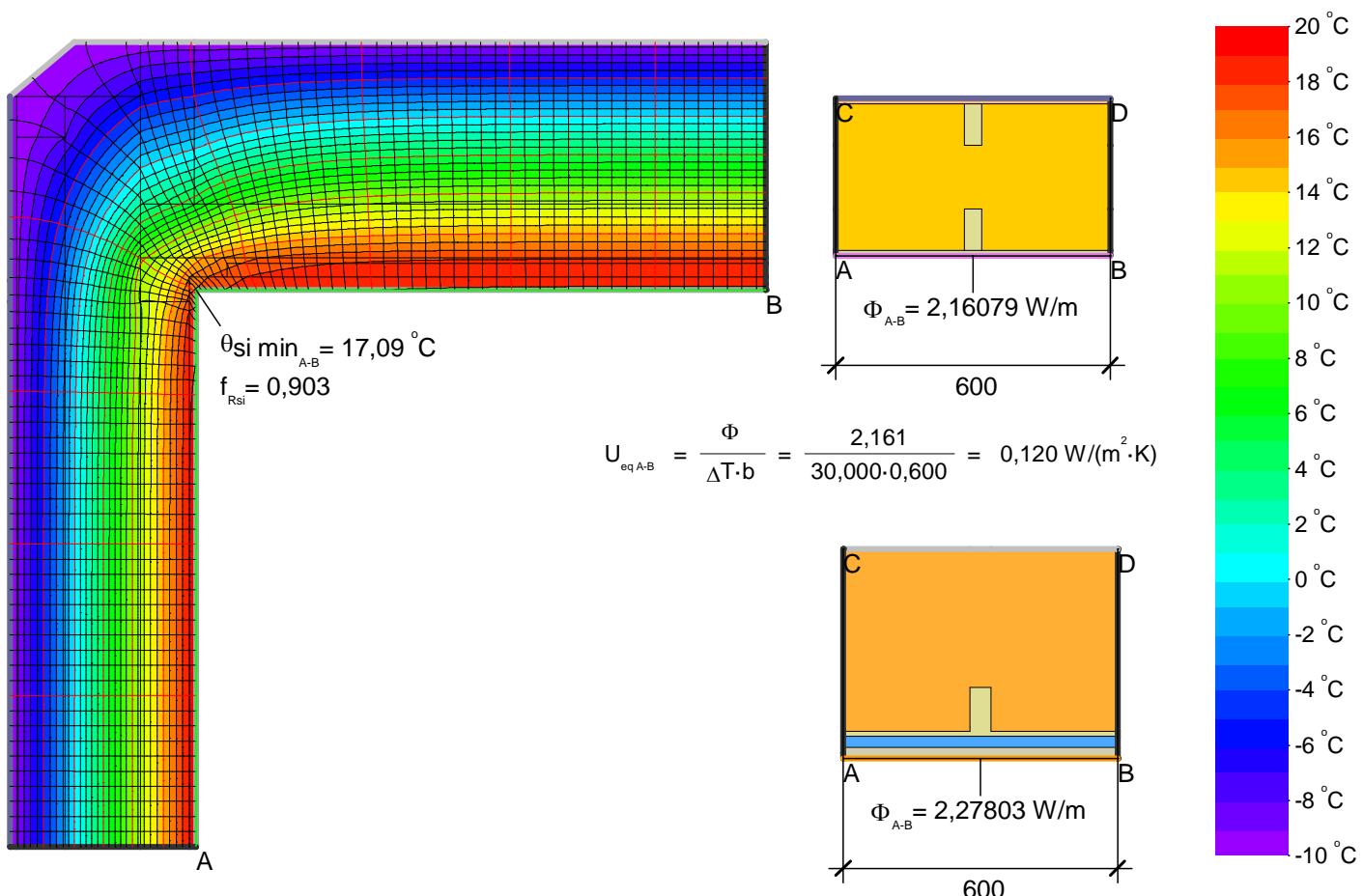
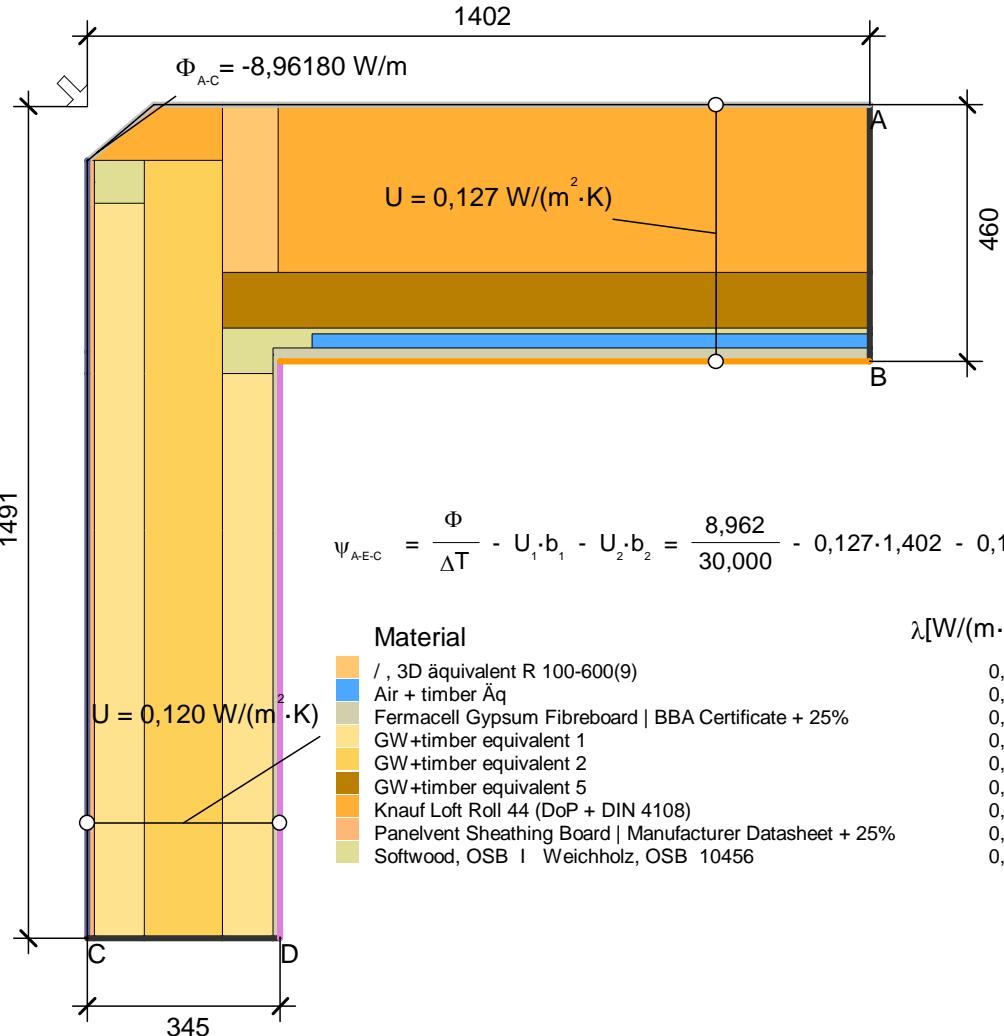


Material

	$\lambda[W/(m\cdot K)]$	ε	$\delta[mg/(m\cdot h\cdot Pa)]$
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard BBA Certificate + 25%	0,400	0,900	
Knauf Frametherm Roll/Slab 32 (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,038	0,900	
Panelvent Sheathing Board Manufacturer Datasheet + 25%	0,125	0,900	
Softwood, OSB I Weichholz, OSB 10456	0,130	0,900	0,018

$\Phi_{A-B} = 2,16079 \text{ W/m}$

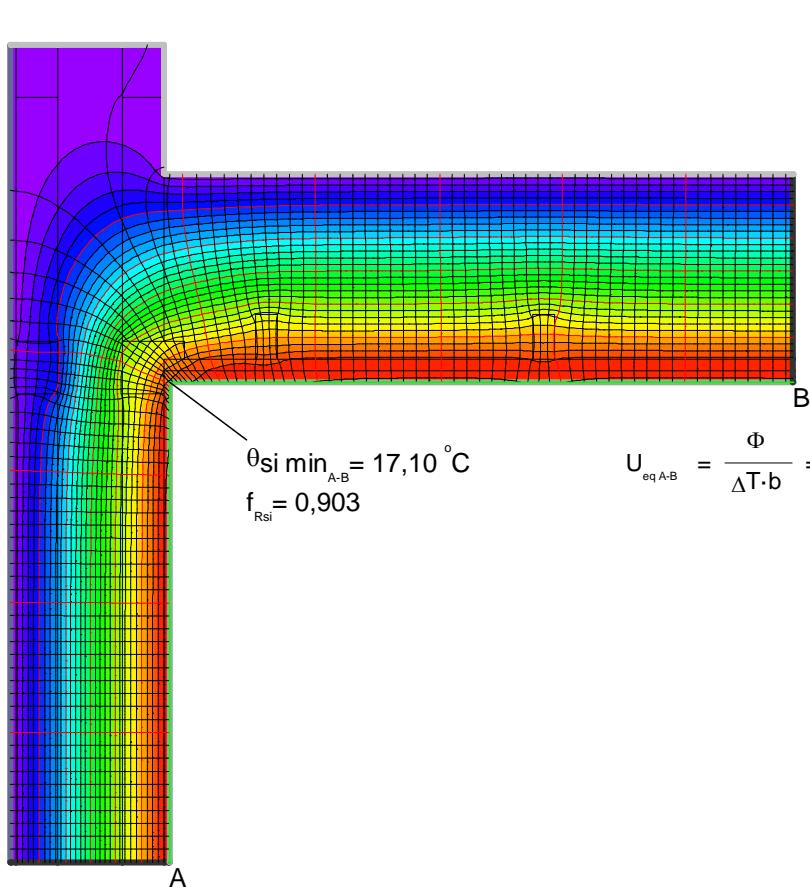
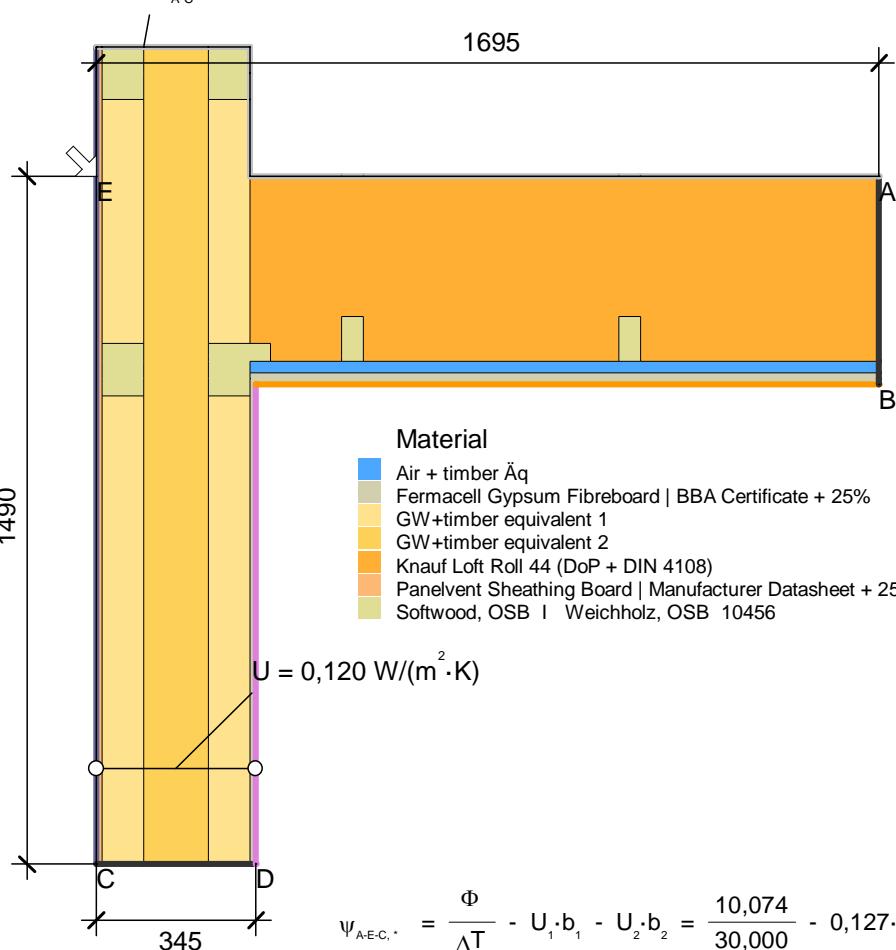
$$U_{eq A-B} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T \cdot b} = \frac{2,161}{30,000 \cdot 0,600} = 0,120 \text{ W/(m}^2\text{·K)}$$



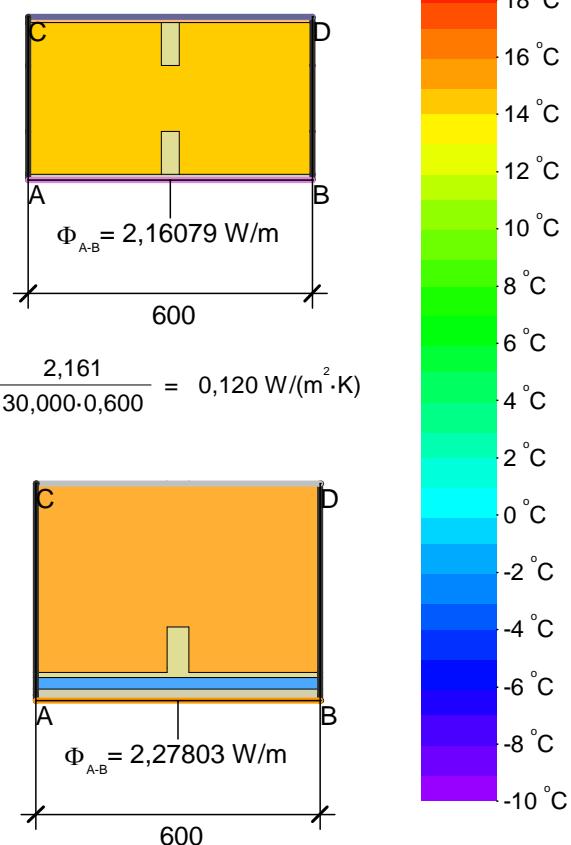
$$U_{eq A-B} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T \cdot b} = \frac{2,278}{30,000 \cdot 0,600} = 0,127 \text{ W/(m}^2\cdot\text{K)}$$



$\Phi_{A-C} = -10,07380 \text{ W/m}$

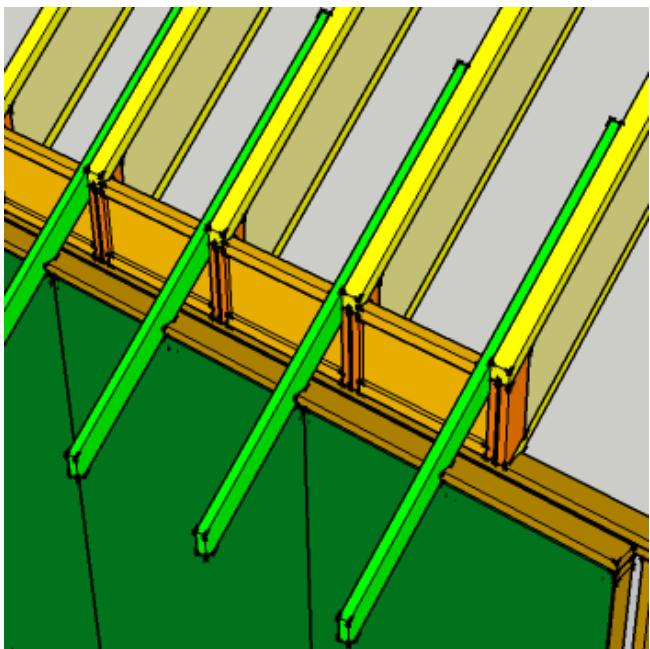


$$U_{eq A-B} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T \cdot b} = \frac{2,161}{30,000 \cdot 0,600} = 0,120 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})$$

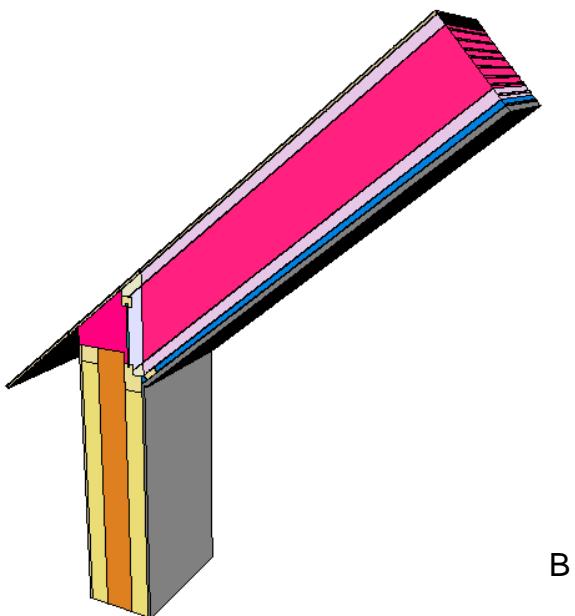


$$U_{eq A-B} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T \cdot b} = \frac{2,278}{30,000 \cdot 0,600} = 0,127 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})$$

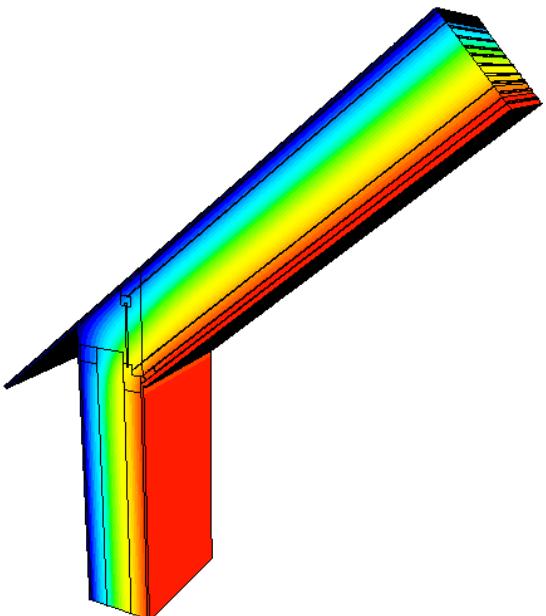




A



B



C

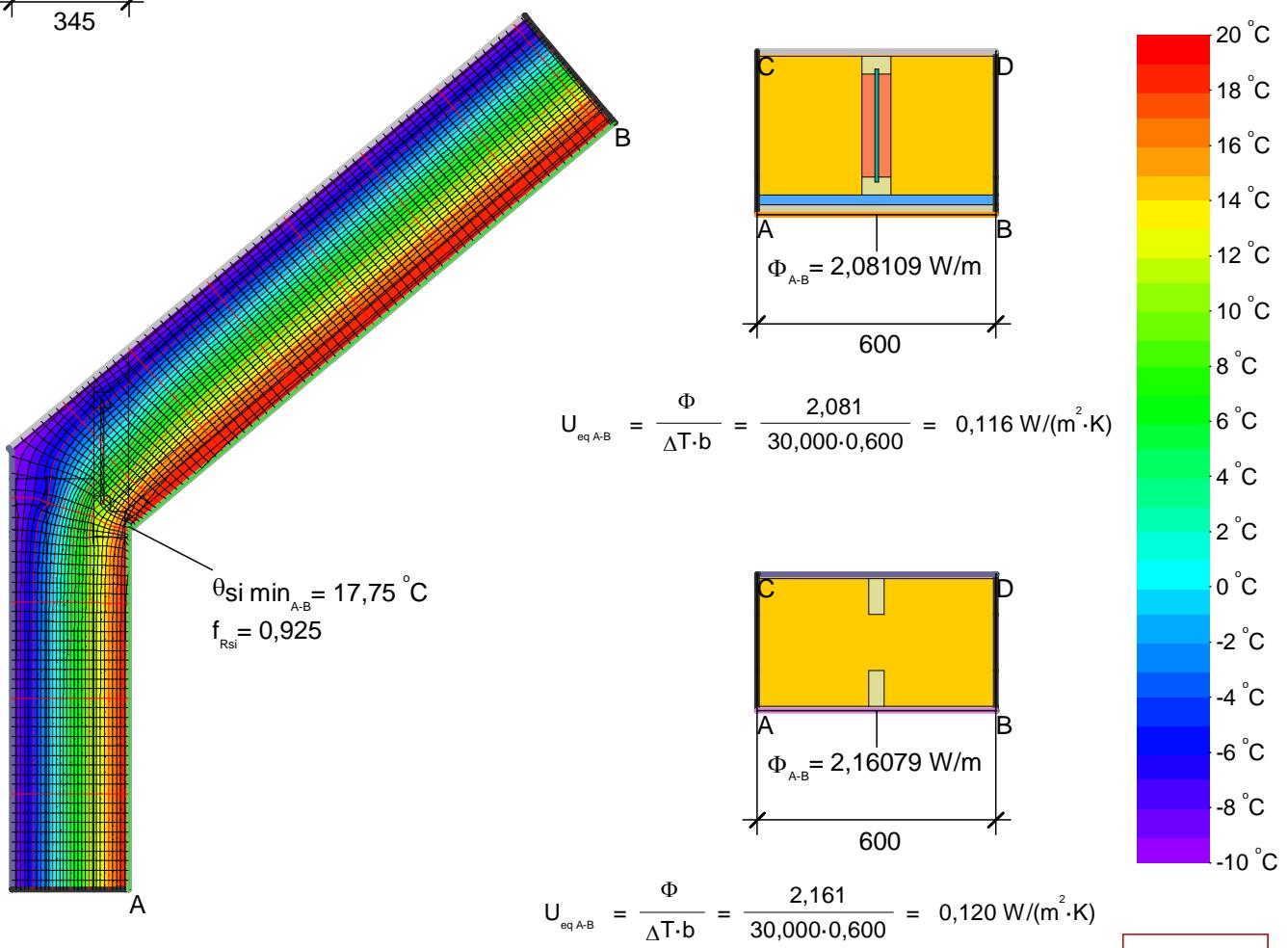
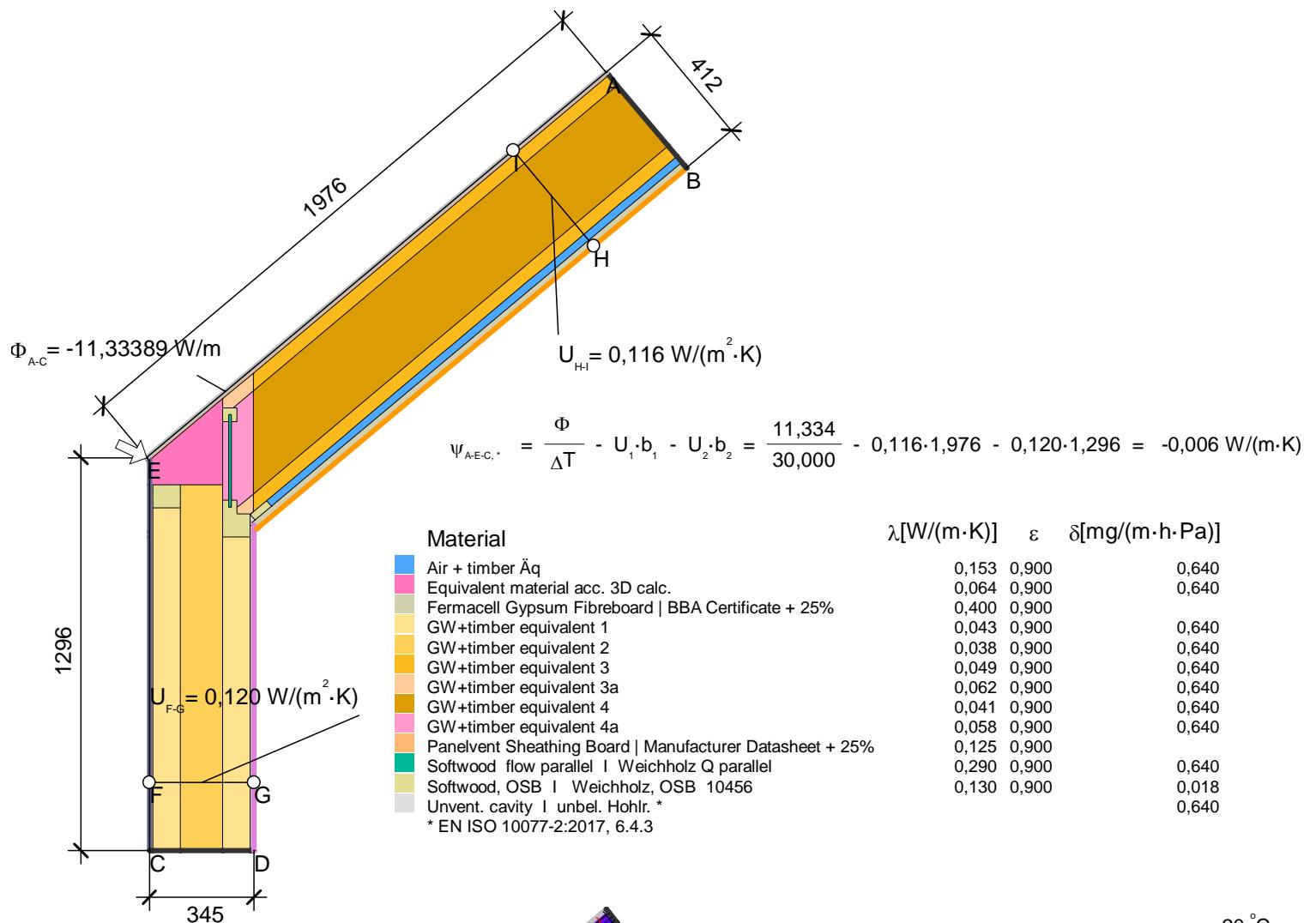
The roof assembly of THEPASSIVHAUS include rafter extensions, comprising 90 mm x 38 mm timber elements, fastened laterally to the timber I-beam rafters. The elements are 1820 mm long in total, and protrude past the external wall elements by 600 mm.

The extensions must be modelled in three-dimensions in order that their thermal effect can be taken into account in standard two-dimensional modelling according to ISO 10211 using an equivalent thermal conductivity at the point of intersection. To this end, two three-dimensional models were constructed using the information provided by Advanced Housing Systems (A), one including the timber extensions and one with a replacement 'block' at the point of intersection (B - highlighted).

The heat flow was measured through the former and was found to be 7,20 W; the isothermal distribution of the model is shown by (C) and the thermal conductivities used can be found in the materials legend on the following page.

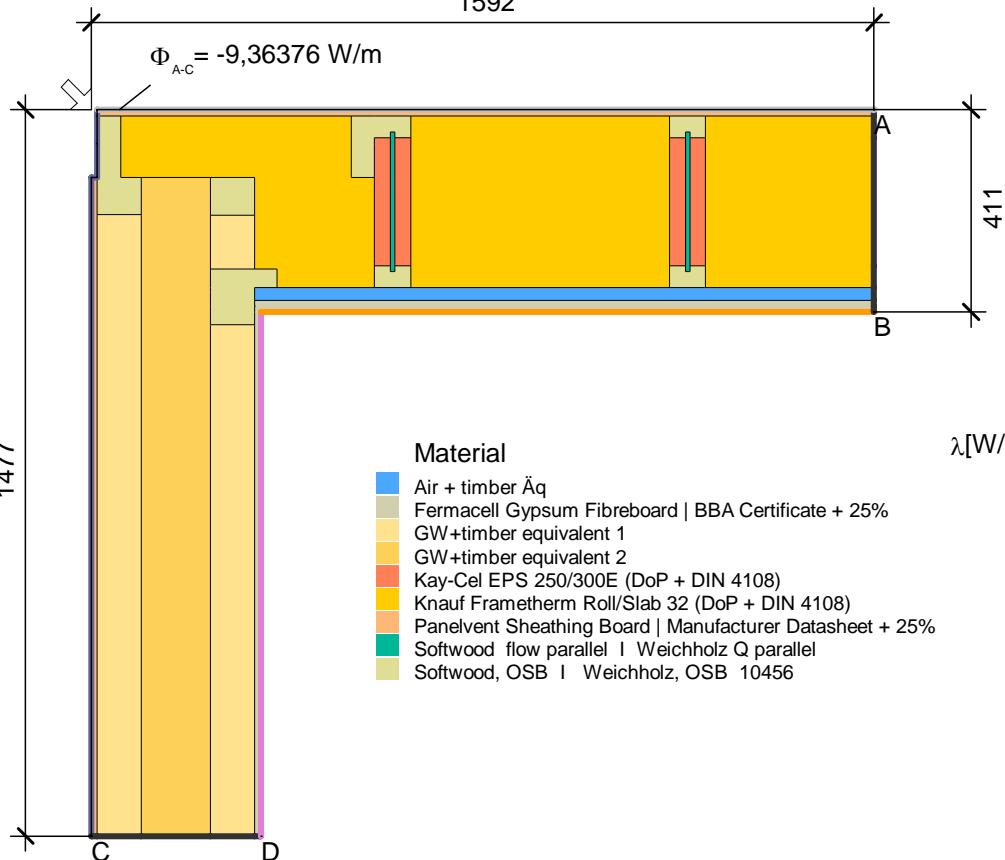
The thermal conductivity of the replacement block in the latter was then adjusted to achieve the same heat flow; the equivalent thermal conductivity was found to be 0,064 W/(mK). Its use in the two-dimensional modelling of the intersection can be seen on the following page.



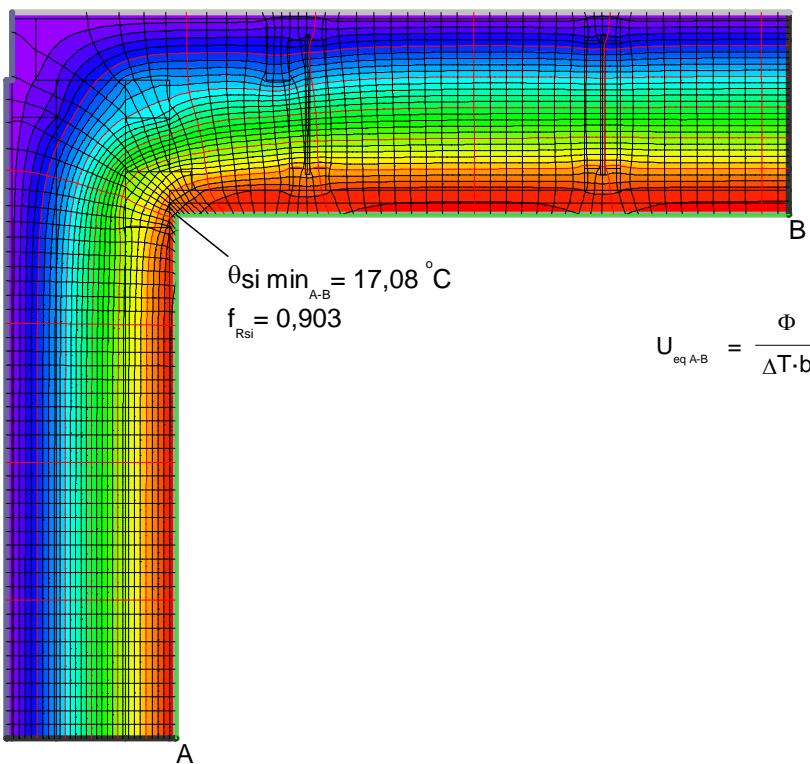


1592

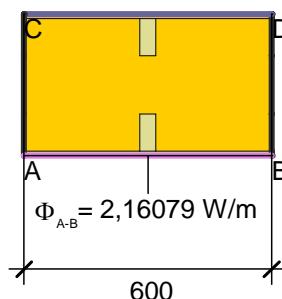
$$\Phi_{A-C} = -9,36376 \text{ W/m}$$



$$\psi_{A-E-C,-} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T} - U_1 \cdot b_1 - U_2 \cdot b_2 = \frac{9,364}{30,000} - 0,116 \cdot 1,592 - 0,120 \cdot 1,477 = -0,049 \text{ W}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{K})$$



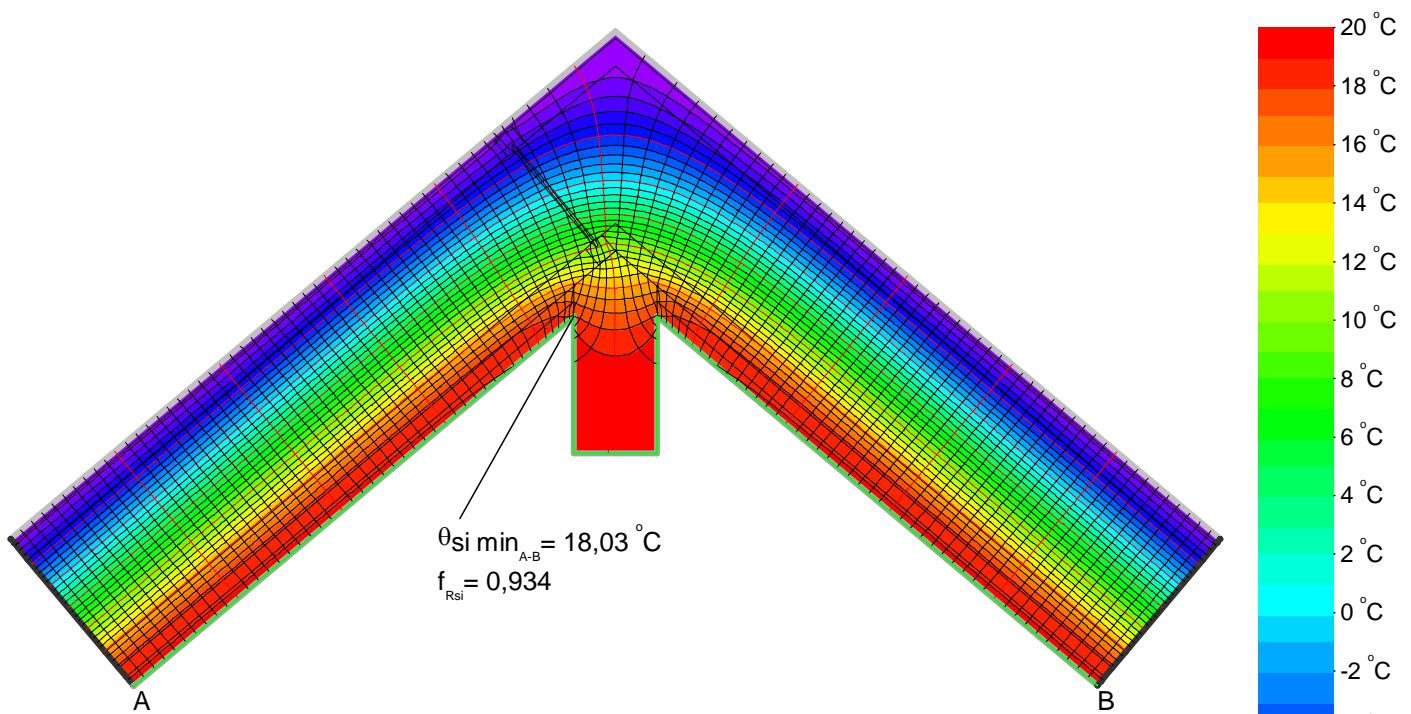
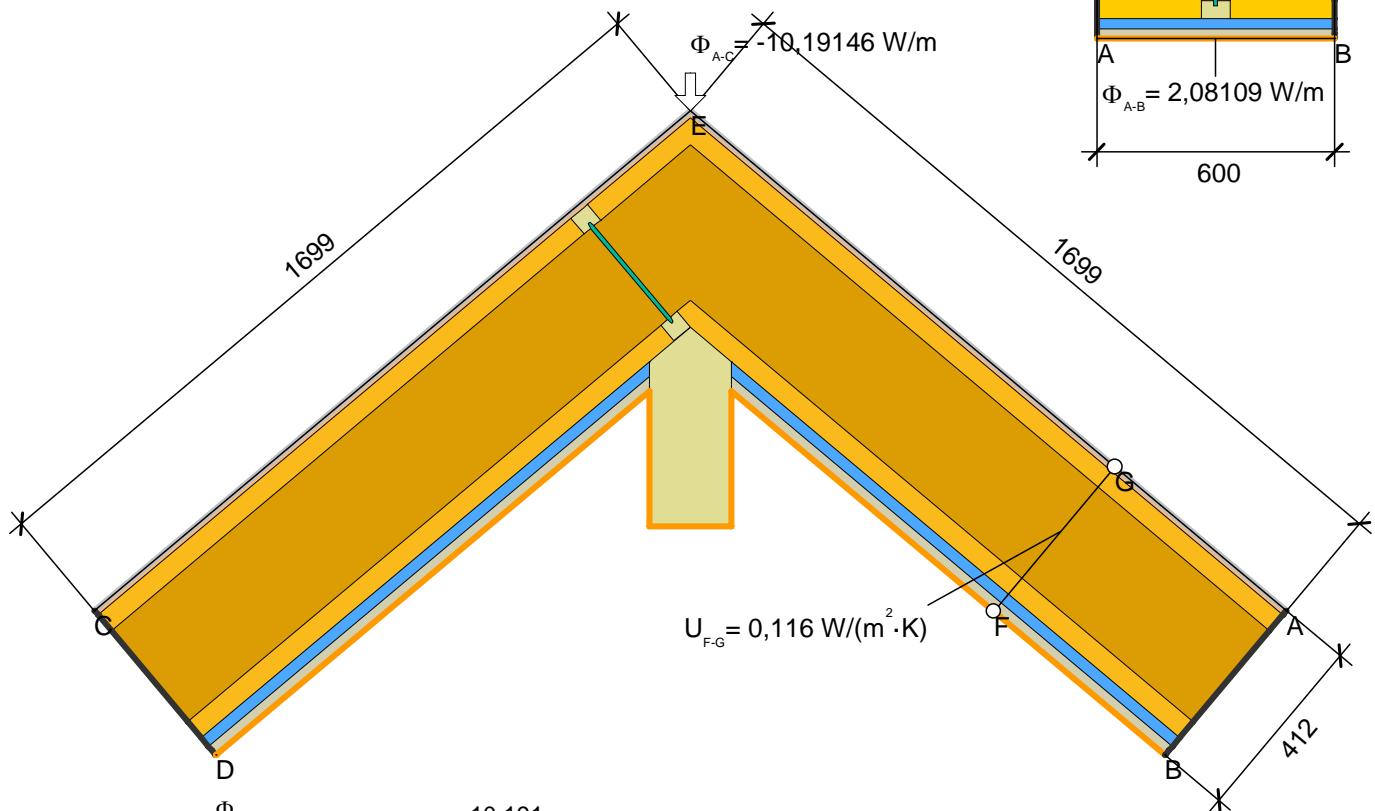
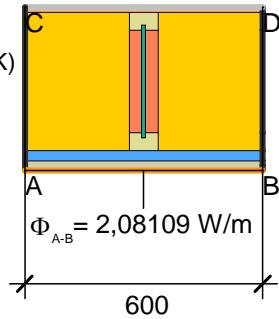
$$U_{eq A-B} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T \cdot b} = \frac{2,081}{30,000 \cdot 0,600} = 0,116 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})$$



$$U_{eq A-B} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T \cdot b} = \frac{2,161}{30,000 \cdot 0,600} = 0,120 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})$$



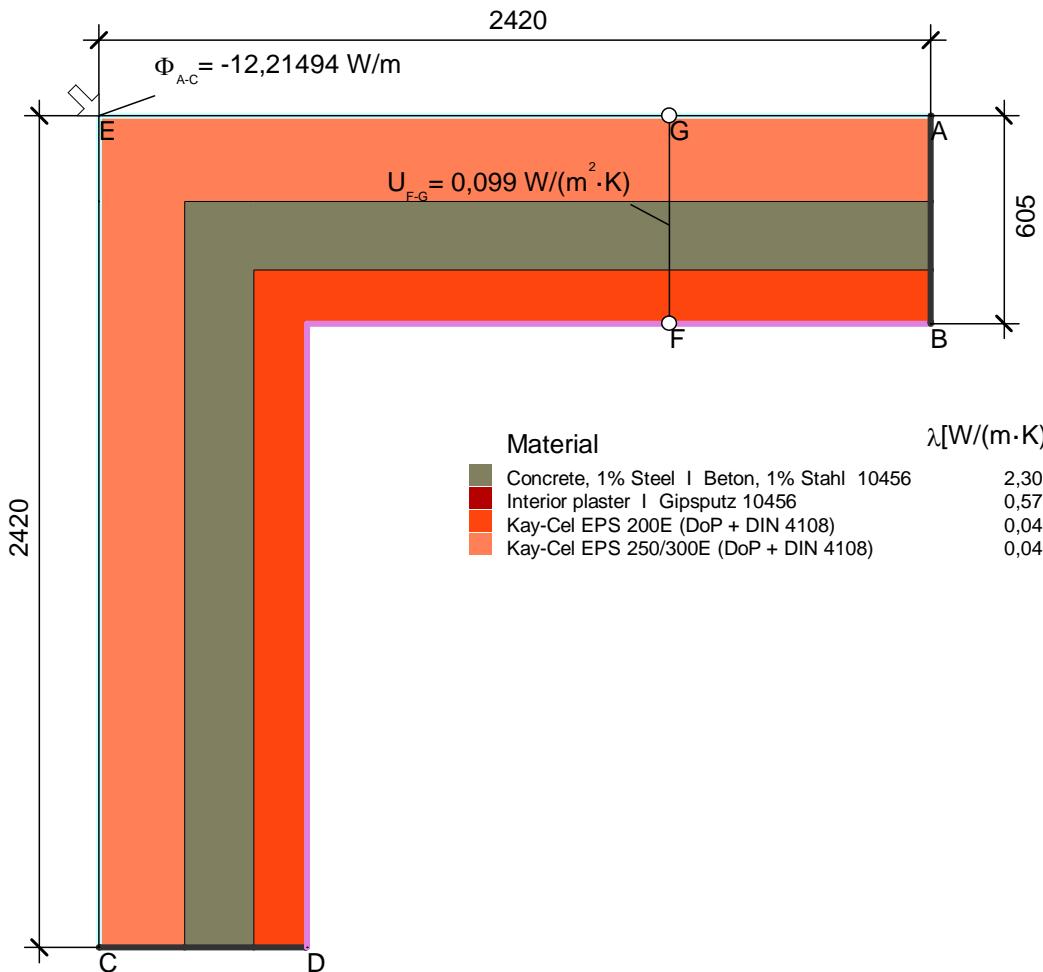
$$U_{eq\ A-B} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T \cdot b} = \frac{2,081}{30,000 \cdot 0,600} = 0,116 \text{ W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{K)}$$



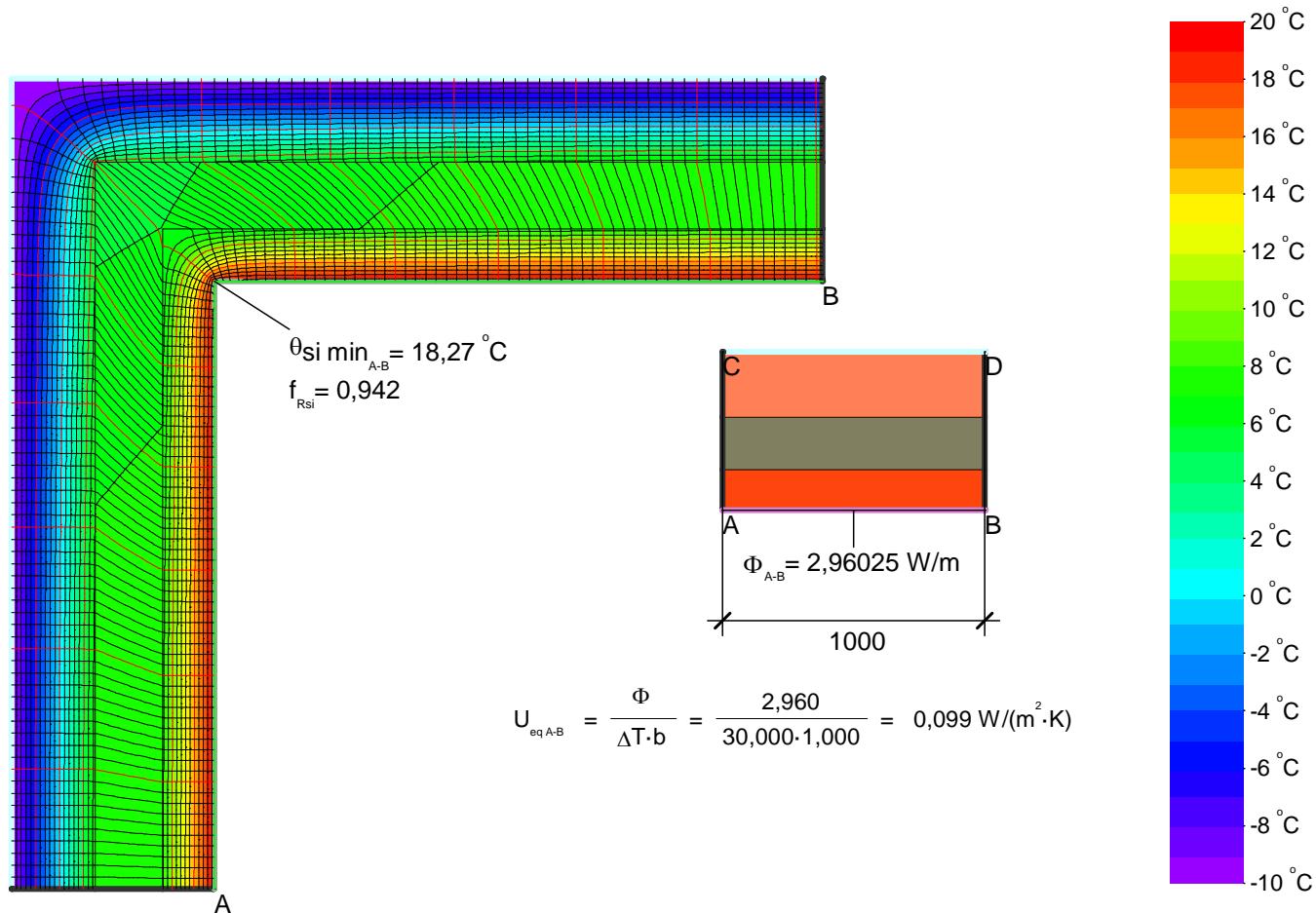
Material

	$\lambda [\text{W}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{K})]$	ε	$\delta [\text{mg}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{h}\cdot\text{Pa})]$
Air + timber Äq	0,153	0,900	0,640
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard BBA Certificate + 25%	0,400	0,900	0,640
GW+timber equivalent 3	0,049	0,900	0,640
GW+timber equivalent 4	0,041	0,900	0,640
Panelvent Sheathing Board Manufacturer Datasheet + 25%	0,125	0,900	0,640
Softwood flow parallel Weichholz Q parallel	0,290	0,900	0,640
Softwood, OSB Weichholz, OSB 10456	0,130	0,900	0,018



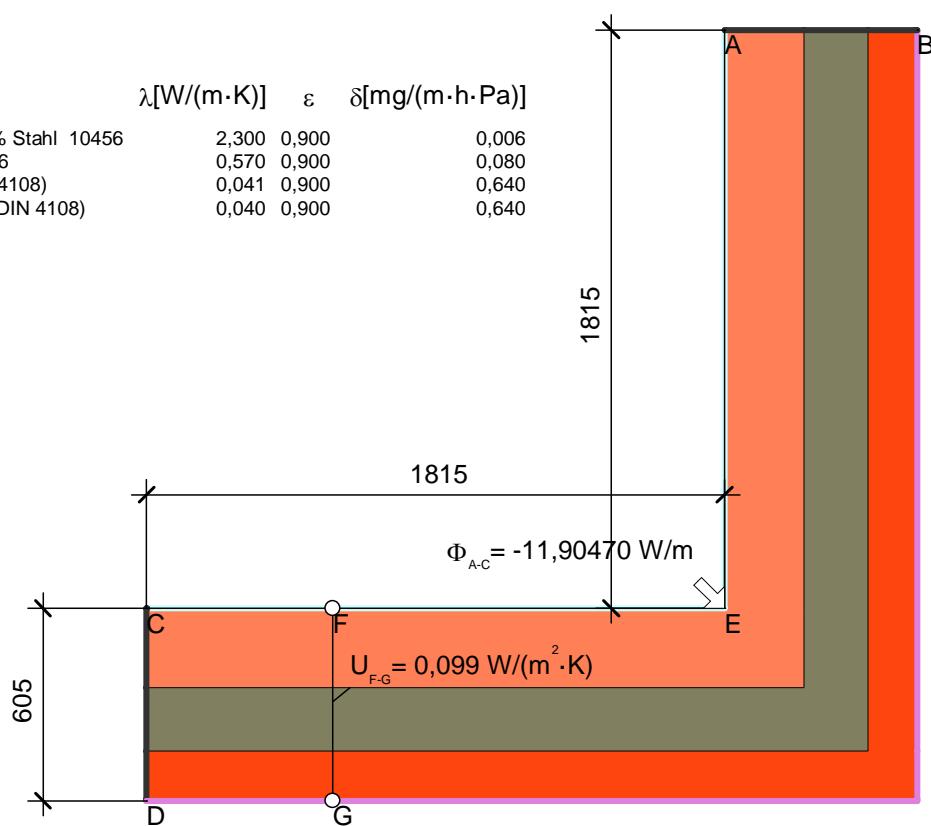


$$\psi_{A-E-C, \dots} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T} - U_1 \cdot b_1 - U_2 \cdot b_2 = \frac{12,215}{30,000} - 0,099 \cdot 2,420 - 0,099 \cdot 2,420 = -0,070 \text{ W}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{K})$$

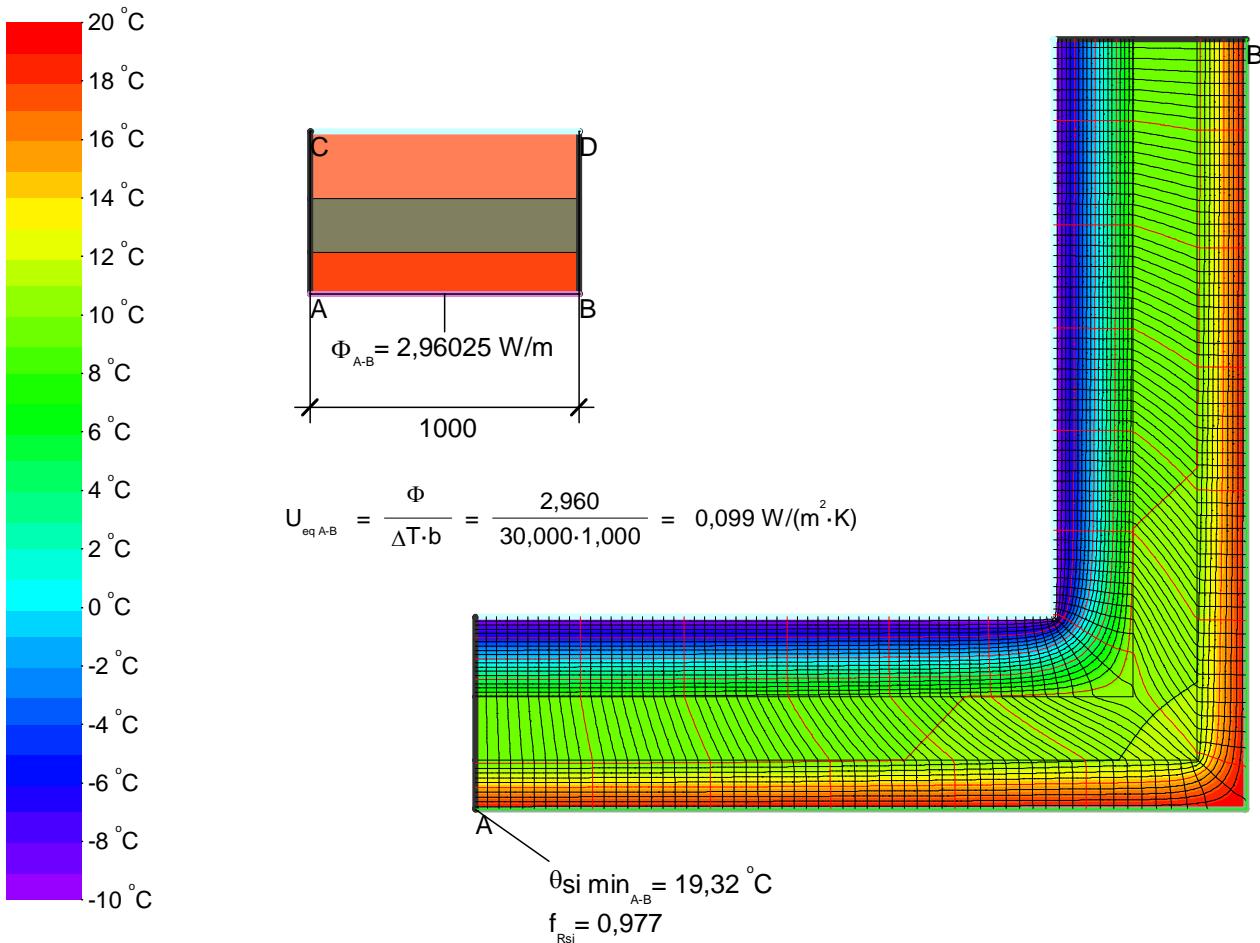


Material

	$\lambda [W/(m \cdot K)]$	ε	$\delta [mg/(m \cdot h \cdot Pa)]$
Concrete, 1% Steel Beton, 1% Stahl 10456	2,300	0,900	0,006
Interior plaster Gipsputz 10456	0,570	0,900	0,080
Kay-Cel EPS 200E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,041	0,900	0,640
Kay-Cel EPS 250/300E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,040	0,900	0,640



$$\psi_{A-E-C, \cdot} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T} - U_1 \cdot b_1 - U_2 \cdot b_2 = \frac{11,905}{30,000} - 0,099 \cdot 1,815 - 0,099 \cdot 1,815 = 0,039 \text{ W/(m} \cdot \text{K})$$

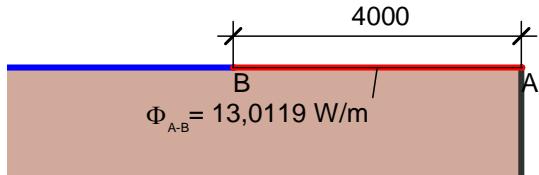
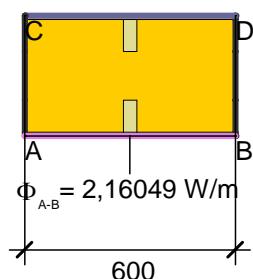


$$\theta_{si \min}^{A-B} = 19,32 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$f_{Rsi} = 0,977$$



$$U_{eq\ A-B} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T \cdot b} = \frac{2,160}{30,000 \cdot 0,600} = 0,120 \text{ W/(m}^2\cdot\text{K)}$$

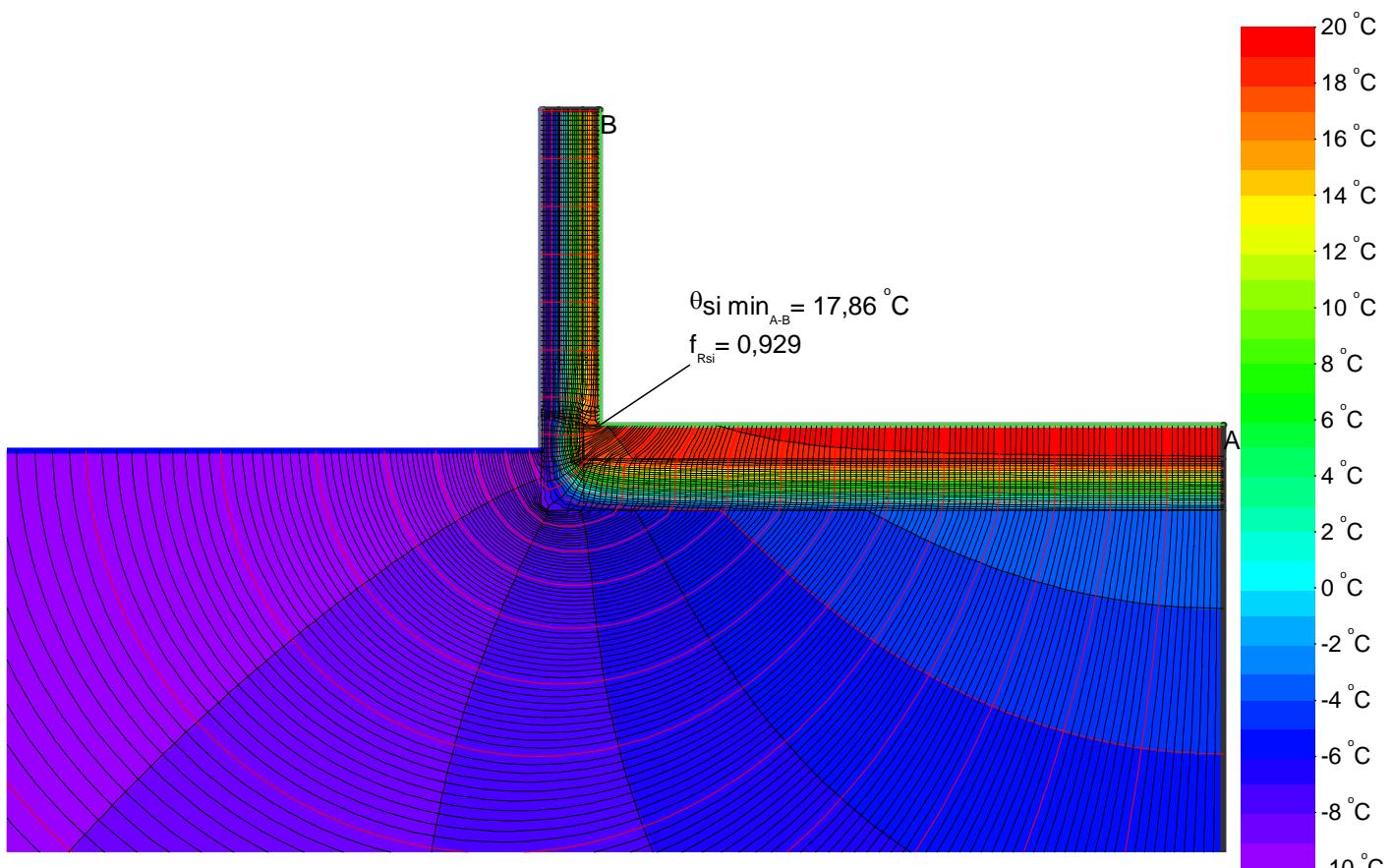


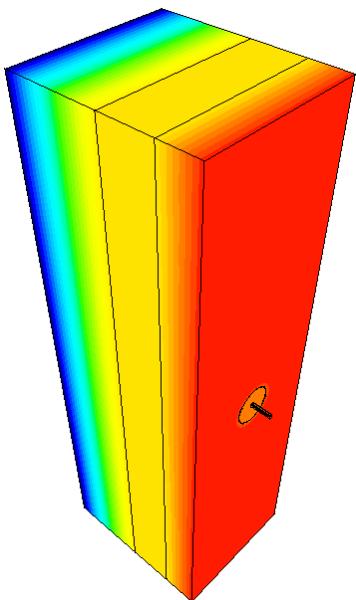
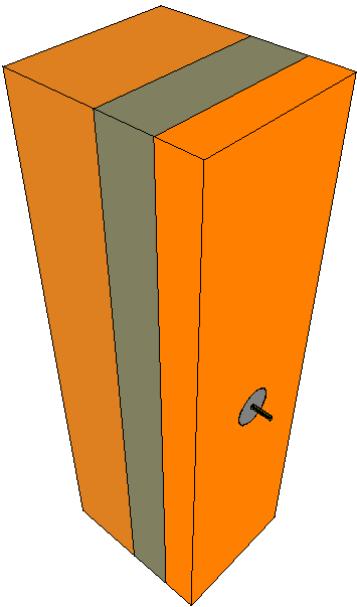
	Boundary Condition	$q[\text{W/m}^2]$	$\theta[^\circ\text{C}]$	$R[(\text{m}^2\cdot\text{K})/\text{W}]$	ε	$\varphi[\%]$
Adiabatic Adiabat		0,000				
EQ FS: 1/Ufs		20,000				7,576
Exterior Außen		-10,000				0,040

$$\Phi_{A-C} = 20,27418 \text{ W/m}$$

$$\psi_{A-E-C,-} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T} - \frac{\Phi_1}{\Delta T} - U_2 \cdot b_2 = \frac{20,274}{30,000} - \frac{13,012}{30,000} - 0,120 \cdot 2,350 = -0,040 \text{ W/(m}\cdot\text{K)}$$

Material	$\lambda[\text{W/(m}\cdot\text{K)}]$	ε	$\delta[\text{mg}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{h}\cdot\text{Pa})]$
Concrete, 1% Steel Beton, 1% Stahl 10456	2,300	0,900	0,006
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard BBA Certificate + 25%	0,400	0,900	
GW+timber equivalent 1	0,043	0,900	0,640
GW+timber equivalent 2	0,038	0,900	0,640
Ground Erdreich	2,000	0,900	0,013
Kay-Cel EPS 200E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,041	0,900	0,640
Kay-Cel EPS 250/300E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,040	0,900	0,640
Panelvent Sheathing Board Manufacturer Datasheet + 25%	0,125	0,900	
Softwood, OSB Weichholz, OSB 10456	0,130	0,900	0,018

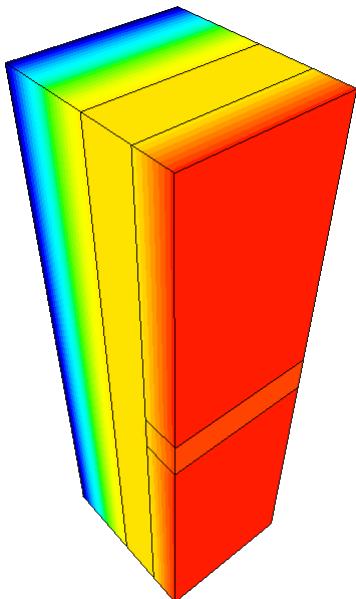
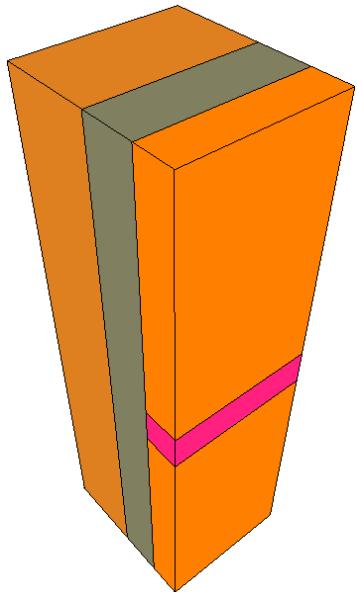




Model A, reflecting the real construction

At the junction between concrete formwork basement wall and lightweight timber basement ceiling, THEPASSIVHAUS features cylindrical reinforced concrete elements that penetrate the inner EPS layer, upon which the basement ceiling is mounted.

In order to establish the thermal effect of these elements on the linear heat loss coefficient and surface temperature of this connection, these penetrations were modelled in 3D according to ISO 10211, using the material thermal conductivities shown in the material legend on the following page.

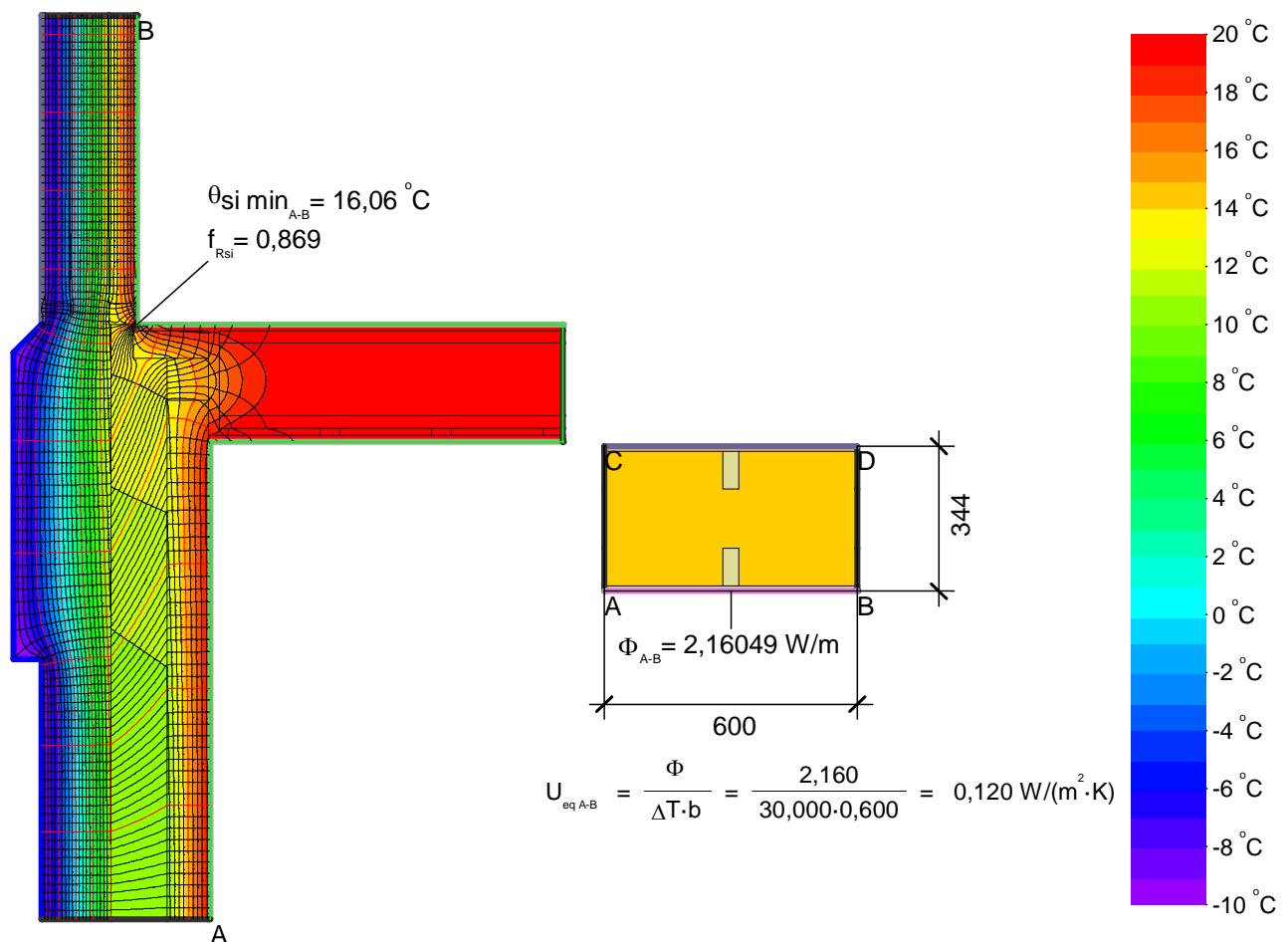
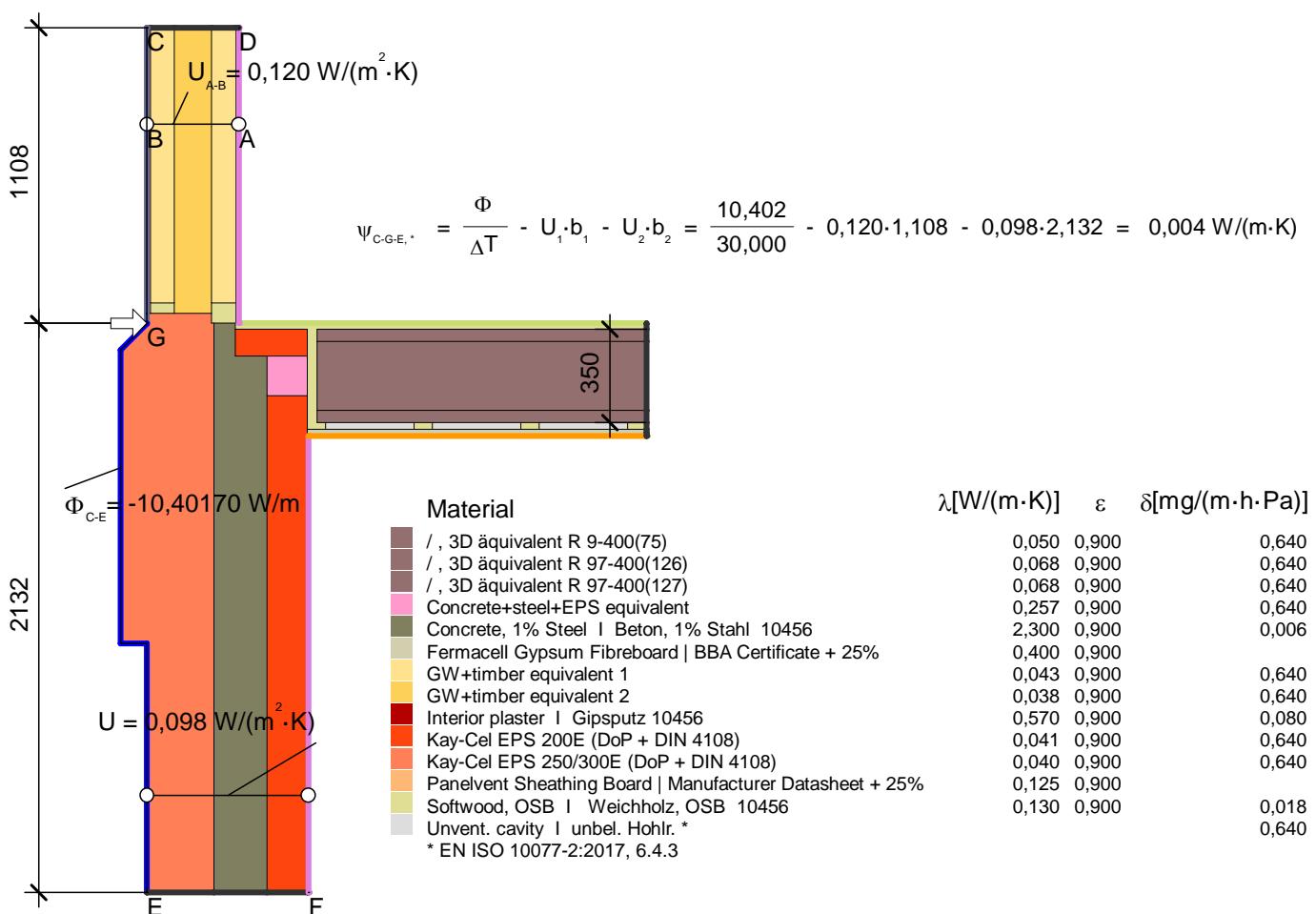


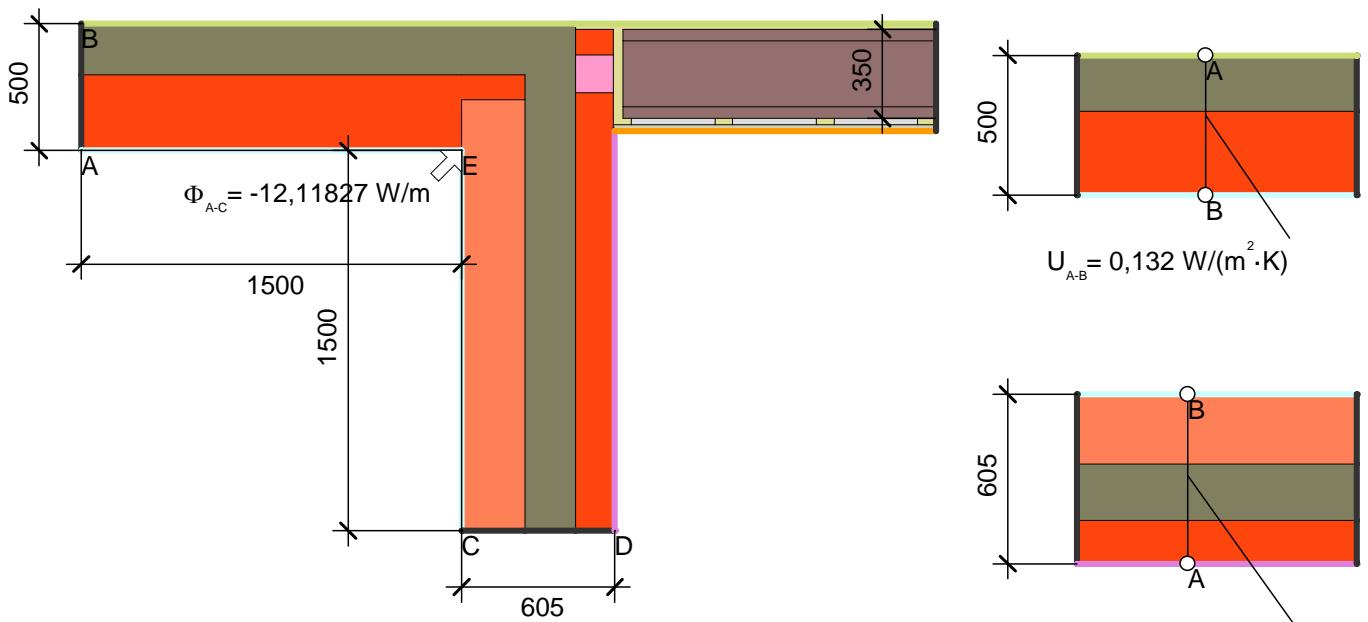
Model B, to establish the equivalent conductivity

Two models were constructed, the first (A) to reflect the real construction, the second (B) with a continuous 'bar' in place of the penetration. A heat flow of 3,27 W was then measured through the 'real' construction, and then the thermal conductivity of the continuous bar adjusted to achieve the same heat flow.

This equivalent thermal conductivity of 0,257 W/(mK) is then used to represent the proportions of steel, concrete and EPS insulation in the following two-dimensional connection details.







$$\psi_{A-E-C,\cdot} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T} - U_1 \cdot b_1 - U_2 \cdot b_2 = \frac{12,118}{30,000} - 0,132 \cdot 1,500 - 0,099 \cdot 1,500 = 0,058 \text{ W/(m} \cdot \text{K)} \quad U_{A-B} = 0,099 \text{ W/(m}^2 \cdot \text{K)}$$

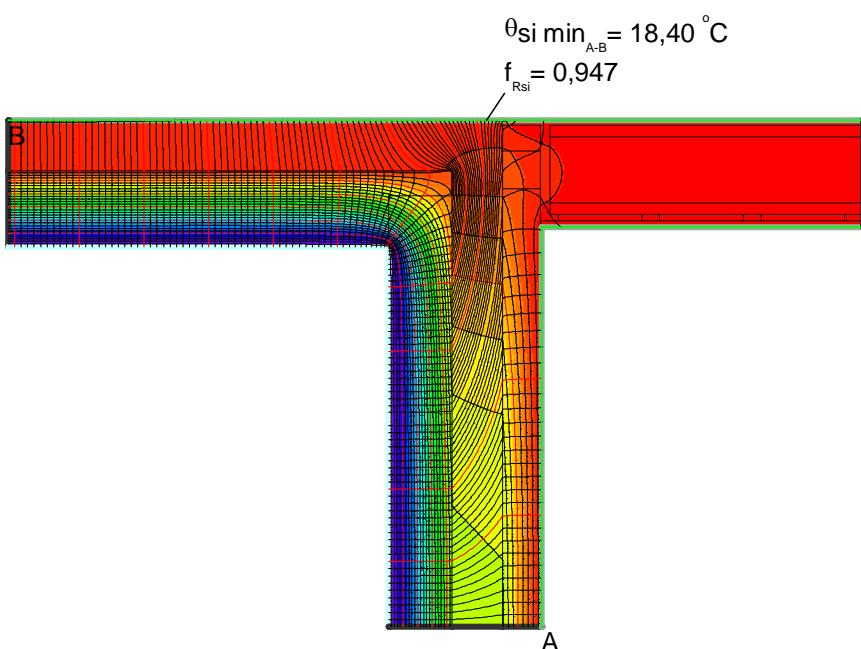
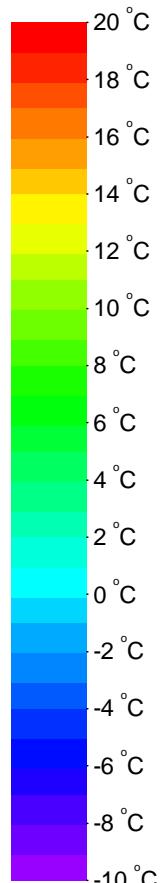
Material

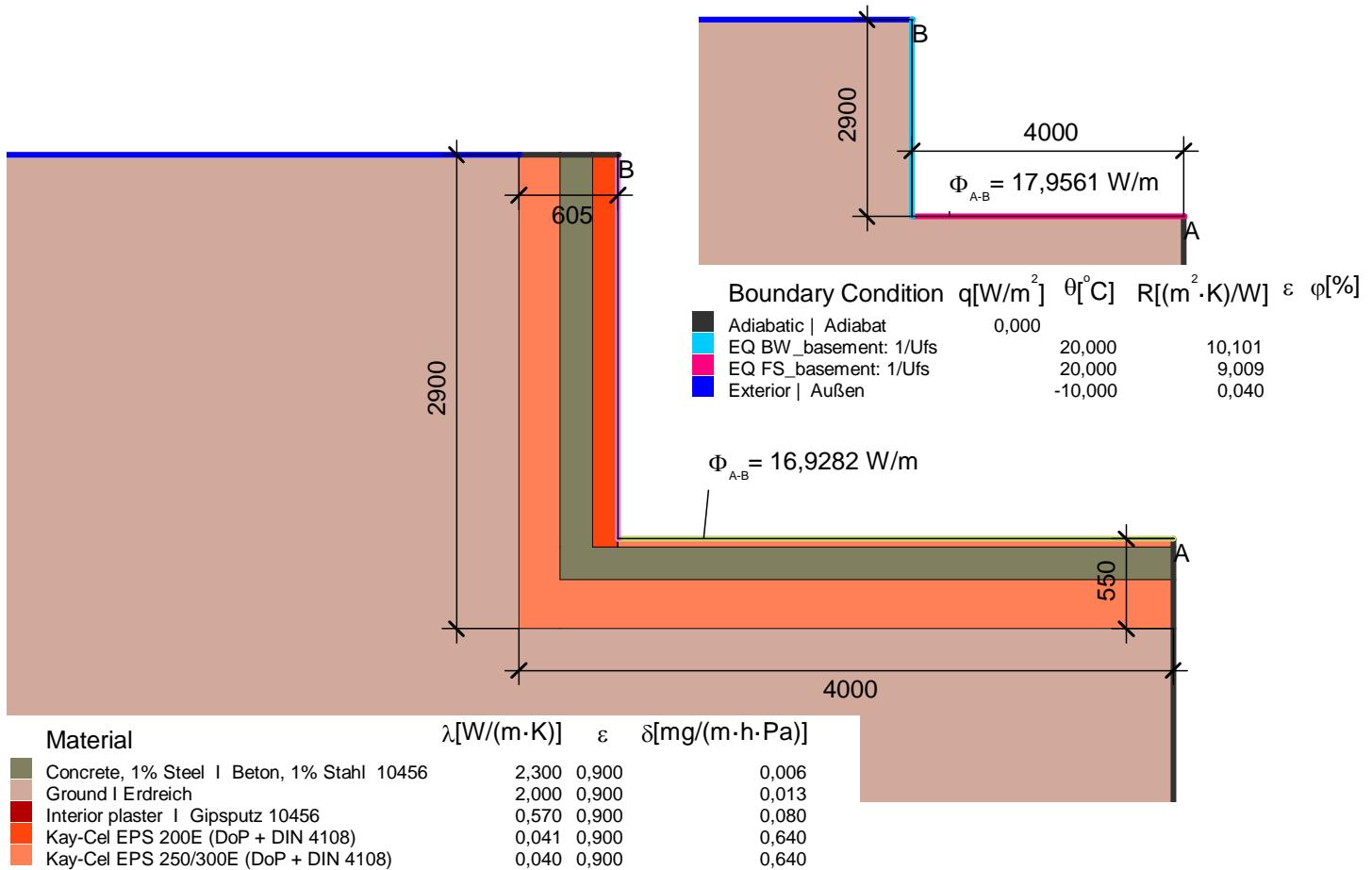
/ , 3D äquivalent R 9-400(77)	0,050	0,900
/ , 3D äquivalent R 97-400(130)	0,068	0,900
/ , 3D äquivalent R 97-400(131)	0,068	0,900
Concrete+steel+EPS equivalent	0,257	0,900
Concrete, 1% Steel Beton, 1% Stahl 10456	2,300	0,900
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard BBA Certificate + 25%	0,400	0,900
Interior plaster Gipsputz 10456	0,570	0,900
Kay-Cel EPS 200E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,041	0,900
Kay-Cel EPS 250/300E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,040	0,900
Softwood, OSB Weichholz, OSB 10456	0,130	0,900
Unvent. cavity unbel. Hohlr. *		0,018

$\lambda[\text{W}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{K})]$ ε $\delta[\text{mg}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{h}\cdot\text{Pa})]$

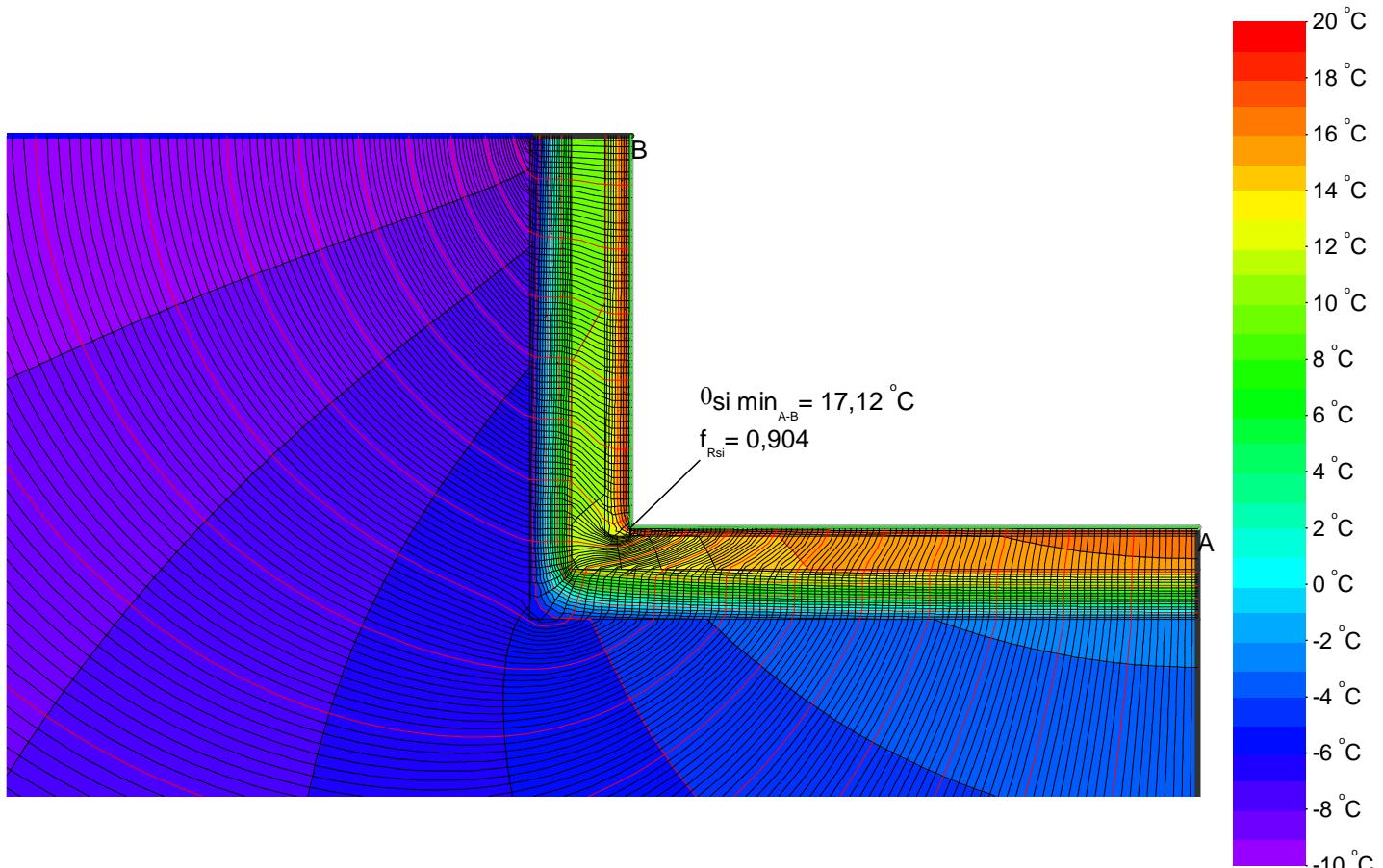
0,050	0,900	
0,068	0,900	
0,068	0,900	
0,257	0,900	0,640
2,300	0,900	0,006
0,400	0,900	
0,570	0,900	0,080
0,041	0,900	0,640
0,040	0,900	0,640
0,130	0,900	0,018
		0,640

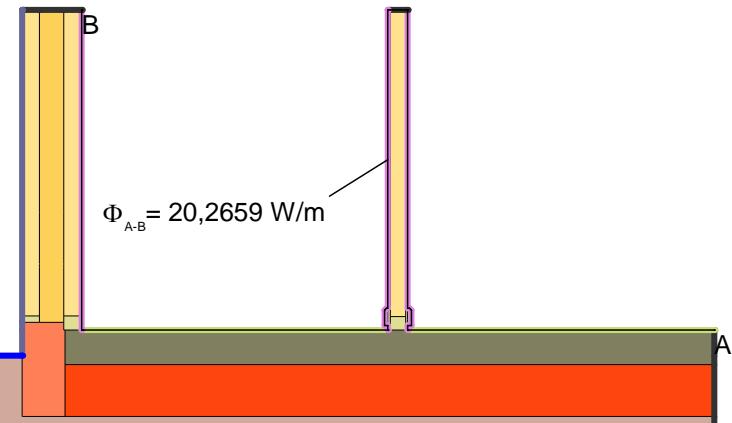
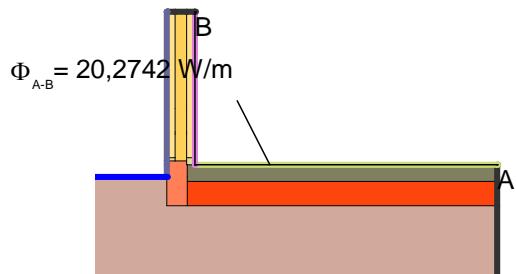
* EN ISO 10077-2:2017, 6.4.3





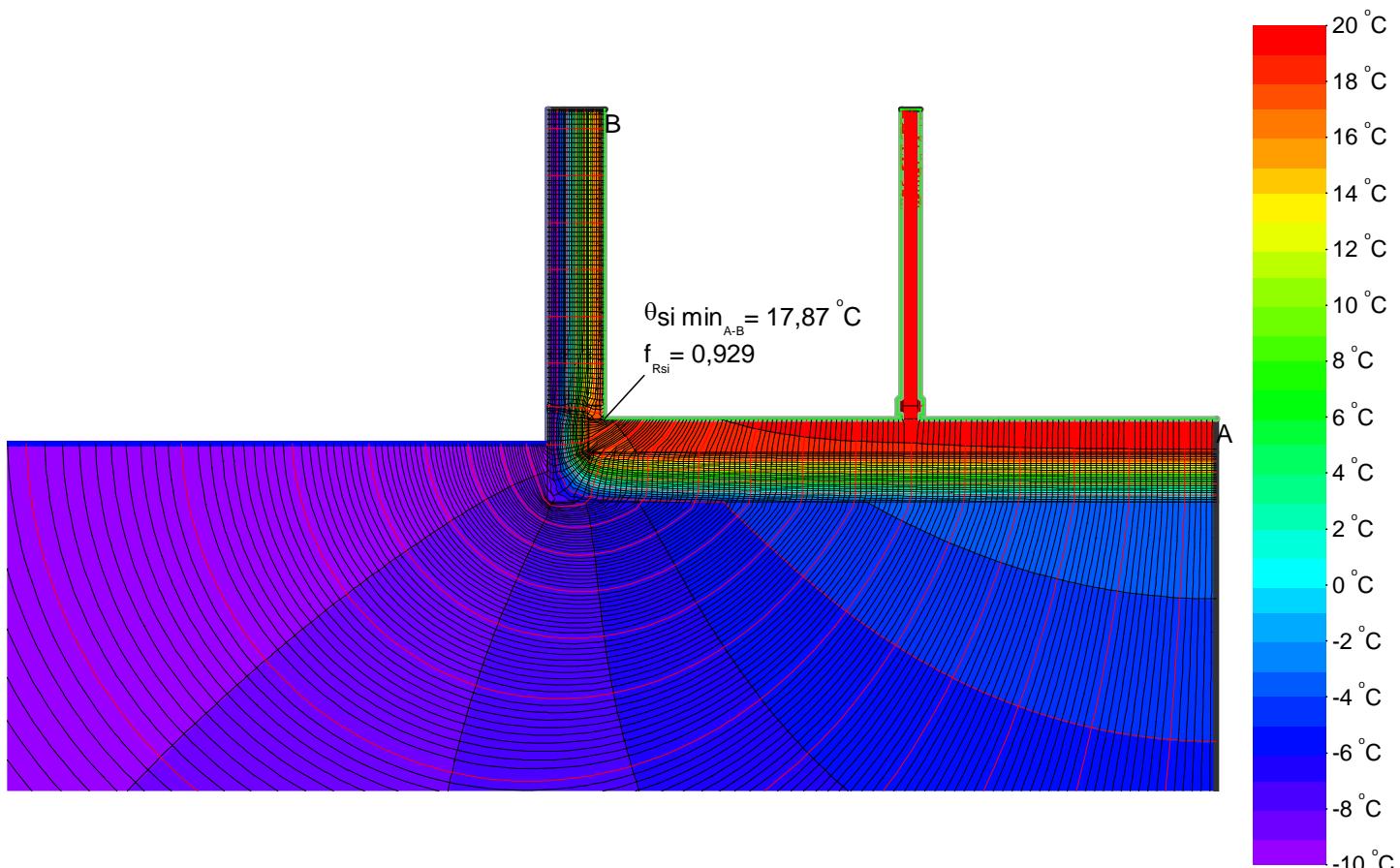
$$\Psi_{FSBW} = ((Q_{FSBW(DIST.)} - Q_{FSBW(UNDIST.)}) / \Delta\theta) = ((16,9282 - 17,9561) / 30) = -0,034 \text{ W/mK}$$

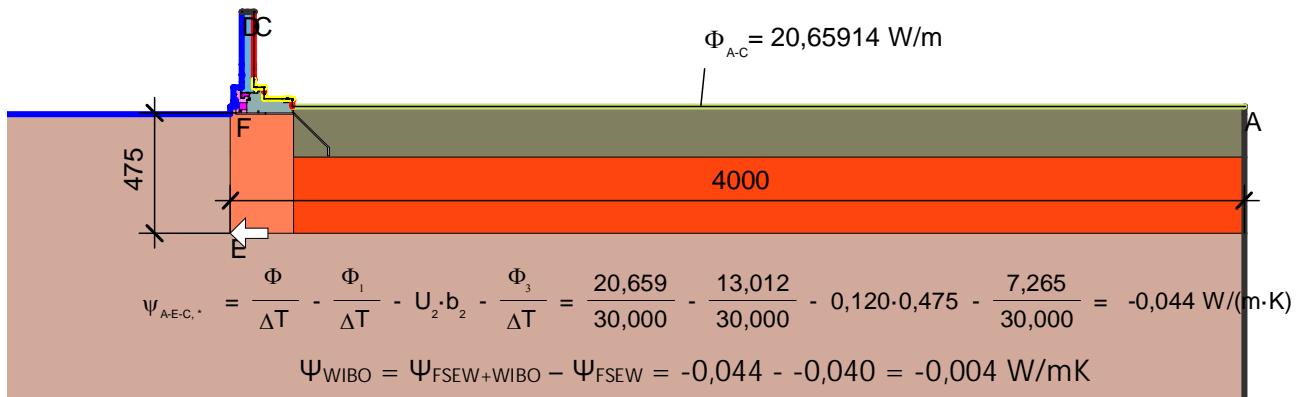
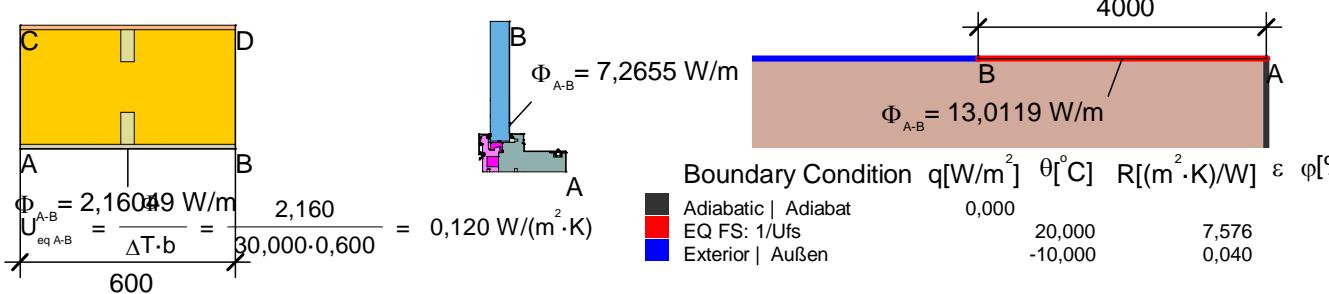




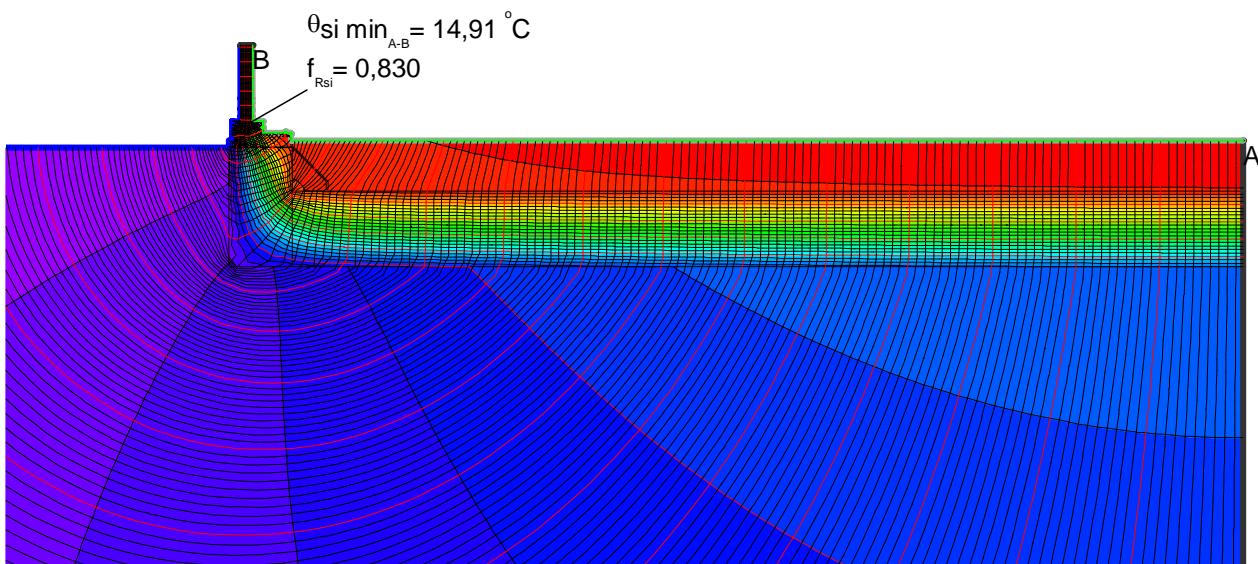
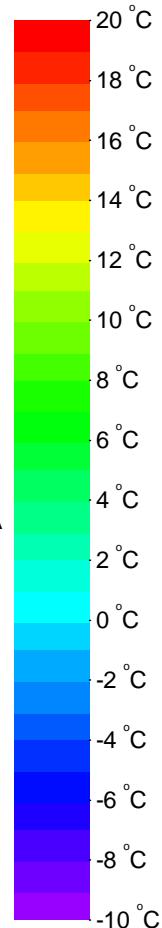
Material	$\lambda [W/(m \cdot K)]$	ε	$\delta [mg/(m \cdot h \cdot Pa)]$
Concrete, 1% Steel Beton, 1% Stahl 10456	2,300	0,900	0,006
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard BBA Certificate + 25%	0,400	0,900	
GW+timber equivalent 1	0,043	0,900	0,640
GW+timber equivalent 2	0,038	0,900	0,640
Ground Erdreich	2,000	0,900	0,013
Kay-Cel EPS 200E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,041	0,900	0,640
Kay-Cel EPS 250/300E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,040	0,900	0,640
Panelvent Sheathing Board Manufacturer Datasheet + 25%	0,125	0,900	
Softwood, OSB Weichholz, OSB 10456	0,130	0,900	0,018

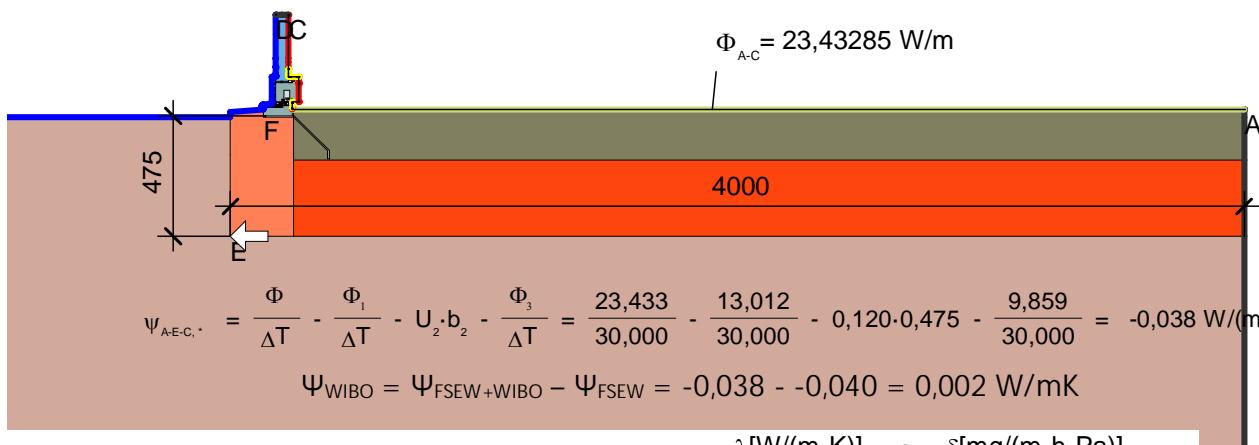
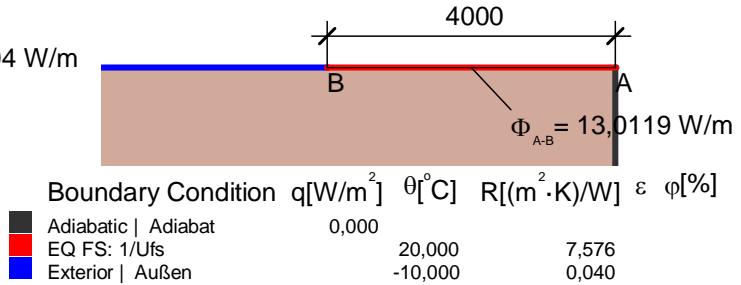
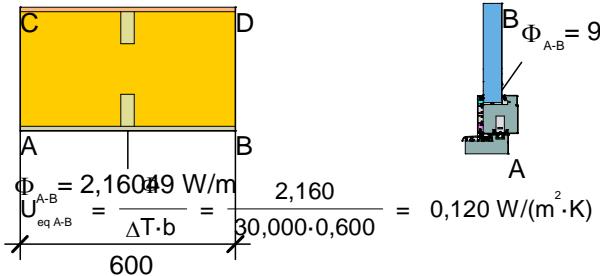
$$\Phi_{FSIW} = ((\Phi_{FSEW+FSIW} - \Phi_{FSEW}) / \Delta T) = ((20,2659 - 20,2742) / 30) = 0,00 \text{ W/mK}$$





Material	$\lambda[W/(m \cdot K)]$	ε	$\delta[mg/(m \cdot h \cdot Pa)]$
/ Concrete, 1% Steel Beton, 1% Stahl 10456, 3D äquivalent R 20-300(9)	2,167	0,900	0,640
/ PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040, 3D äquivalent R 20-300(32)	0,057	0,900	0,640
Aluminum Aluminium 10456	160,000	0,900	6,400e-9
Concrete, 1% Steel Beton, 1% Stahl 10456	2,300	0,900	0,006
ENERcell	0,060	0,900	0,640
EPDM	0,250	0,900	
EPDM foam Moosgummi	0,050	0,900	
Ground Erdreich	2,000	0,900	0,013
Insulation Wärmedämmung 032	0,032	0,900	0,640
Insulation tape Vorlegeband	0,060	0,900	0,640
Kay-Cel EPS 200E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,041	0,900	0,640
Kay-Cel EPS 250/300E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,040	0,900	0,640
PE-Insulation Wärmedämmung 035	0,035	0,900	0,640
PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040	0,040	0,900	0,010
Panel Maske	0,035	0,900	
Polyvinylchloride (PVC)	0,170	0,900	1,280e-5
Spruce, Fir Fichte, Tanne	0,110	0,900	
Unvent. cavity unbel. Hohlr. *			0,640
slightly vent. cav. leicht bel. Hohlr. *			0,640
* EN ISO 10077-2:2017, 6.4.3			





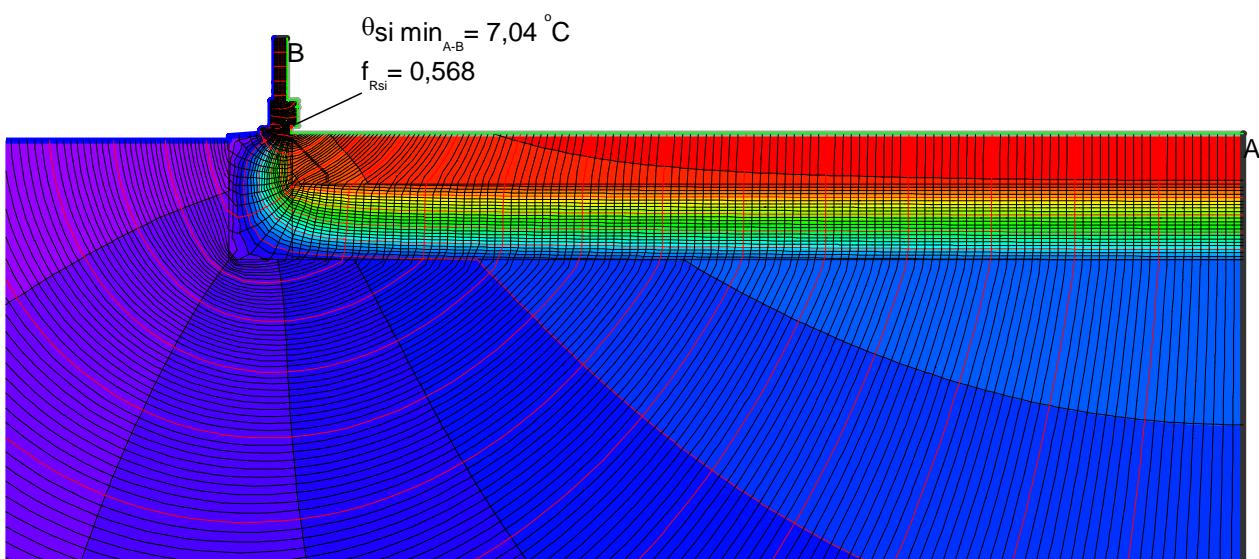
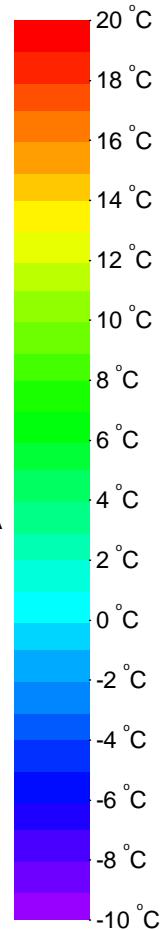
Material

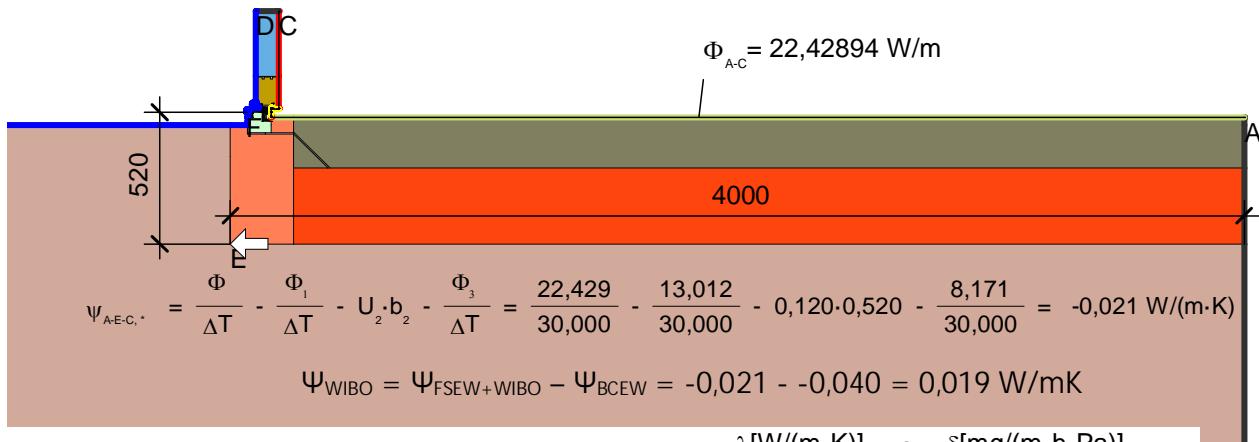
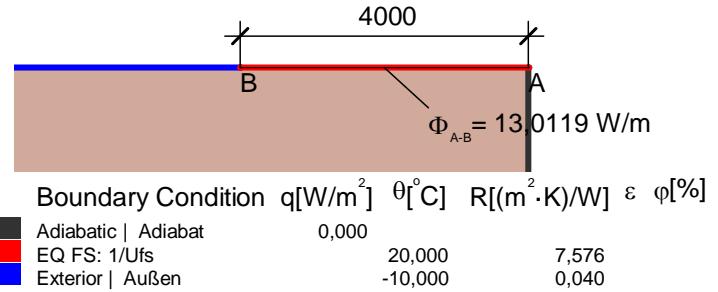
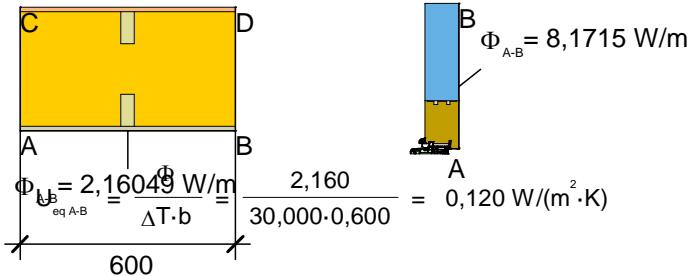
	$\lambda[\text{W}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{K})]$	ε	$\delta[\text{mg}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{h} \cdot \text{Pa})]$
/ Concrete, 1% Steel Beton, 1% Stahl 10456, 3D äquivalent R 20-300(11)	2,167	0,900	0,640
/ PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040, 3D äquivalent R 20-300(34)	0,057	0,900	0,640
Aluminum Aluminium 10456	160,000	0,900	6,400e-9
Concrete, 1% Steel Beton, 1% Stahl 10456	2,300	0,900	0,006
ENERcell	0,060	0,900	0,640
EPDM	0,250	0,900	
EPDM foam Moosgummi	0,050	0,900	
Ground Erdreich	2,000	0,900	0,013
Insulation tape Vorlegeband	0,060	0,900	0,640
Kay-Cel EPS 200E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,041	0,900	0,640
Kay-Cel EPS 250/300E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,040	0,900	0,640
PE-Insulation Wärmedämmung 035	0,035	0,900	0,640
PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040	0,040	0,900	0,010
Panel Maske	0,035	0,900	
Polyvinylchloride (PVC)	0,170	0,900	1,280e-5
Spruce, Fir Fichte, Tanne	0,110	0,900	
Steel Stahl (1)	50,000	0,900	6,400e-9
Unvent. cavity unbel. Hohlr. *			0,640
slightly vent. cav. leicht bel. Hohlr. *			0,640

* EN ISO 10077-2:2017, 6.4.3

Material

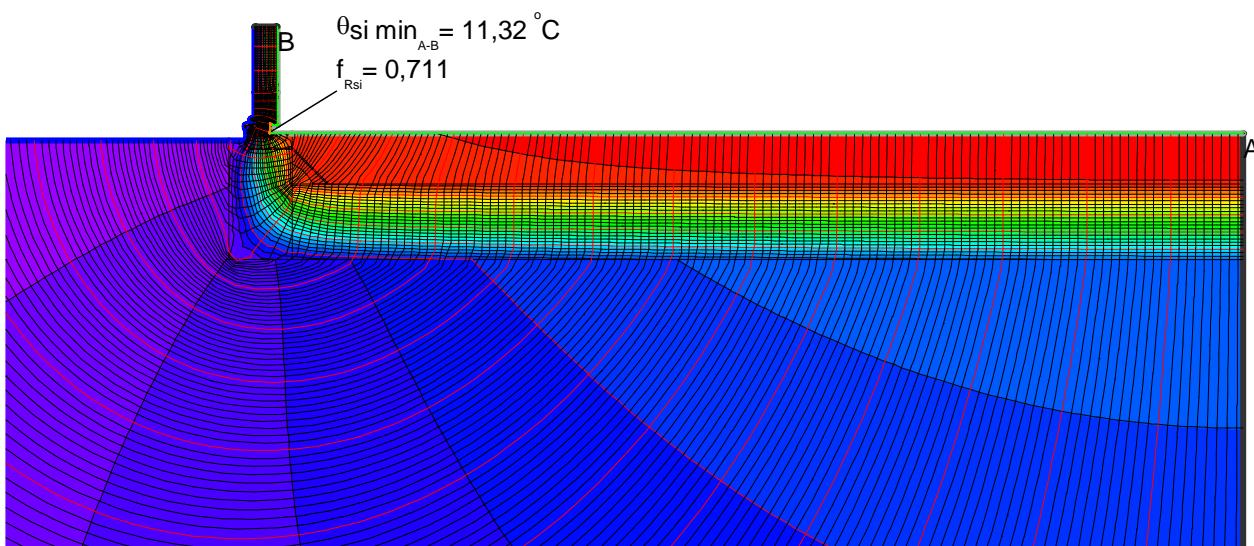
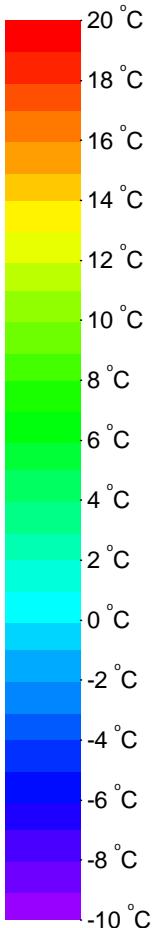
	$\lambda[\text{W}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{K})]$	ε	$\delta[\text{mg}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{h} \cdot \text{Pa})]$
/ Concrete, 1% Steel Beton, 1% Stahl 10456, 3D äquivalent R 20-300(11)	2,167	0,900	0,640
/ PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040, 3D äquivalent R 20-300(34)	0,057	0,900	0,640
Aluminum Aluminium 10456	160,000	0,900	6,400e-9
Concrete, 1% Steel Beton, 1% Stahl 10456	2,300	0,900	0,006
ENERcell	0,060	0,900	0,640
EPDM	0,250	0,900	
EPDM foam Moosgummi	0,050	0,900	
Ground Erdreich	2,000	0,900	0,013
Insulation tape Vorlegeband	0,060	0,900	0,640
Kay-Cel EPS 200E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,041	0,900	0,640
Kay-Cel EPS 250/300E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,040	0,900	0,640
PE-Insulation Wärmedämmung 035	0,035	0,900	0,640
PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040	0,040	0,900	0,010
Panel Maske	0,035	0,900	
Polyvinylchloride (PVC)	0,170	0,900	1,280e-5
Spruce, Fir Fichte, Tanne	0,110	0,900	
Steel Stahl (1)	50,000	0,900	6,400e-9
Unvent. cavity unbel. Hohlr. *			0,640
slightly vent. cav. leicht bel. Hohlr. *			0,640





Material

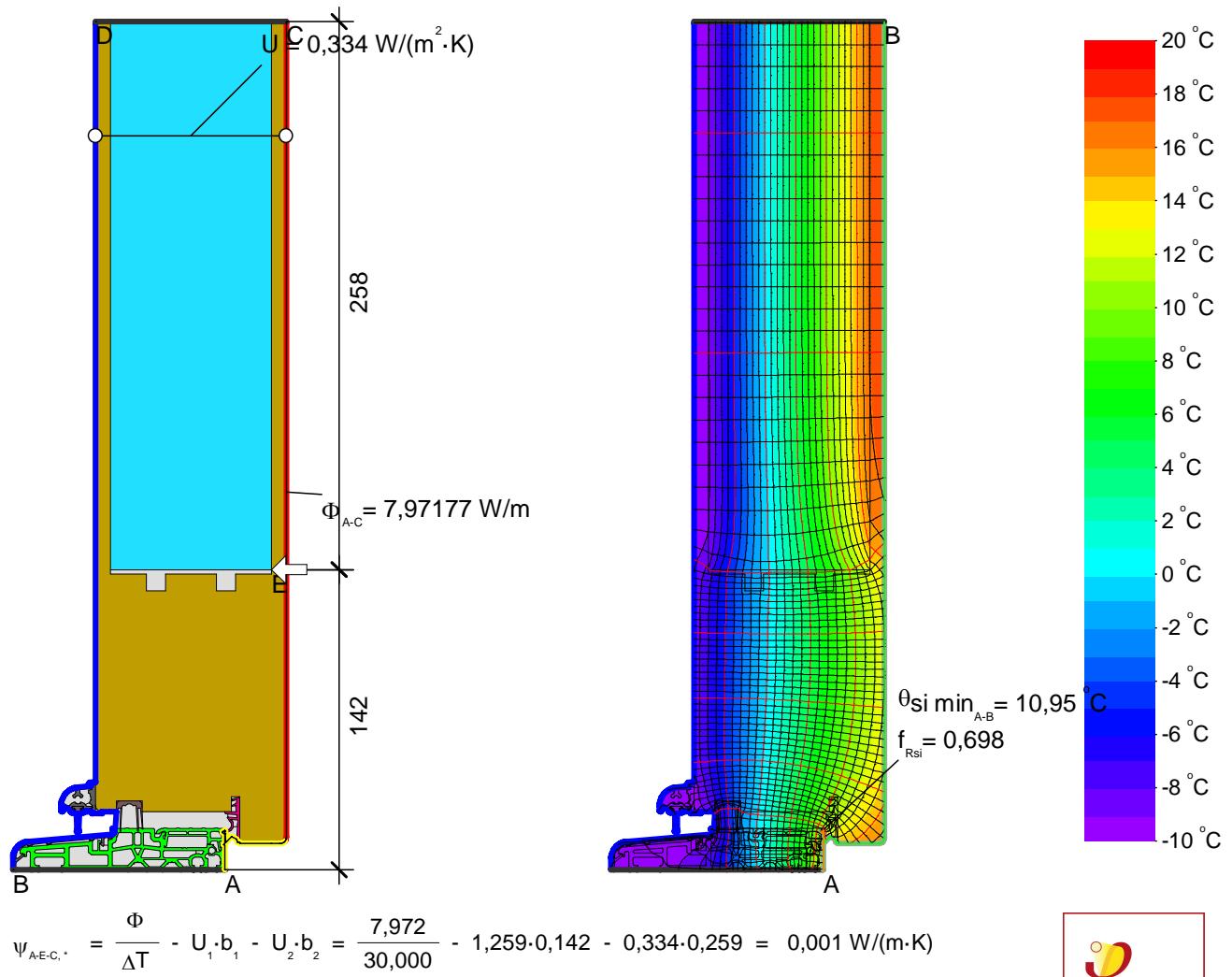
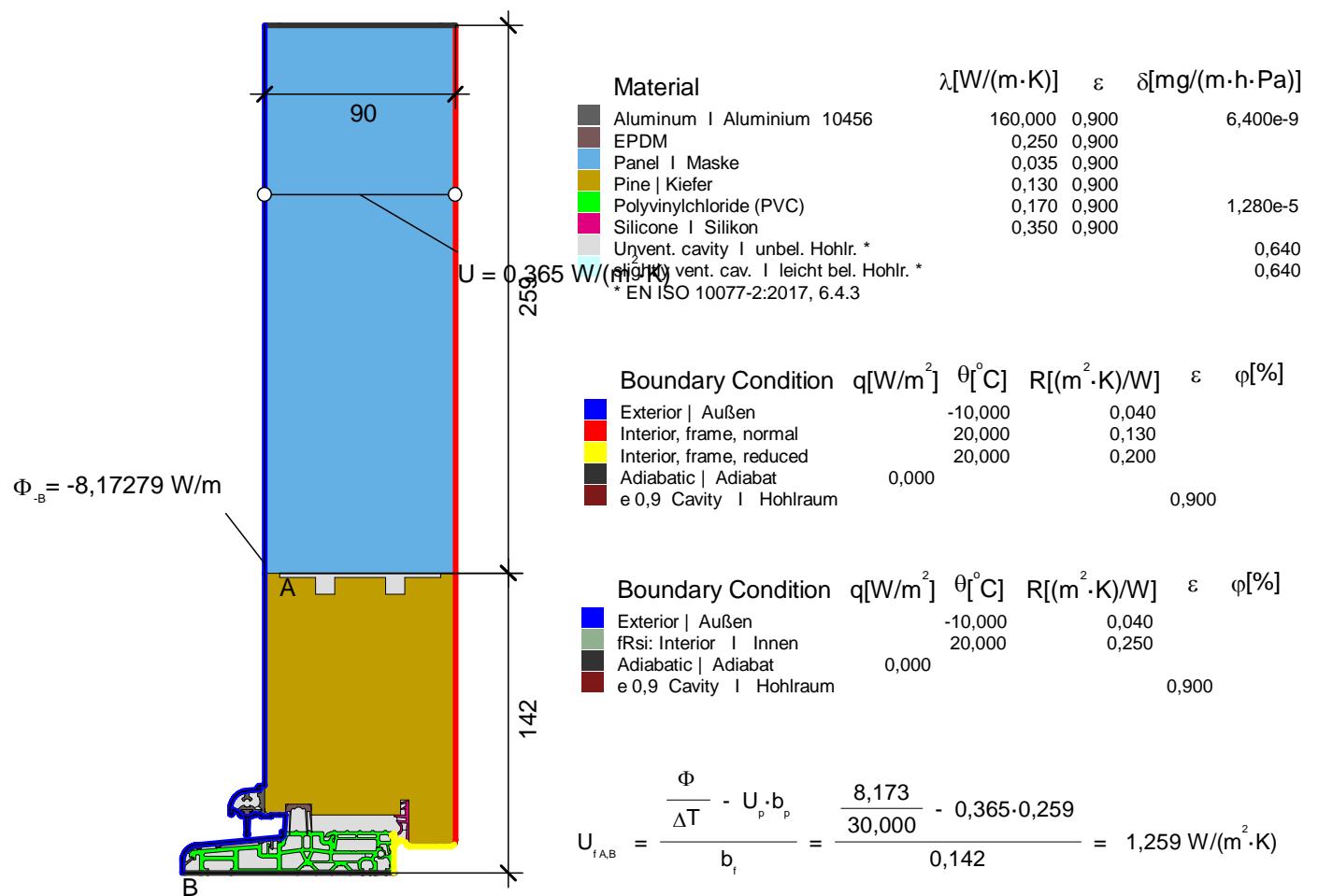
	$\lambda[W/(m \cdot K)]$	ε	$\delta[mg/(m \cdot h \cdot Pa)]$
/ Concrete, 1% Steel Beton, 1% Stahl 10456, 3D äquivalent R 20-300(16)	2,167	0,900	0,640
/ PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040, 3D äquivalent R 20-300(39)	0,057	0,900	0,640
Aluminum Aluminium 10456	160,000	0,900	6,400e-9
Concrete, 1% Steel Beton, 1% Stahl 10456	2,300	0,900	0,006
EPDM	0,250	0,900	
Ground Erdreich	2,000	0,900	0,013
Kay-Cel EPS 200E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,041	0,900	0,640
Kay-Cel EPS 250/300E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,040	0,900	0,640
PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040	0,040	0,900	0,010
Panel Maske	0,035	0,900	
Pine Kiefer	0,130	0,900	
Polyvinylchloride (PVC) (1)	0,170	0,900	1,280e-5
Silicone Silikon	0,350	0,900	
TOP® - Thermal Threshold Beam	0,036	0,900	0,640
Unvent. cavity unbel. Hohlr. *			0,640
* EN ISO 10077-2:2017, 6.4.3			

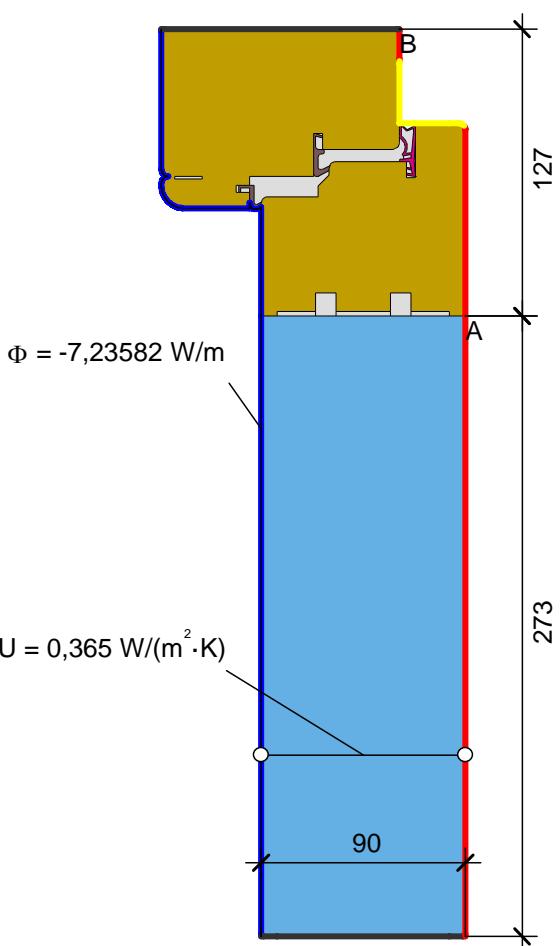


Windows | Fenster

		01			02			03			01
Frame values Rahmenwerte	Spacer I Abstandhalter: with secondary sealing.	Bottom	Top	Side	Bottom	Top	Side	Bottom	Top	Side	Bottom barrier-free
		Unten	Oben	Seitl.	Unten	Oben	Seitl.	Unten	Oben	Seitl.	Unten barrierefrei
Frame width Rahmenbreite	b_f [mm]	142	129	154,5	140	118	118				142
U-value frame Rahmen-U-Wert	U_f [W/(m²K)]	1,26	1,10	1,39	0,90	0,93	0,93				1,26
Ψ-glass edge Glasrand-Ψ-Wert	Ψ_g [W/(mK)]	0,001	0,004	0,002	0,027	0,025	0,025				0,001
U-value window Fenster-U-Wert	U_w [W/(m²K)] @ $U_0 = 0,70$ W/(m²K)	0,708			0,837						
Passive House efficiency class Passivhaus Effizienzklasse		phC			phB						
Installation Einsatz	$f_{Rsi=0,25m^2K/W}$	0,725	0,725	0,760	0,734	0,749	0,754				0,711
	$\Psi_{install}$ [W/(mK)]	0,019	0,006	-0,001	-0,004	0,006	0,001				0,019
	$U_{W, installed}$ [W/(m²K)]	0,72			0,84						
Window description	Installation type 1 refers to the E98 Passive entrance door from Urban Front Ltd., in a fully opaque configuration; the Ud-installed value shown is based on a reference size of 1,1 by 2,2 m. Type 2 refers to the Ultra Insulated outward-opening window from Green Building Store, using a Ug-value of 0,70 W/(m²K) and based on a reference size of 1,23 by 1,48 m. Type 3 refers to the Primus Slide double sliding door from ENERsign GmbH. For the latter, the average frame values are shown and the mullion is excluded, but the actual installed Uw-value is shown. This is based on a reference size of 2,4 by 2,5 m and uses a Ug-value of 0,70 W/(m²K).										



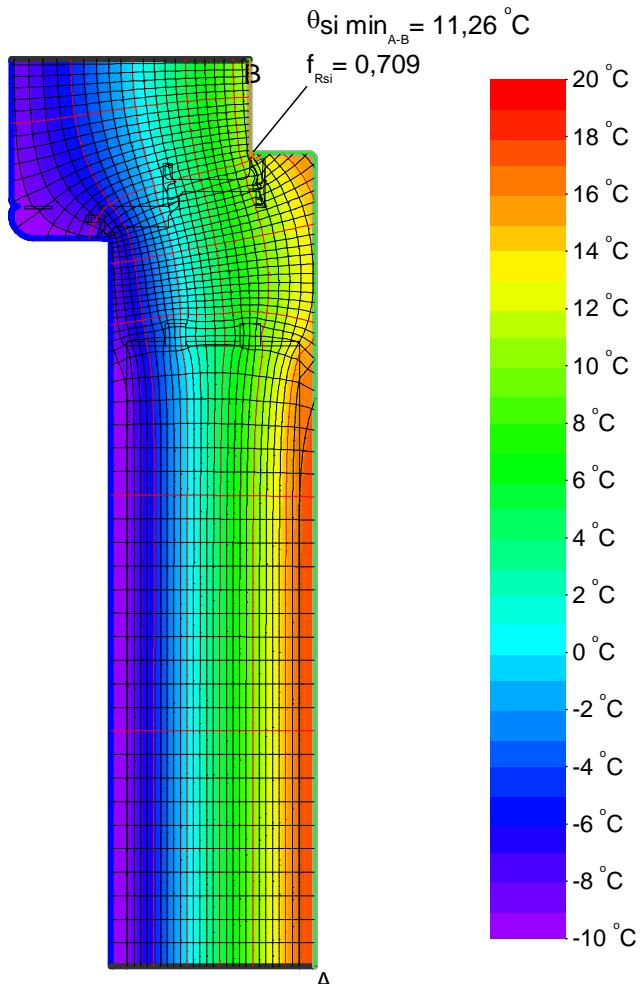
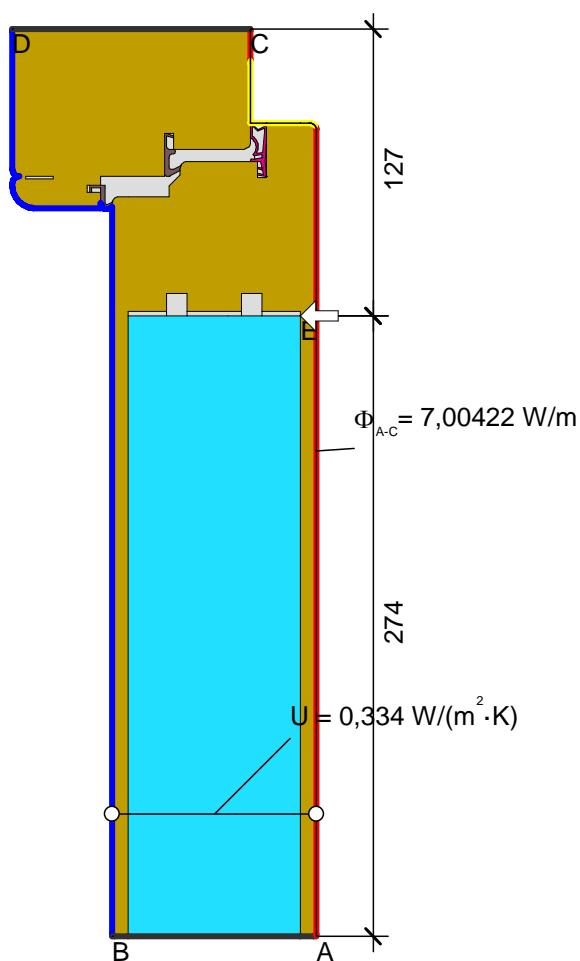




Boundary Condition	$q[\text{W}/\text{m}^2]$	$\theta[^\circ\text{C}]$	$R[(\text{m}^2\cdot\text{K})/\text{W}]$	ε	$\varphi[\%]$
Exterior Außen		-10,000	0,040		
Interior, frame, normal		20,000	0,130		
Interior, frame, reduced		20,000	0,200		
Adiabatic Adiabat	0,000				
e 0,9 Cavity Hohlraum				0,900	

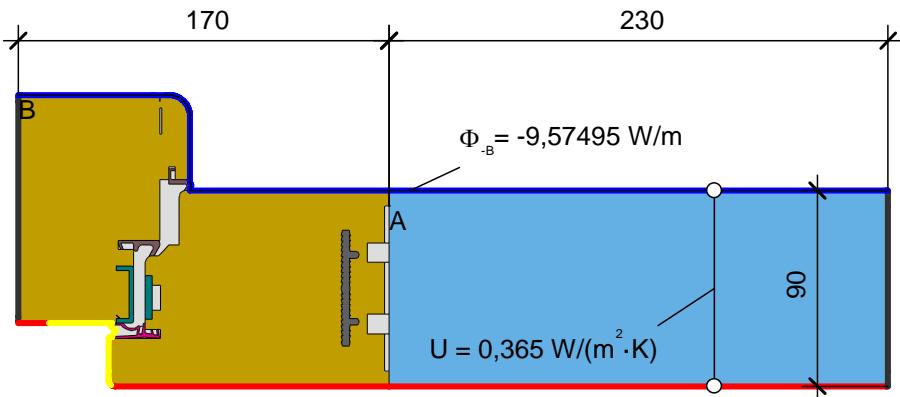
Boundary Condition	$q[\text{W}/\text{m}^2]$	$\theta[^\circ\text{C}]$	$R[(\text{m}^2\cdot\text{K})/\text{W}]$	ε	$\varphi[\%]$
Exterior Außen		-10,000	0,040		
fRsi: Interior Innen		20,000	0,250		
Adiabatic Adiabat	0,000				
e 0,9 Cavity Hohlraum				0,900	

$$U_{f_{A,B}} = \frac{\frac{\Phi}{\Delta T} - U_p \cdot b_p}{b_f} = \frac{\frac{7,236}{30,000} - 0,365 \cdot 0,274}{0,127} = 1,118 \text{ W/(m}^2\cdot\text{K)}$$

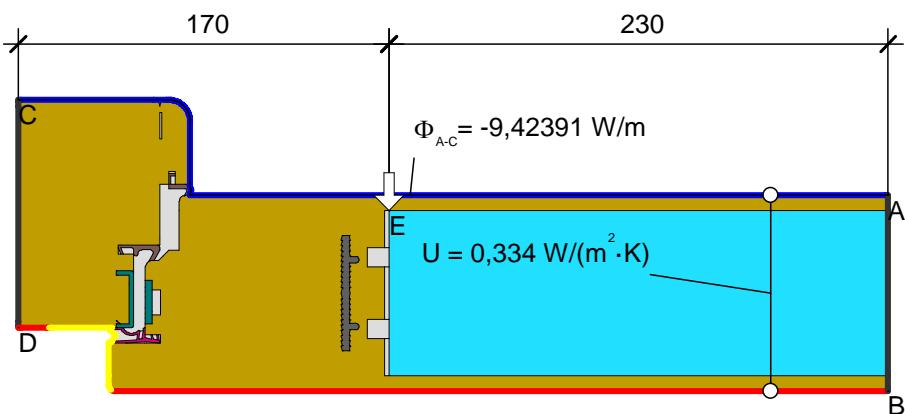


$$\psi_{A-E-C,-} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T} - U_1 \cdot b_1 - U_2 \cdot b_2 = \frac{7,004}{30,000} - 0,334 \cdot 0,274 - 1,118 \cdot 0,127 = 0,001 \text{ W/(m}\cdot\text{K)}$$

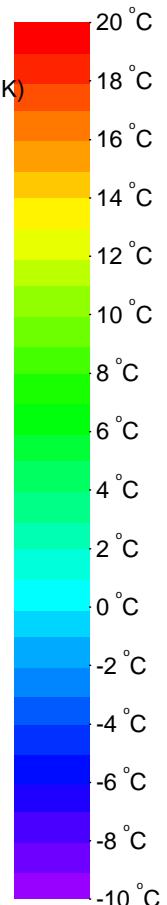
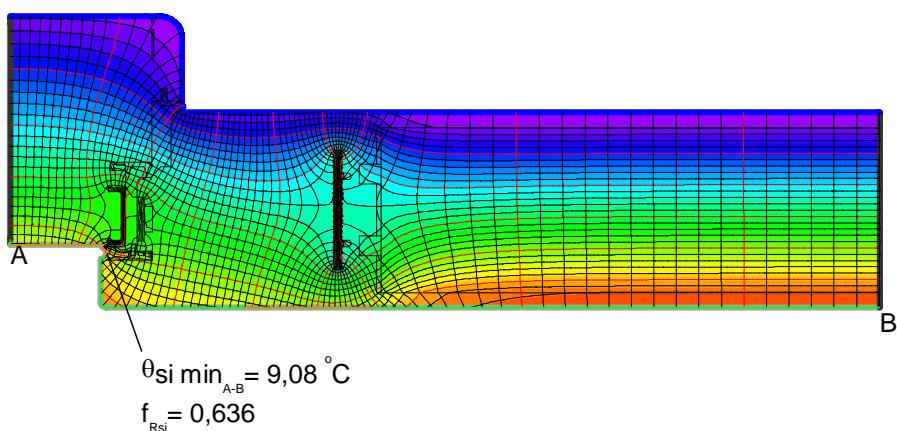




$$U_{f,A,B} = \frac{\frac{\Phi}{\Delta T} - U_p \cdot b_p}{b_f} = \frac{\frac{9,575}{30,000} - 0,365 \cdot 0,230}{0,170} = 1,382 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})$$



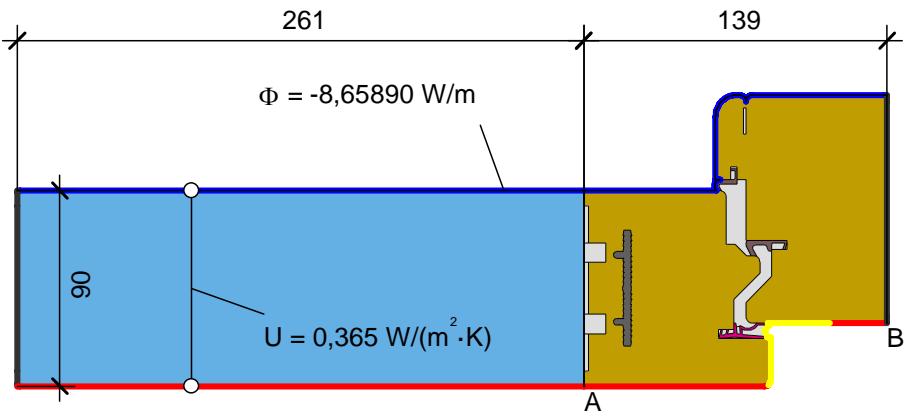
$$\psi_{A-E-C,\dots} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T} - U_1 \cdot b_1 - U_2 \cdot b_2 = \frac{9,424}{30,000} - 0,334 \cdot 0,230 - 1,382 \cdot 0,170 = 0,002 \text{ W}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{K})$$



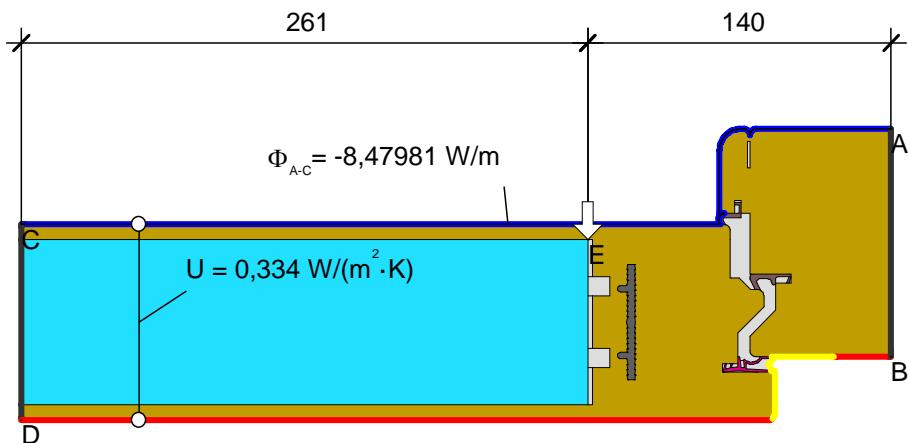
Material	$\lambda [\text{W}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{K})]$	ε	$\delta [\text{mg}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{h} \cdot \text{Pa})]$
Aluminum Aluminium 10456	160,000	0,900	6,400e-9
EPDM	0,250	0,900	
Panel Maske	0,035	0,900	
Pine Kiefer	0,130	0,900	
Silicone Silikon	0,350	0,900	
Steel Stahl	50,000	0,900	6,400e-9
Unvent. cavity unbel. Hohlr. *			0,640
slightly vent. cav. leicht bel. Hohlr. *			0,640

* EN ISO 10077-2:2017, 6.4.3

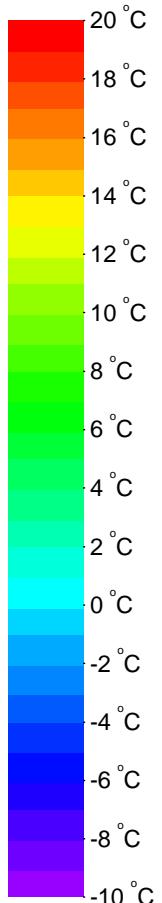
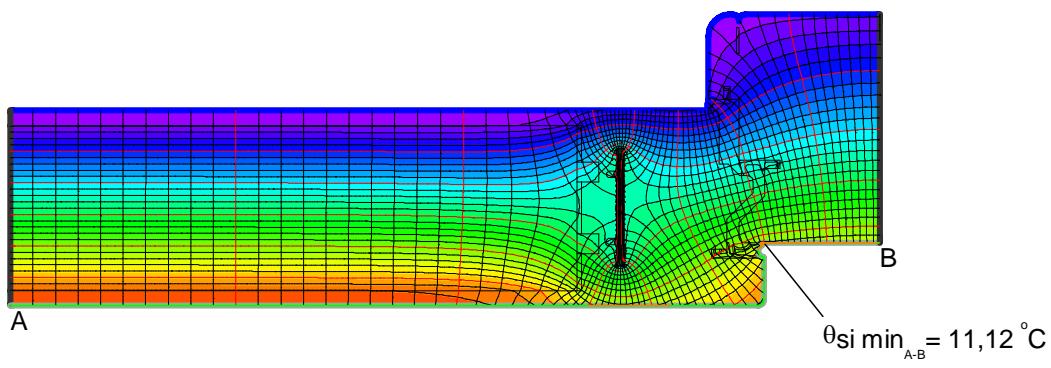




$$U_{f,A,B} = \frac{\frac{\Phi}{\Delta T} - U_p \cdot b_p}{b_f} = \frac{\frac{8,659}{30,000} - 0,365 \cdot 0,261}{0,140} = 1,388 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})$$



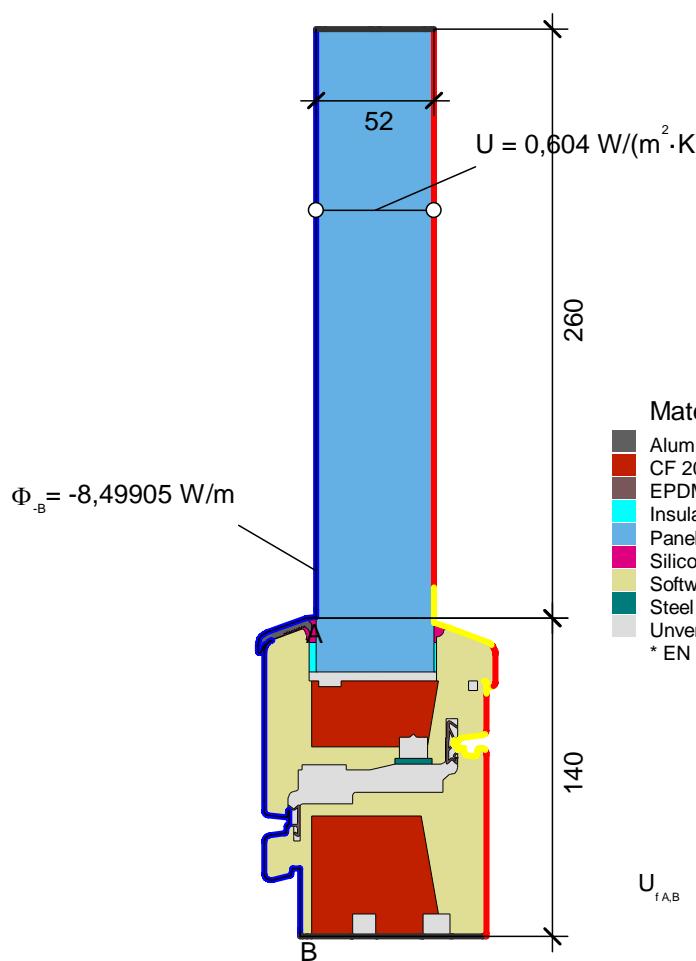
$$\psi_{A-E-C,*} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T} - U_1 \cdot b_1 - U_2 \cdot b_2 = \frac{8,480}{30,000} - 1,388 \cdot 0,140 - 0,334 \cdot 0,261 = 0,002 \text{ W}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{K})$$



Material	$\lambda[\text{W}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{K})]$	ε	$\delta[\text{mg}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{h} \cdot \text{Pa})]$
Aluminum Aluminium 10456	160,000	0,900	6,400e-9
EPDM	0,250	0,900	
Panel Maske	0,035	0,900	
Pine Kiefer	0,130	0,900	
Silicone Silikon	0,350	0,900	
Unvent. cavity unbel. Hohlr. *			0,640

* EN ISO 10077-2:2017, 6.4.3

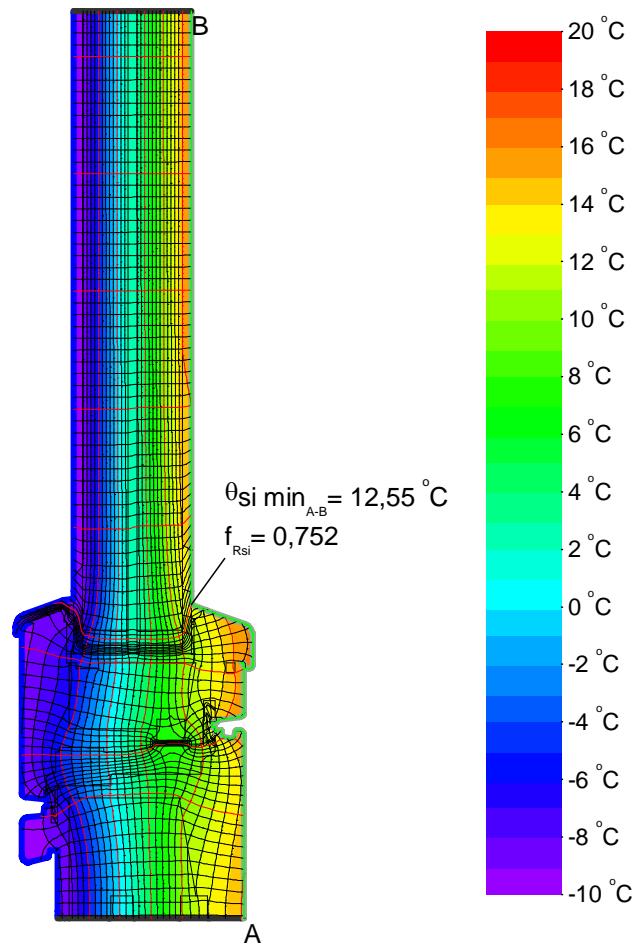
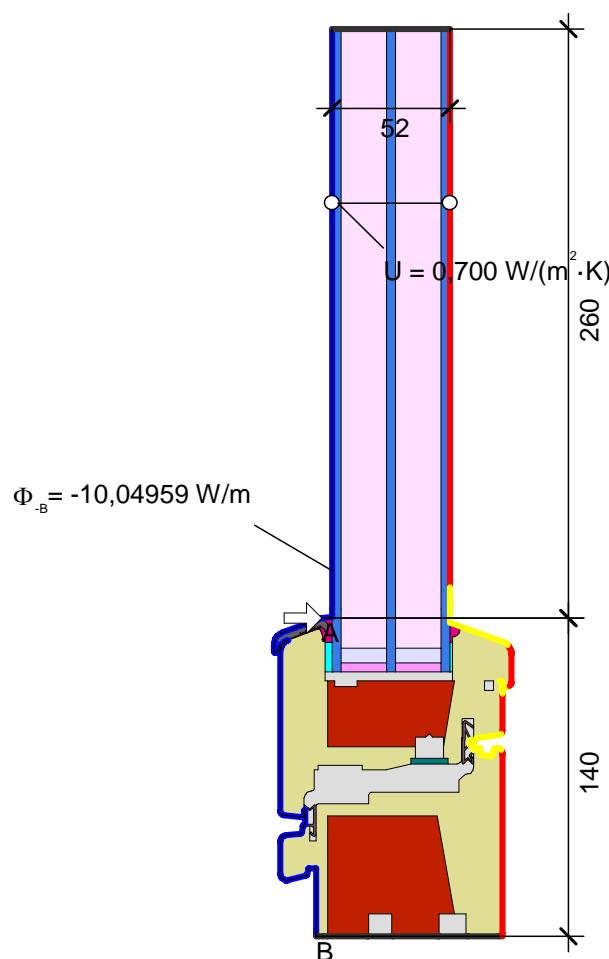




Material	$\lambda[\text{W}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{K})]$	ε	$\delta[\text{mg}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{h} \cdot \text{Pa})]$
Aluminum I Aluminium 10456	160,000	0,900	6,400e-9
CF 200 046	0,046	0,900	0,640
EPDM	0,250	0,900	
Insulation tape Vorlegeband	0,060	0,900	0,640
Panel I Maske	0,035	0,900	
Silicone I Silikon	0,350	0,900	
Softwood, OSB I Weichholz, OSB 10456	0,130	0,900	0,018
Steel I Stahl	50,000	0,900	6,400e-9
Unvent. cavity I unbel. Hohlr. *			0,640

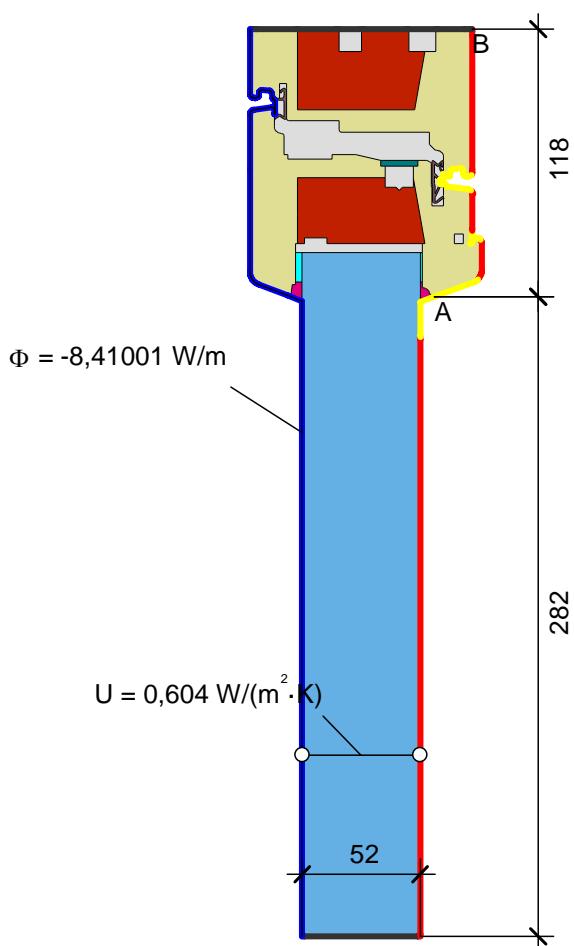
* EN ISO 10077-2:2017, 6.4.3

$$U_{f,A,B} = \frac{\frac{\Phi}{\Delta T} - U_p \cdot b_p}{b_f} = \frac{\frac{8,499}{30,000}}{0,140} - 0,604 \cdot 0,260 = 0,901 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})$$

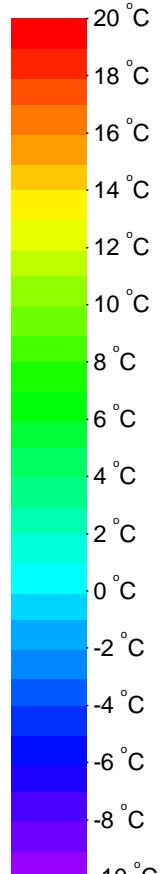
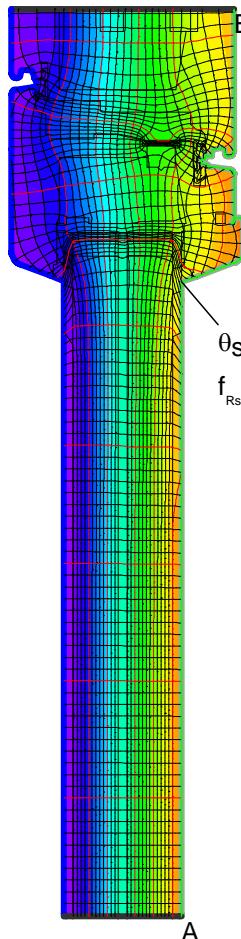
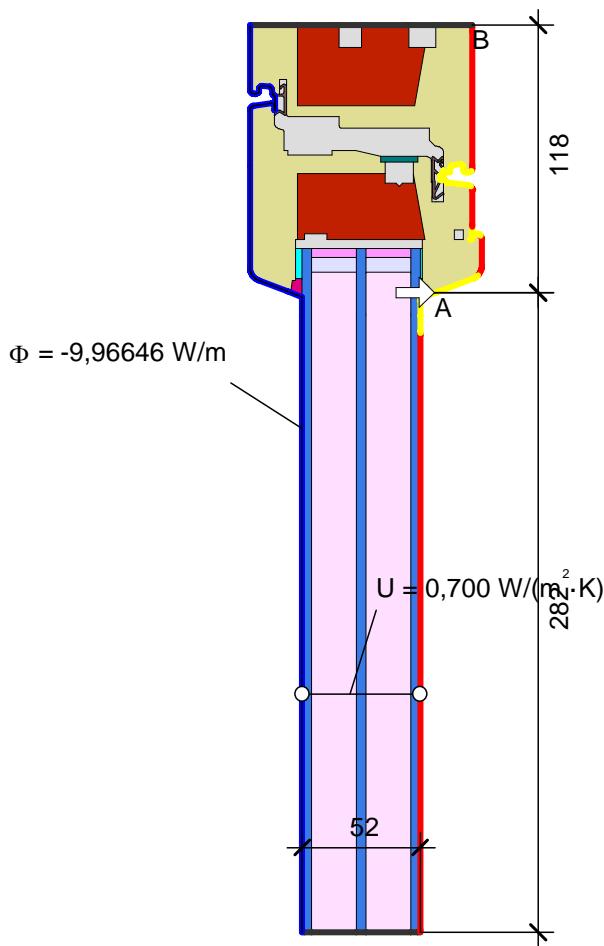


$$\Psi_{edA} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T} - U_g \cdot b_g - U_f \cdot b_f = \frac{10,050}{30,000} - 0,700 \cdot 0,260 - 0,901 \cdot 0,140 = 0,027 \text{ W}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{K})$$



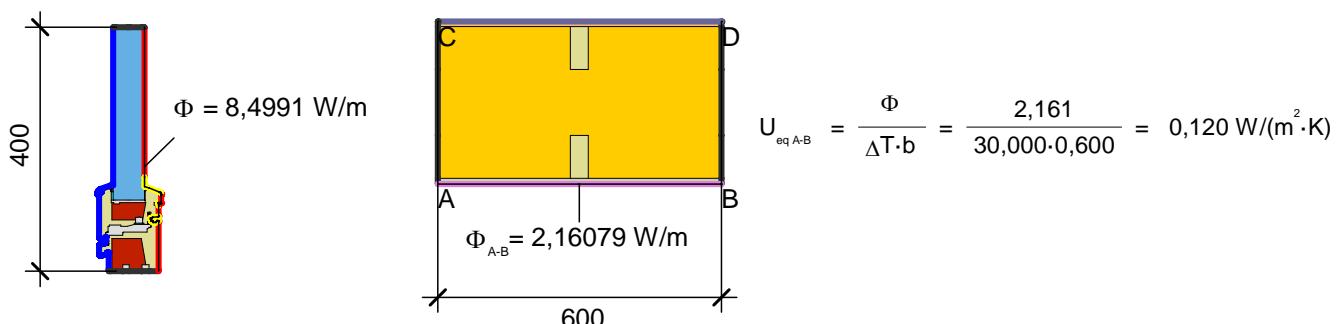
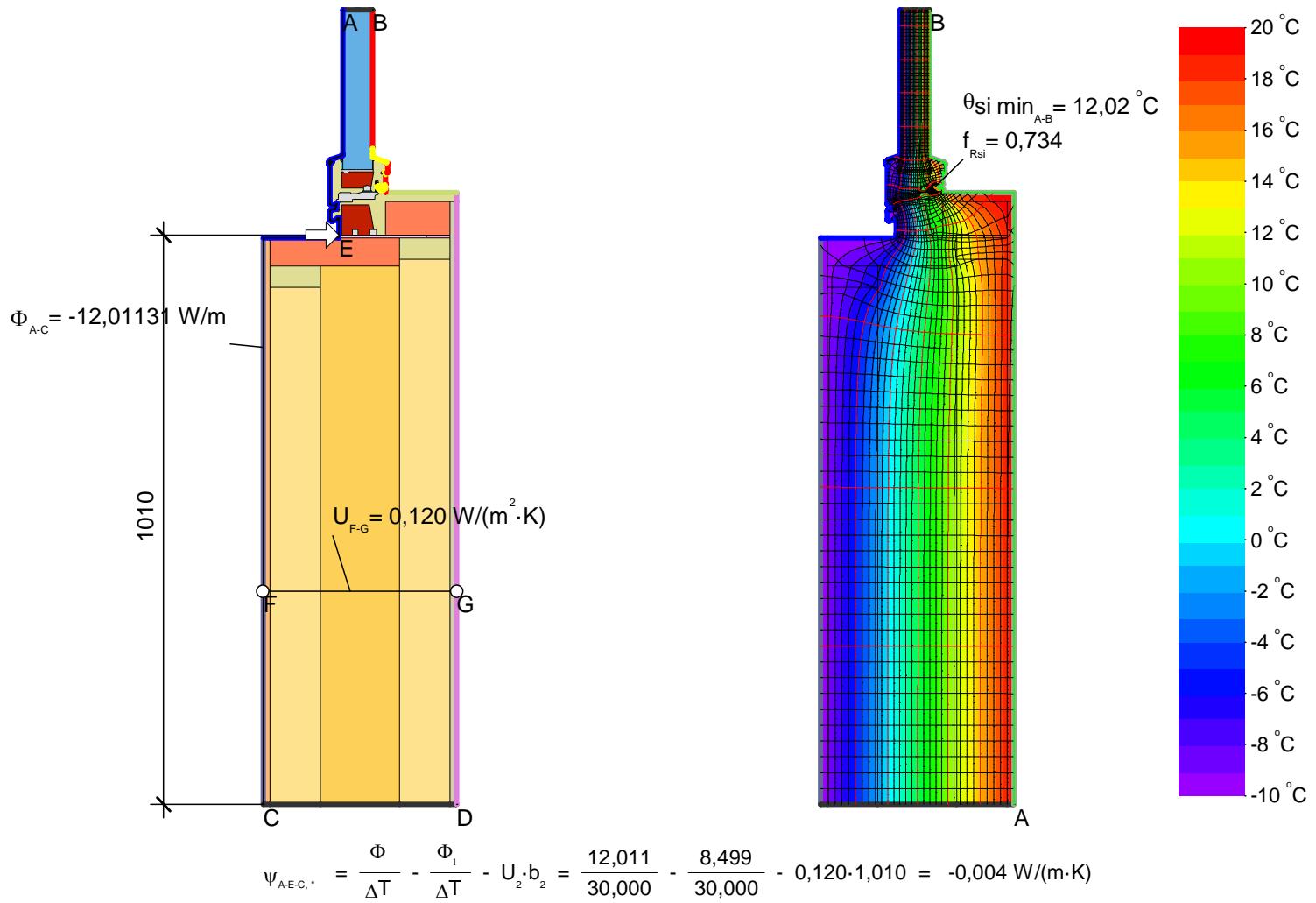


$$U_{f,A,B} = \frac{\frac{\Phi}{\Delta T} - U_p \cdot b_p}{b_f} = \frac{\frac{8,410}{30,000} - 0,604 \cdot 0,282}{0,118} = 0,932 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K})$$



$$\psi_{edA} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T} - U_g \cdot b_g - U_f \cdot b_f = \frac{9,966}{30,000} - 0,700 \cdot 0,282 - 0,932 \cdot 0,118 = 0,025 \text{ W}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{K})$$

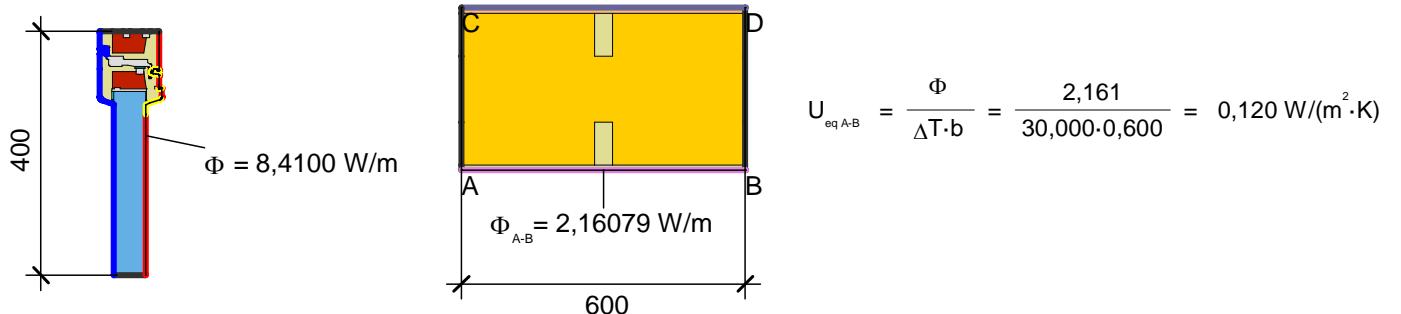
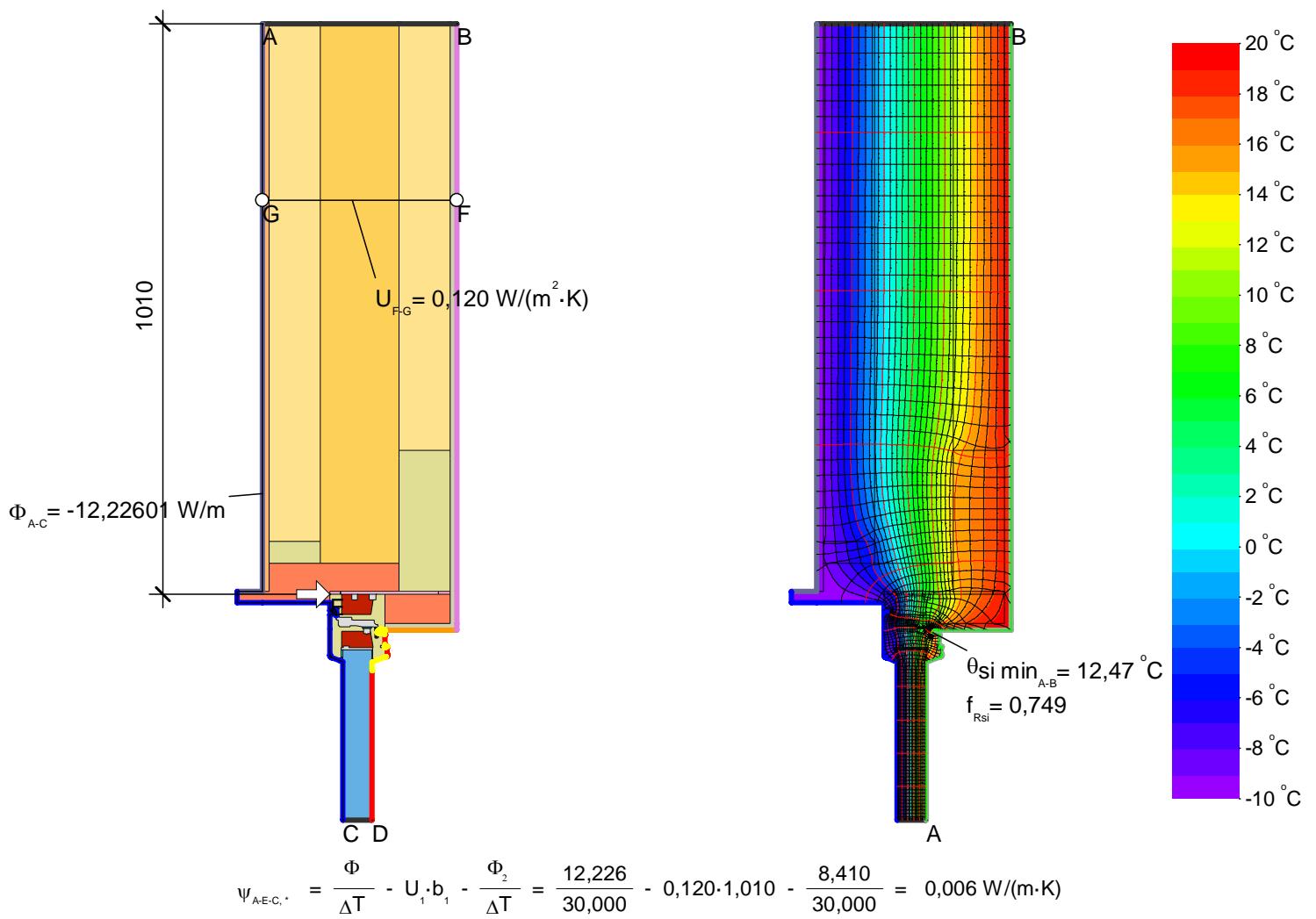




Material	$\lambda[\text{W}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{K})]$	ε	$\delta[\text{mg}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{h}\cdot\text{Pa})]$
/ PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040, 3D äquivalent R 20-300(92)	0,057	0,900	0,640
Aluminum Aluminium 10456	160,000	0,900	6,400e-9
CF 200 046	0,046	0,900	0,640
EPDM	0,250	0,900	
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard BBA Certificate + 25%	0,400	0,900	
GW+timber equivalent 1	0,043	0,900	0,640
GW+timber equivalent 2	0,038	0,900	0,640
Insulation tape Vorlegeband	0,060	0,900	0,640
Kay-Cel EPS 250/300E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,040	0,900	0,640
PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040	0,040	0,900	0,010
Panel Maske	0,035	0,900	
Panelvent Sheathing Board Manufacturer Datasheet + 25%	0,125	0,900	
Silicone Silikon	0,350	0,900	
Softwood, OSB Weichholz, OSB 10456	0,130	0,900	0,018
Steel Stahl	50,000	0,900	6,400e-9
Unvent. cavity unbel. Hohlr. *			0,640
* EN ISO 10077-2:2017, 6.4.3			

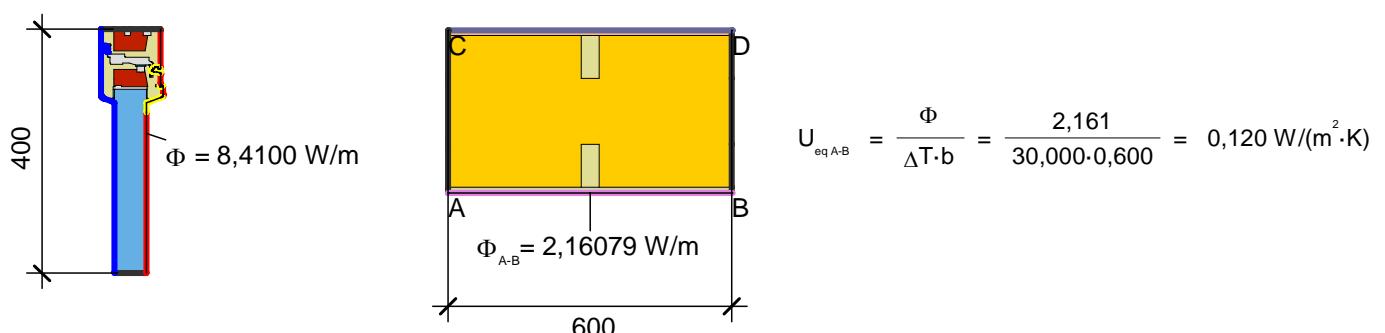
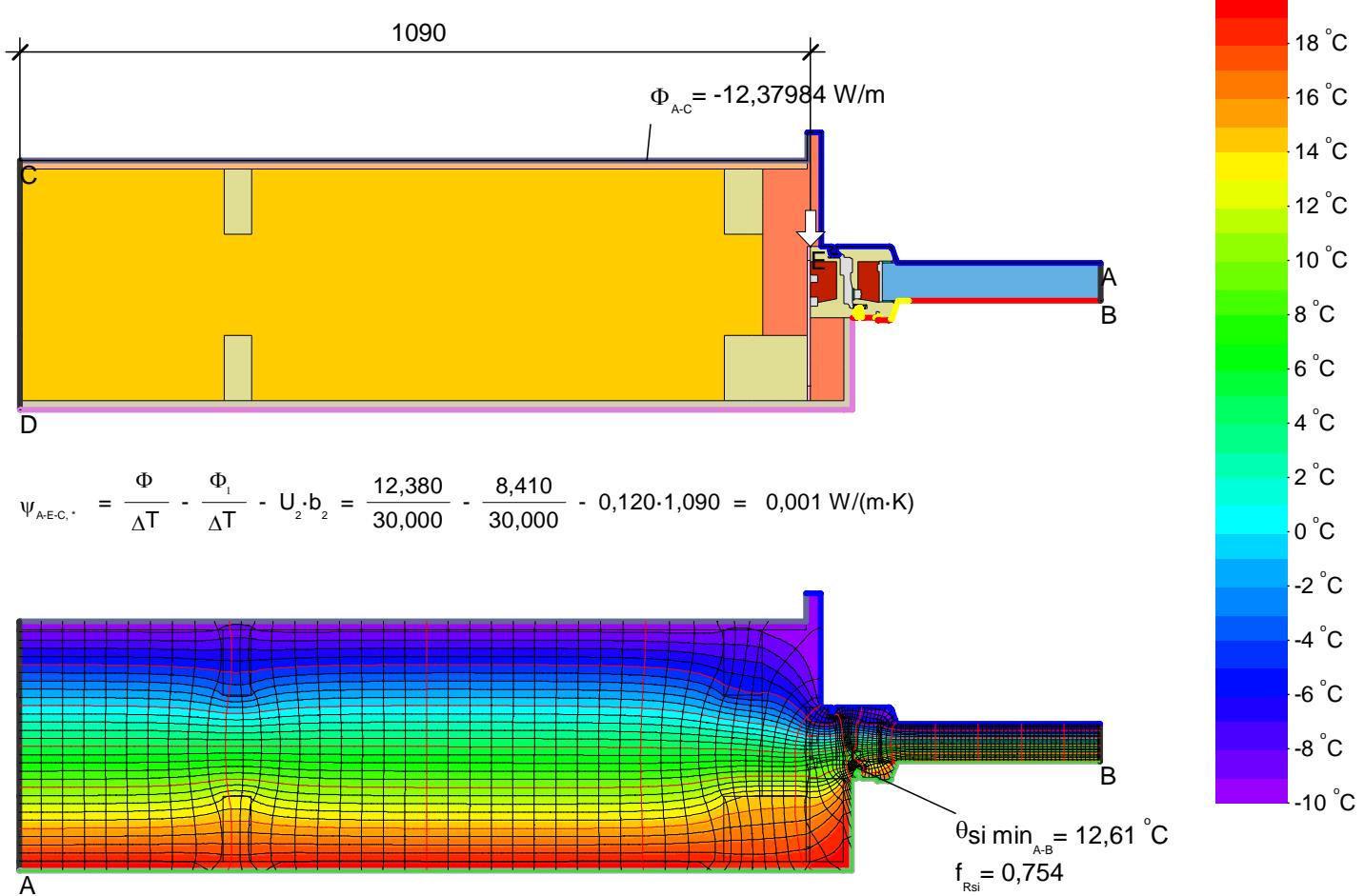
$\lambda[\text{W}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{K})]$	ε	$\delta[\text{mg}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{h}\cdot\text{Pa})]$
0,057	0,900	0,640
160,000	0,900	6,400e-9
0,046	0,900	0,640
0,250	0,900	
0,400	0,900	
0,043	0,900	0,640
0,038	0,900	0,640
0,060	0,900	0,640
0,040	0,900	0,640
0,040	0,900	0,010
0,035	0,900	
0,125	0,900	
0,350	0,900	
0,130	0,900	0,018
50,000	0,900	6,400e-9
		0,640





Material	$\lambda[\text{W}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{K})]$	ε	$\delta[\text{mg}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{h}\cdot\text{Pa})]$
/ PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040, 3D äquivalent R 20-300(94)	0,057	0,900	0,640
CF 200 046	0,046	0,900	0,640
EPDM	0,250	0,900	
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard BBA Certificate + 25%	0,400	0,900	
GW+timber equivalent 1	0,043	0,900	0,640
GW+timber equivalent 2	0,038	0,900	0,640
Insulation tape Vorlegeband	0,060	0,900	0,640
Kay-Cel EPS 250/300E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,040	0,900	0,640
PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040	0,040	0,900	0,010
Panel Maske	0,035	0,900	
Panelvent Sheathing Board Manufacturer Datasheet + 25%	0,125	0,900	
Silicone Silikon	0,350	0,900	
Softwood, OSB Weichholz, OSB 10456	0,130	0,900	0,018
Steel Stahl	50,000	0,900	6,400e-9
Unvent. cavity unbel. Hohlr. *			0,640
* EN ISO 10077-2:2017, 6.4.3			

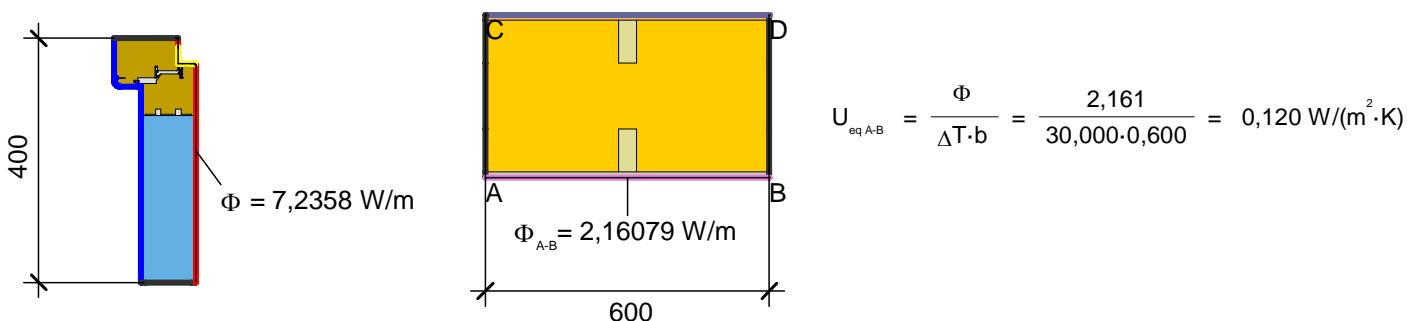
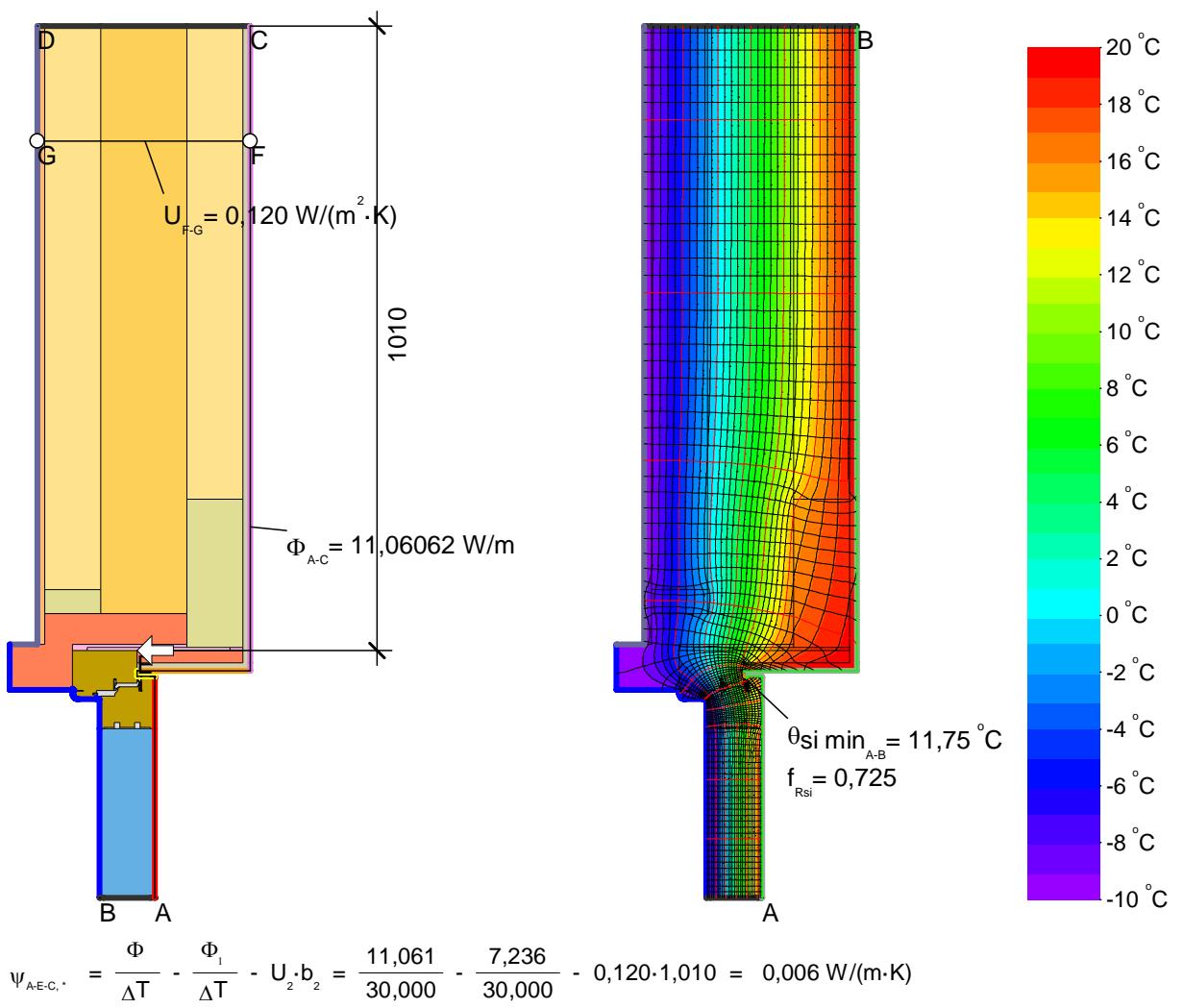




Material

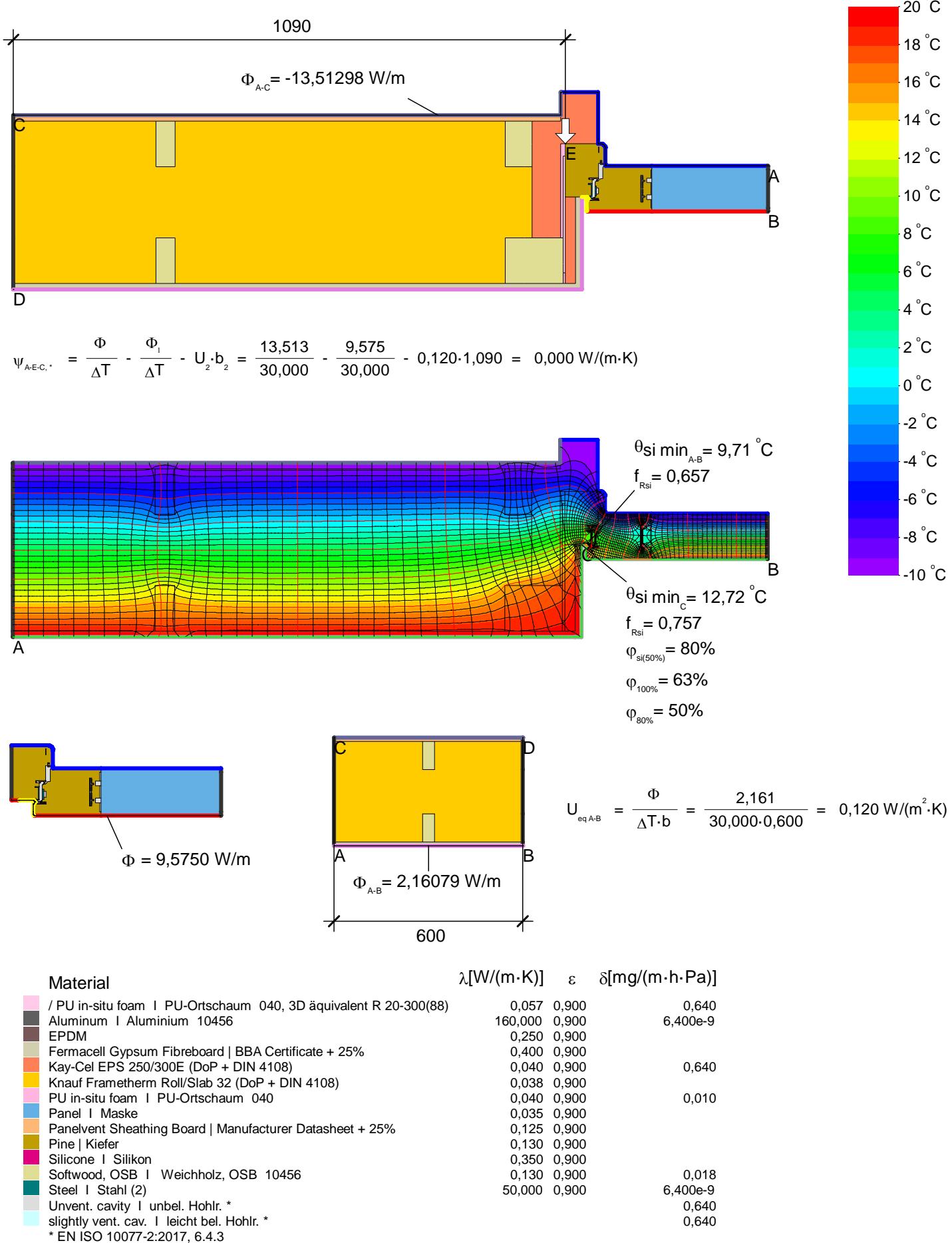
	$\lambda [\text{W}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{K})]$	ε	$\delta [\text{mg}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{h} \cdot \text{Pa})]$
/ PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040, 3D äquivalent R 20-300(96)	0,057	0,900	0,640
CF 200 046	0,046	0,900	0,640
EPDM	0,250	0,900	
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard BBA Certificate + 25%	0,400	0,900	
Insulation tape Vorlegeband	0,060	0,900	0,640
Kay-Cel EPS 250/300E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,040	0,900	0,640
Knauf Frametherm Roll/Slab 32 (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,038	0,900	
PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040	0,040	0,900	0,010
Panel Maske	0,035	0,900	
Panelvent Sheathing Board Manufacturer Datasheet + 25%	0,125	0,900	
Silicone Silikon	0,350	0,900	
Softwood, OSB Weichholz, OSB 10456	0,130	0,900	0,018
Steel Stahl	50,000	0,900	6,400e-9
Unvent. cavity unbel. Hohlr. *			0,640
* EN ISO 10077-2:2017, 6.4.3			

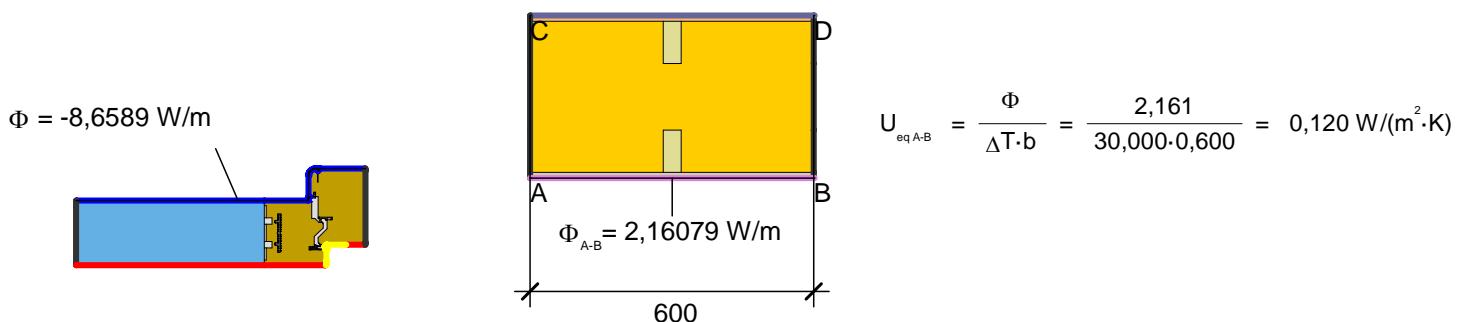
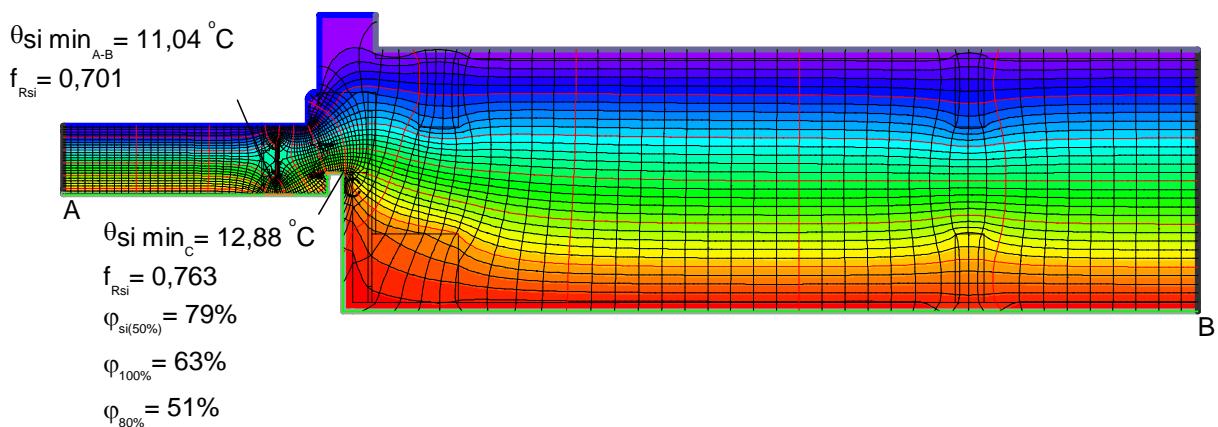
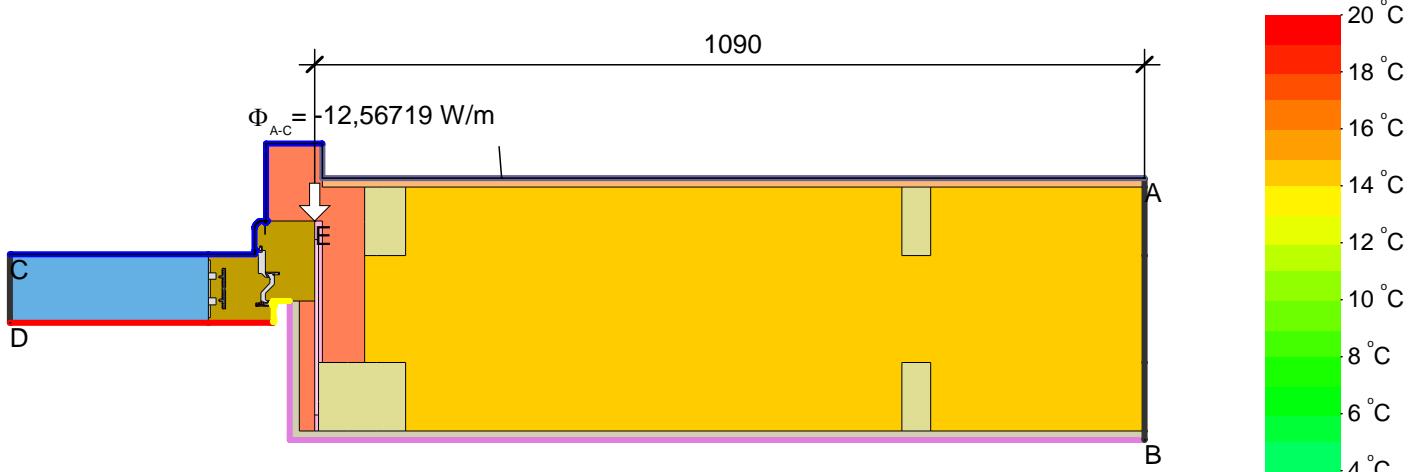




Material	$\lambda [\text{W}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{K})]$	ε	$\delta [\text{mg}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{h} \cdot \text{Pa})]$
/ PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040, 3D äquivalent R 20-300(86)	0,057	0,900	0,640
EPDM	0,250	0,900	
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard BBA Certificate + 25%	0,400	0,900	
GW+timber equivalent 1	0,043	0,900	0,640
GW+timber equivalent 2	0,038	0,900	0,640
Kay-Cel EPS 250/300E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,040	0,900	0,640
PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040	0,040	0,900	0,010
Panel Maske	0,035	0,900	
Panelvent Sheathing Board Manufacturer Datasheet + 25%	0,125	0,900	
Pine Kiefer	0,130	0,900	
Silicone Silikon	0,350	0,900	
Softwood, OSB Weichholz, OSB 10456	0,130	0,900	0,018
Unvent. cavity unbel. Hohlr. *			0,640
slightly vent. cav. leicht bel. Hohlr. *			0,640
* EN ISO 10077-2:2017, 6.4.3			



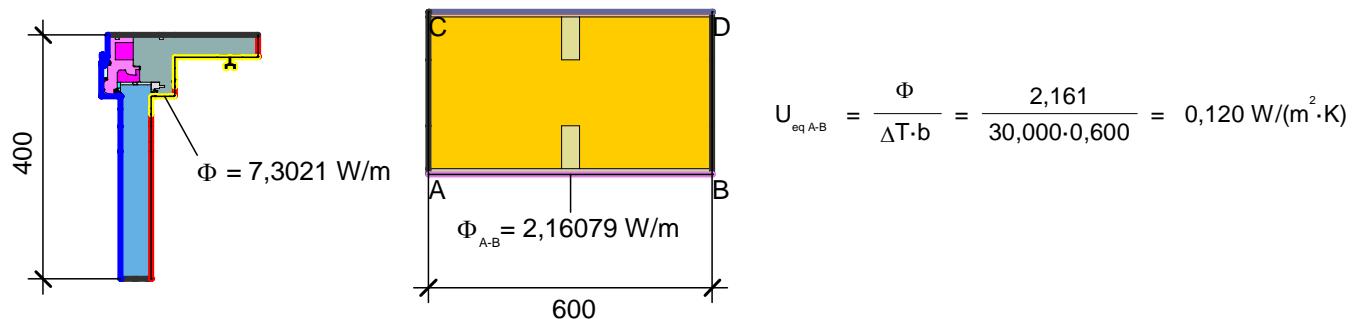
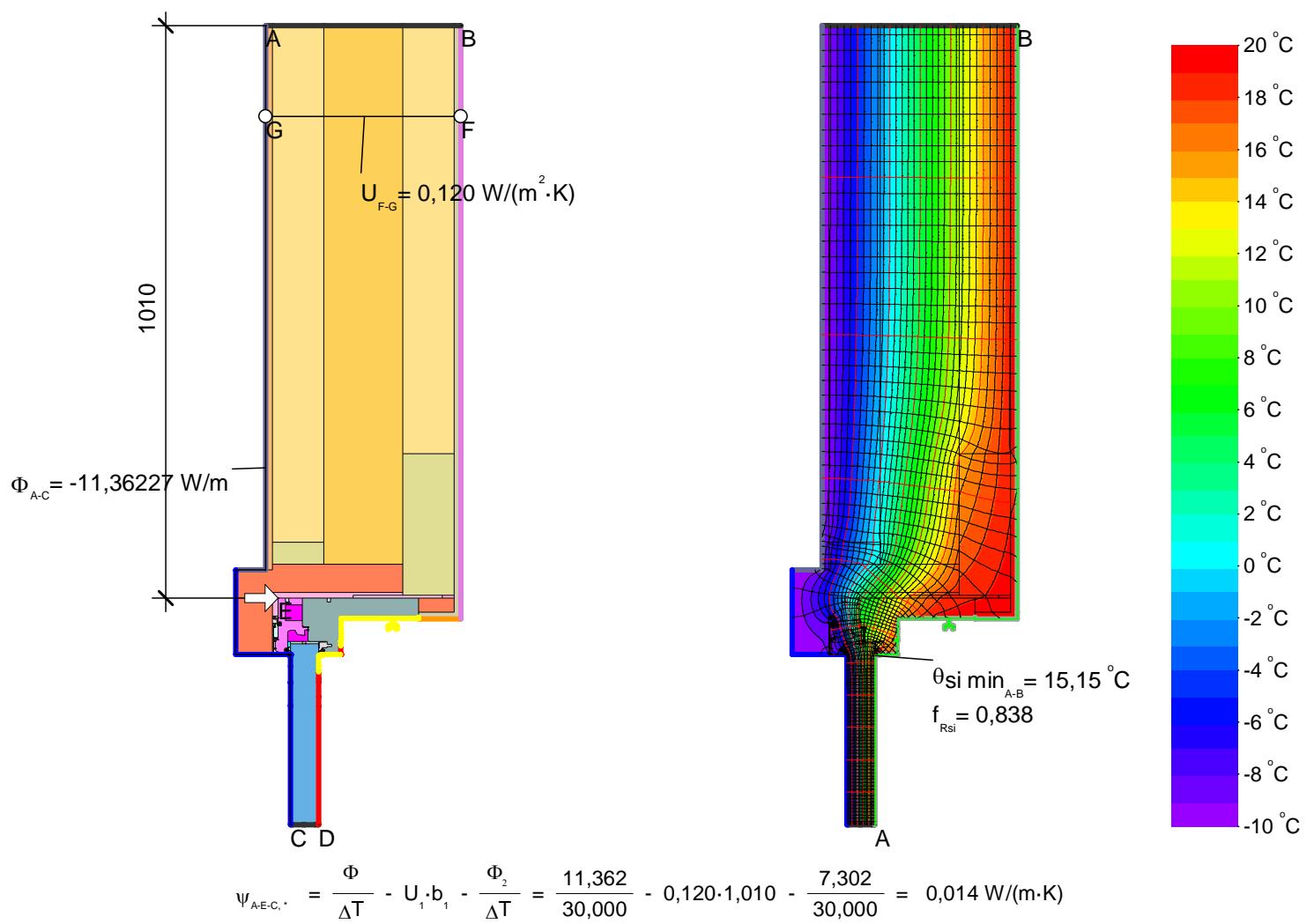




Material	$\lambda[\text{W}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{K})]$	ε	$\delta[\text{mg}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{h} \cdot \text{Pa})]$
/ PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040, 3D äquivalent R 20-300(90)	0,057	0,900	0,640
Aluminum Aluminium 10456	160,000	0,900	6,400e-9
EPDM	0,250	0,900	
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard BBA Certificate + 25%	0,400	0,900	
Kay-Cel EPS 250/300E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,040	0,900	0,640
Knauf Frametherm Roll/Slab 32 (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,038	0,900	
PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040	0,040	0,900	0,010
Panel Maske	0,035	0,900	
Panelvent Sheathing Board Manufacturer Datasheet + 25%	0,125	0,900	
Pine Kiefer	0,130	0,900	
Silicone Silikon	0,350	0,900	
Softwood, OSB Weichholz, OSB 10456	0,130	0,900	0,018
Unvent. cavity unbel. Hohlr. *			0,640

* EN ISO 10077-2:2017, 6.4.3



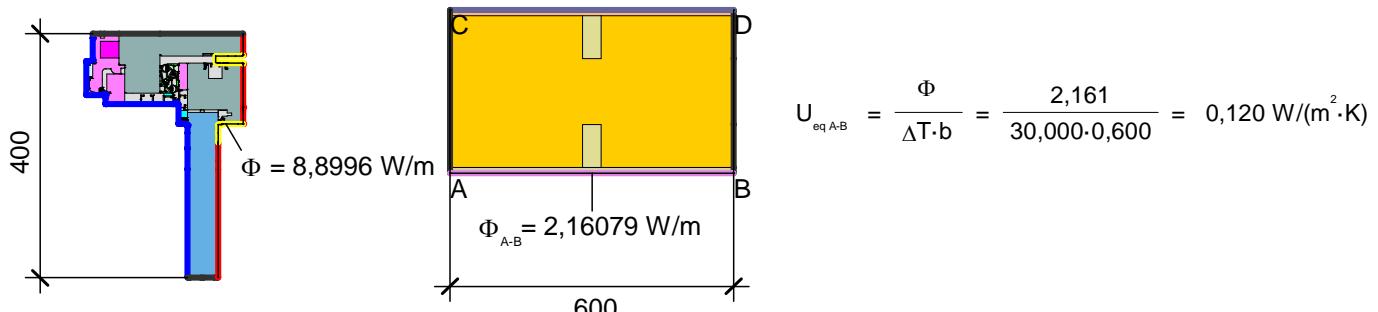
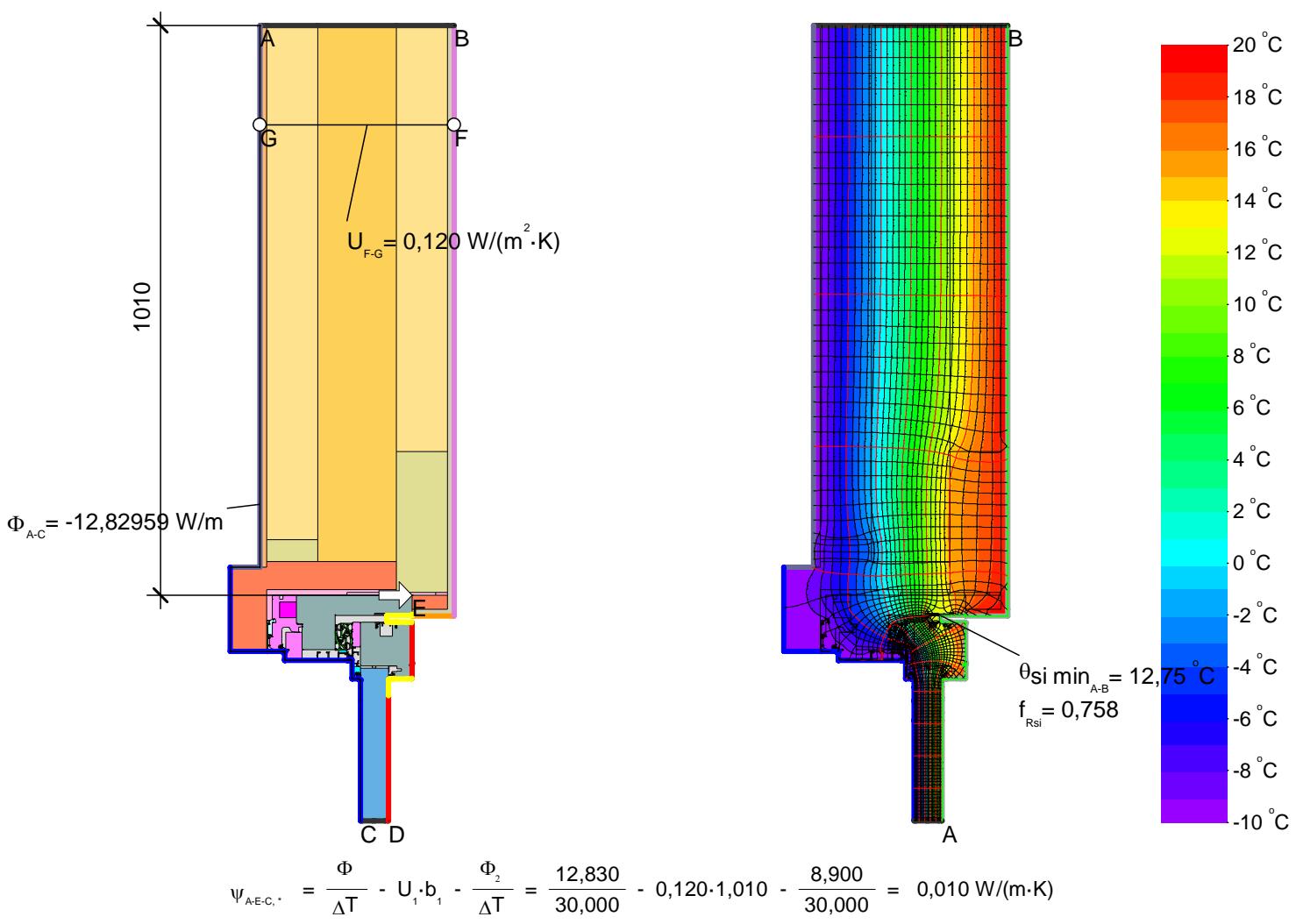


Material

Material	$\lambda [\text{W}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{K})]$	ε	$\delta [\text{mg}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{h} \cdot \text{Pa})]$
/ PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040, 3D äquivalent R 20-300(67)	0,057	0,900	0,640
Aluminum Aluminium 10456	160,000	0,900	6,400e-9
ENERcell	0,060	0,900	0,640
EPDM	0,250	0,900	
EPDM foam Moosgummi	0,050	0,900	
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard BBA Certificate + 25%	0,400	0,900	
GW+timber equivalent 1	0,043	0,900	0,640
GW+timber equivalent 2	0,038	0,900	0,640
Insulation Wärmédämmung 032	0,032	0,900	0,640
Insulation tape Vorlegeband	0,060	0,900	0,640
Kay-Cel EPS 250/300E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,040	0,900	0,640
PE-Insulation Wärmédämmung 035	0,035	0,900	0,640
PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040	0,040	0,900	0,010
Panel Maske	0,035	0,900	
Panelvent Sheathing Board Manufacturer Datasheet + 25%	0,125	0,900	
Softwood, OSB Weichholz, OSB 10456	0,130	0,900	0,018
Spruce, Fir Fichte, Tanne	0,110	0,900	
Unvent. cavity unbel. Hohlr. *			0,640
slightly vent. cav. leicht bel. Hohlr. *			0,640

* EN ISO 10077-2:2017, 6.4.3

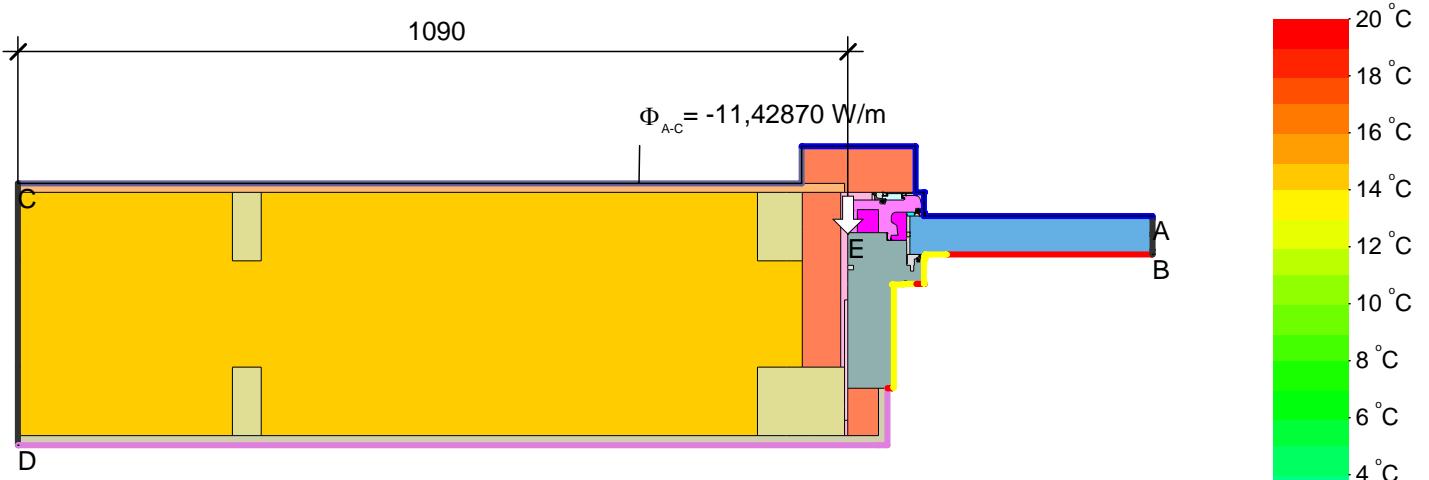




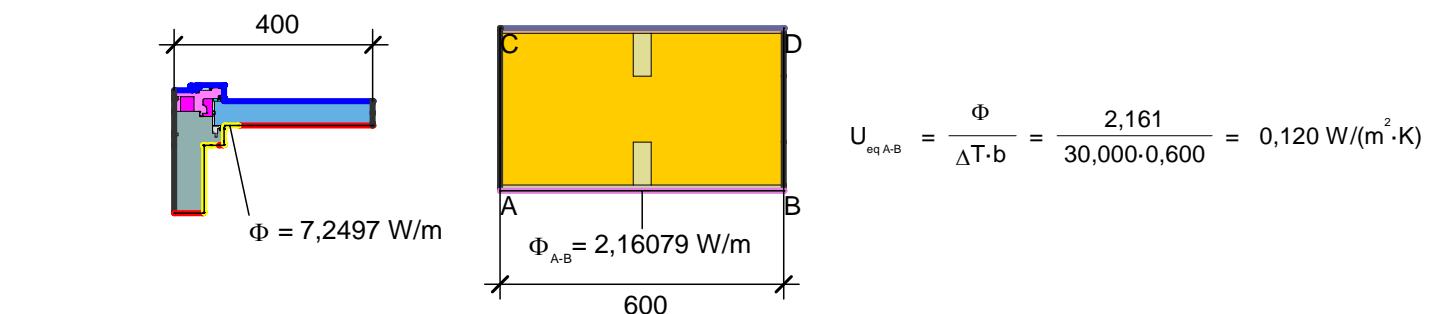
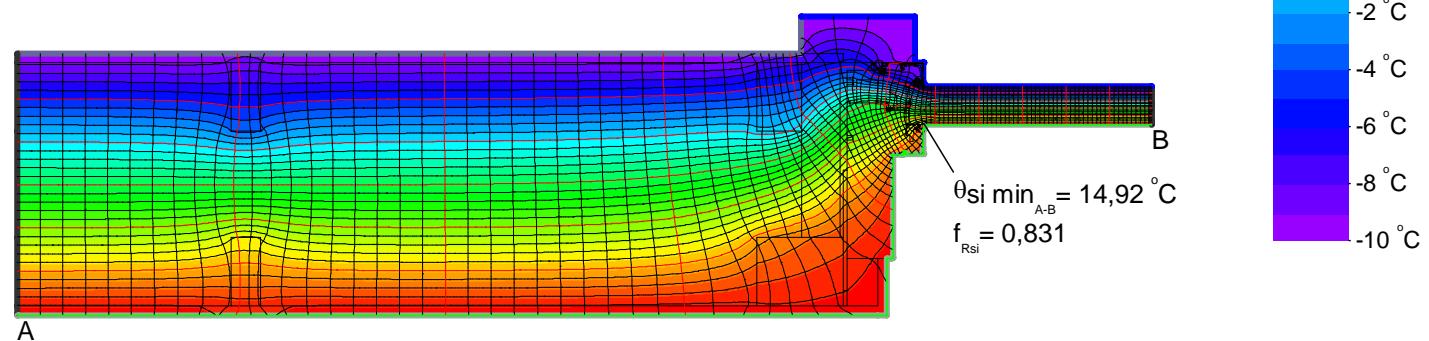
Material	$\lambda [\text{W}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{K})]$	ε	$\delta [\text{mg}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{h} \cdot \text{Pa})]$
/ PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040, 3D äquivalent R 20-300(68)	0,057	0,900	0,640
Aluminum Aluminium 10456	160,000	0,900	6,400e-9
ENERcell	0,060	0,900	0,640
EPDM	0,250	0,900	
EPDM foam Moosgummi	0,050	0,900	
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard BBA Certificate + 25%	0,400	0,900	
GW+timber equivalent 1	0,043	0,900	0,640
GW+timber equivalent 2	0,038	0,900	0,640
Insulation Wärmedämmung 032	0,032	0,900	0,640
Insulation tape Vorlegeband	0,060	0,900	0,640
Kay-Cel EPS 250/300E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,040	0,900	0,640
PE-Insulation Wärmedämmung 035	0,035	0,900	0,640
PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040	0,040	0,900	0,010
Panel Maske	0,035	0,900	
Panelvent Sheathing Board Manufacturer Datasheet + 25%	0,125	0,900	
Polyvinylchloride (PVC)	0,170	0,900	1,280e-5
Softwood, OSB Weichholz, OSB 10456	0,130	0,900	0,018
Spruce, Fir Fichte, Tanne	0,110	0,900	
Unvent. cavity unbel. Hohlr. *			0,640
slightly vent. cav. leicht bel. Hohlr. *			0,640

* EN ISO 10077-2:2017, 6.4.3





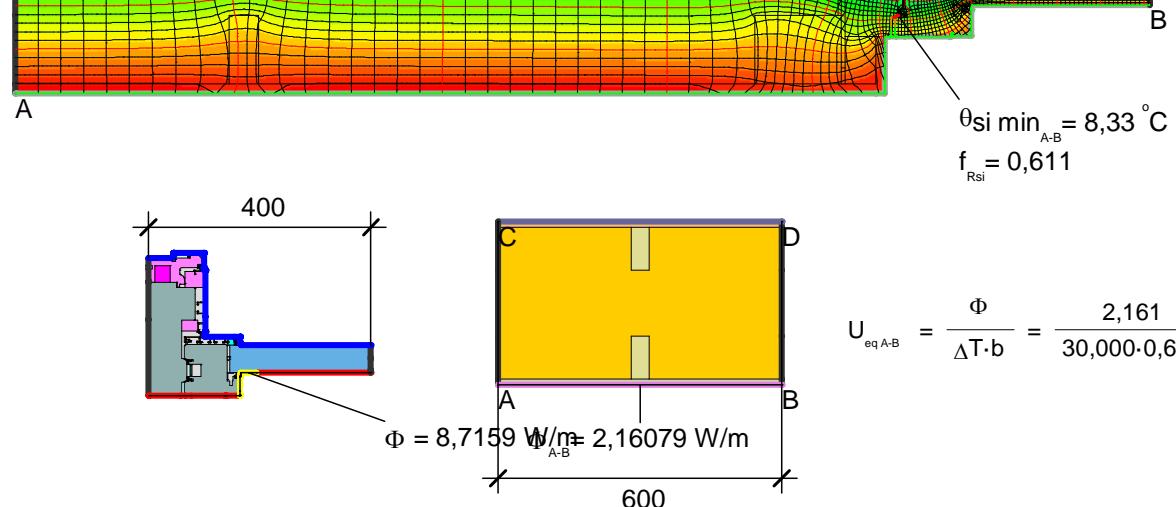
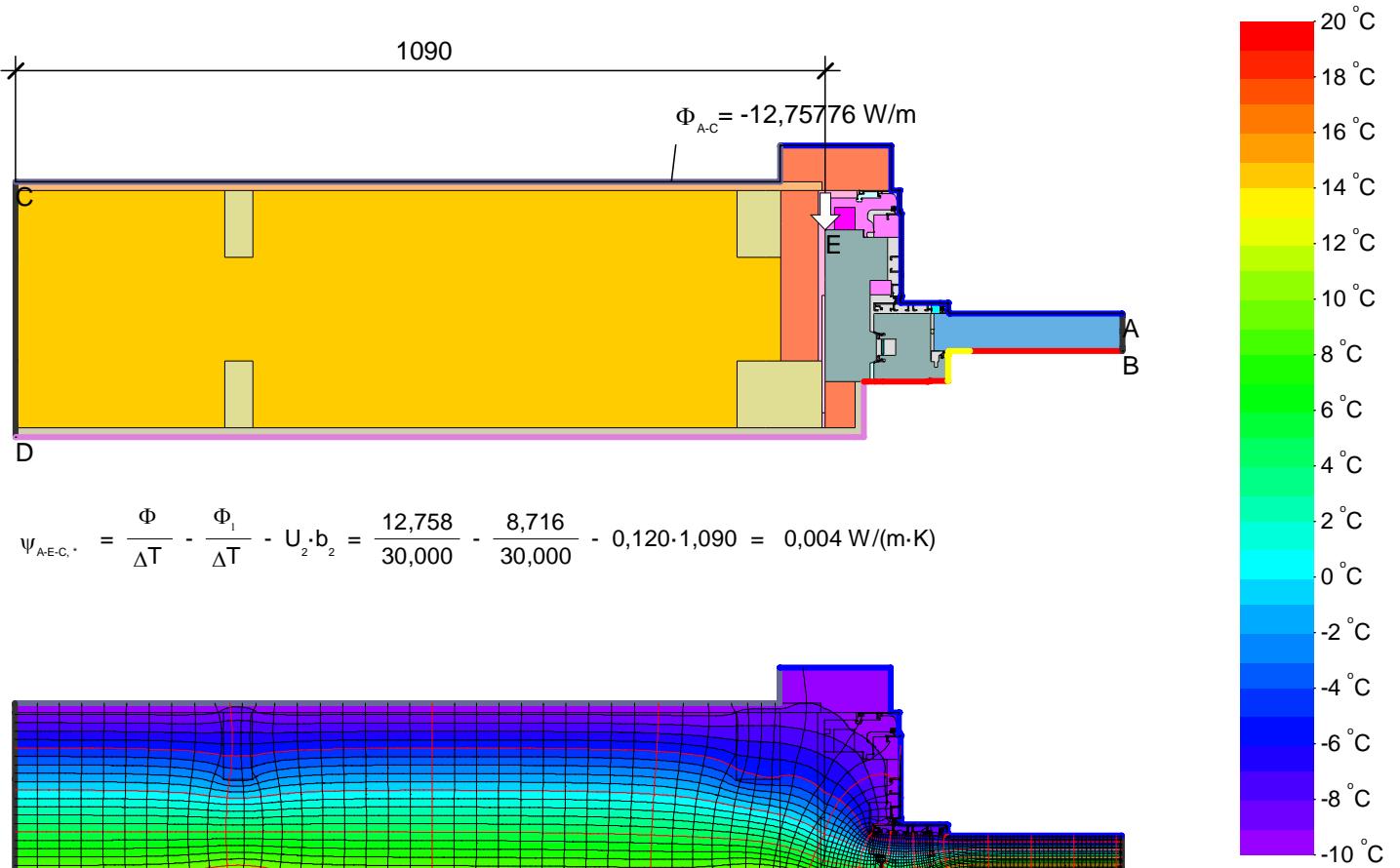
$$\psi_{A-E-C,*} = \frac{\Phi}{\Delta T} - \frac{\Phi_i}{\Delta T} - U_2 \cdot b_2 = \frac{11,429}{30,000} - \frac{7,250}{30,000} - 0,120 \cdot 1,090 = 0,008 \text{ W/(m·K)}$$



Material	$\lambda[\text{W}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{K})]$	ε	$\delta[\text{mg}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{h} \cdot \text{Pa})]$
/ PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040, 3D äquivalent R 20-300(69)	0,057	0,900	0,640
Aluminum Aluminium 10456	160,000	0,900	6,400e-9
ENERcell	0,060	0,900	0,640
EPDM	0,250	0,900	
EPDM foam Moosgummi	0,050	0,900	
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard BBA Certificate + 25%	0,400	0,900	
Insulation Wärmedämmung 032	0,032	0,900	0,640
Insulation tape Vorlegeband	0,060	0,900	0,640
Kay-Cel EPS 250/300E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,040	0,900	0,640
Knauf Frametherm Roll/Slab 32 (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,038	0,900	
Nicht definiertes Material (1)	1,000	0,900	1,000
PE-Insulation Wärmedämmung 035	0,035	0,900	0,640
PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040	0,040	0,900	0,010
Panel Maske	0,035	0,900	
Panelvent Sheathing Board Manufacturer Datasheet + 25%	0,125	0,900	
Softwood, OSB Weichholz, OSB 10456	0,130	0,900	0,018
Spruce, Fir Fichte, Tanne	0,110	0,900	
Unvent. cavity unbel. Hohlr. *			0,640
slightly vent. cav. leicht bel. Hohlr. *			0,640

* EN ISO 10077-2:2017, 6.4.3





Material

Material	$\lambda[\text{W/(m}\cdot\text{K)}]$	ε	$\delta[\text{mg/(m}\cdot\text{h}\cdot\text{Pa)}]$
/ PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040, 3D äquivalent R 20-300(70)	0,057	0,900	0,640
Aluminum Aluminium 10456	160,000	0,900	6,400e-9
ENERcell	0,060	0,900	0,640
EPDM	0,250	0,900	
EPDM foam Moosgummi	0,050	0,900	
Fermacell Gypsum Fibreboard BBA Certificate + 25%	0,400	0,900	
Insulation Wärmedämmung 032	0,032	0,900	0,640
Insulation tape Vorlegeband	0,060	0,900	0,640
Kay-Cel EPS 250/300E (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,040	0,900	0,640
Knauf Frametherm Roll/Slab 32 (DoP + DIN 4108)	0,038	0,900	
Nicht definiertes Material (1)	1,000	0,900	1,000
PE-Insulation Wärmedämmung 035	0,035	0,900	0,640
PU in-situ foam PU-Ortschaum 040	0,040	0,900	0,010
Panel Maske	0,035	0,900	
Panelvent Sheathing Board Manufacturer Datasheet + 25%	0,125	0,900	
Softwood, OSB Weichholz, OSB 10456	0,130	0,900	0,018
Spruce, Fir Fichte, Tanne	0,110	0,900	
Steel Stahl (1)	50,000	0,900	6,400e-9
Unvent. cavity unbel. Hohlr. *			0,640
slightly vent. cav. leicht bel. Hohlr. *			0,640

* EN ISO 10077-2:2017, 6.4.3





Appendix 3: Manufacturers drawings | Zeichnungen des Herstellers

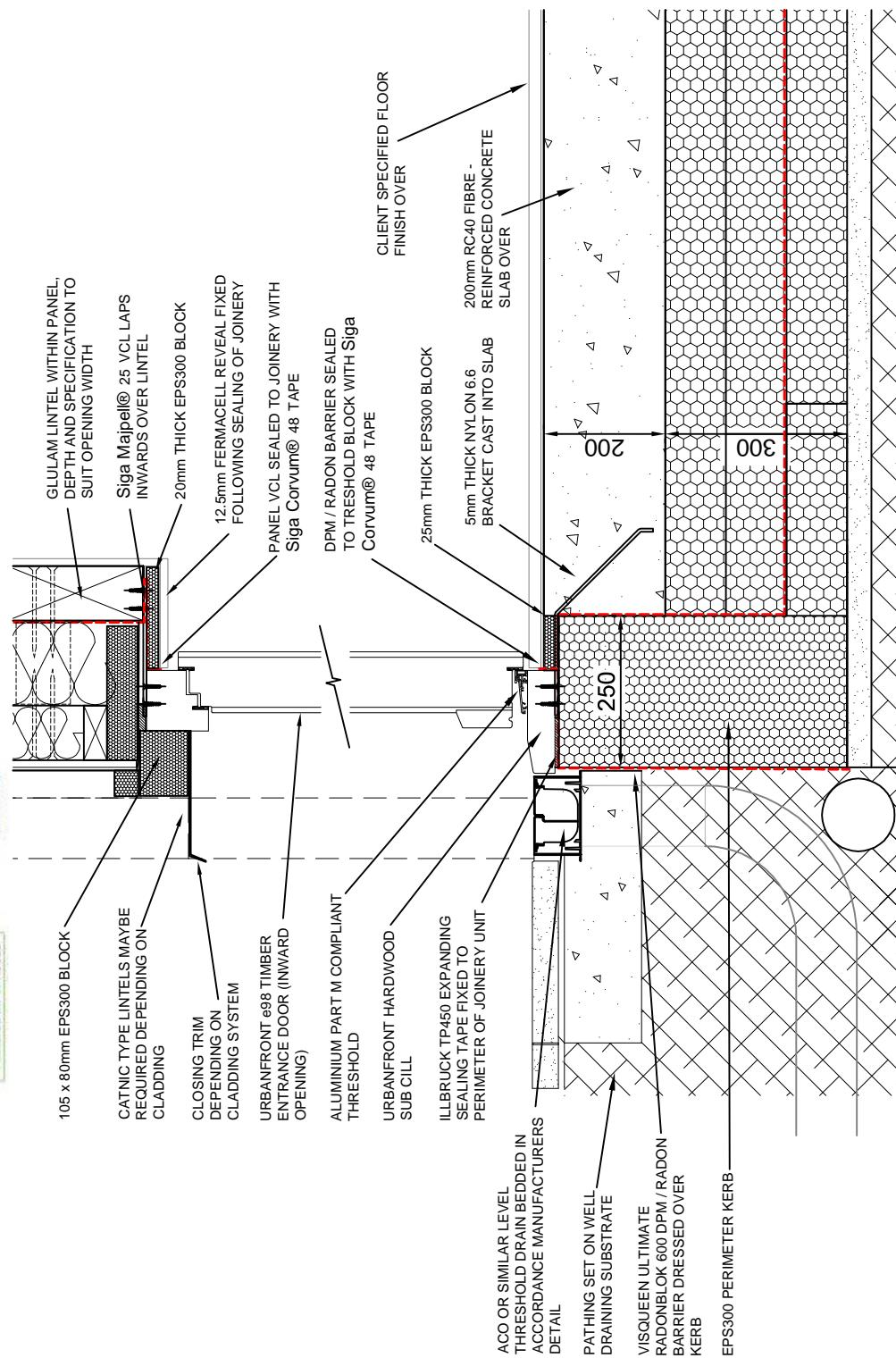
Passive House Institute



THIS DRAWING REMAINS THE COPYRIGHT OF ADVANCED HOUSING SYSTEMS LTD. UNAUTHORISED COPYING, ALTERATION OR USE IS STRICTLY FORBIDDEN



DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING - IF IN DOUBT ASK!
As seen on Channel 4
Flat Pack Mansions
Grand Designs



WI-TH

Advanced Housing Systems
BUTTERLEIGH SAWMILL, BUTTERLEIGH, CULLOMPTON, DEVON, EX15 1PP
admin@advancedhousingsystems.co.uk Tel: +44 (0) 207 1931461, +44 (0) 1534 721600



TITLE: ENTRANCE DOOR HEAD AND CILL
PROJECT: PASSIVHAUS STANDARD DETAIL

CLIENT: DATE: REV:

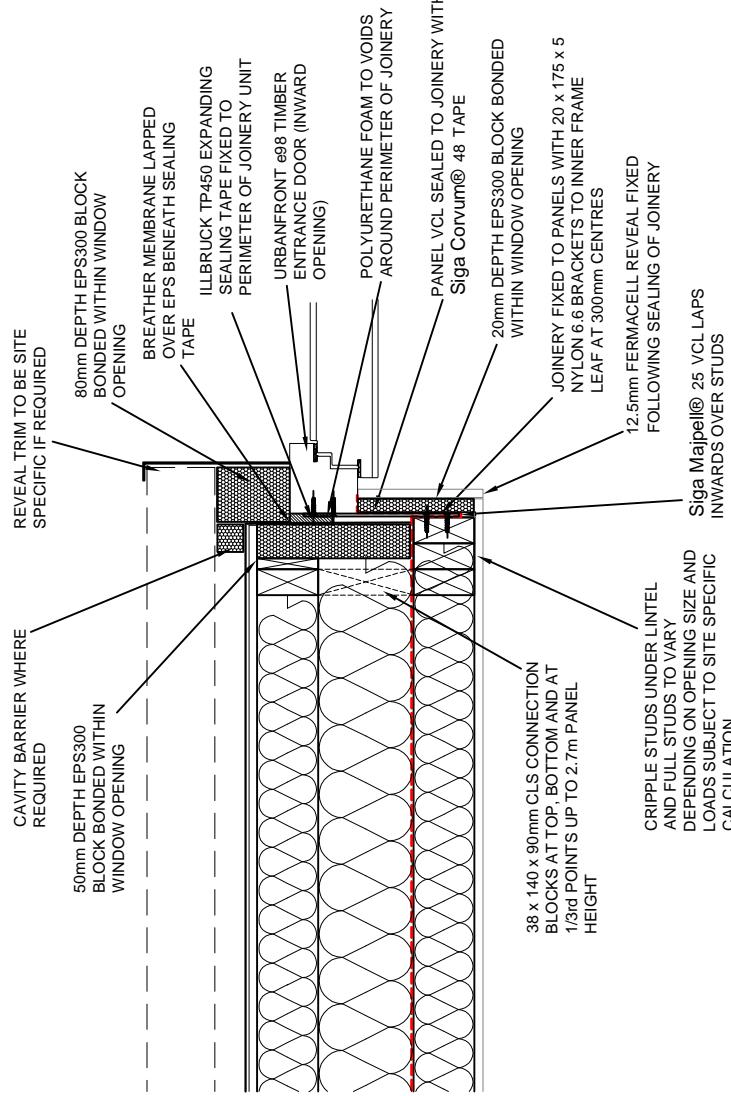
DWG No. WI-TH
DWG SCALE 1:10

DWG No. WI-TH
DWG SCALE 1:10

THIS DRAWING REMAINS THE COPYRIGHT OF ADVANCED HOUSING SYSTEMS LTD. UNAUTHORISED COPYING, ALTERATION OR USE IS STRICTLY FORBIDDEN



DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING - IF IN DOUBT ASK!



WI-ED



TITLE: ENTRANCE DOOR JAMB

PROJECT: PASSIVEHAUS STANDARD DETAIL

DWG No. WI-ED
DWG SCALE: 1:10

CLIENT:

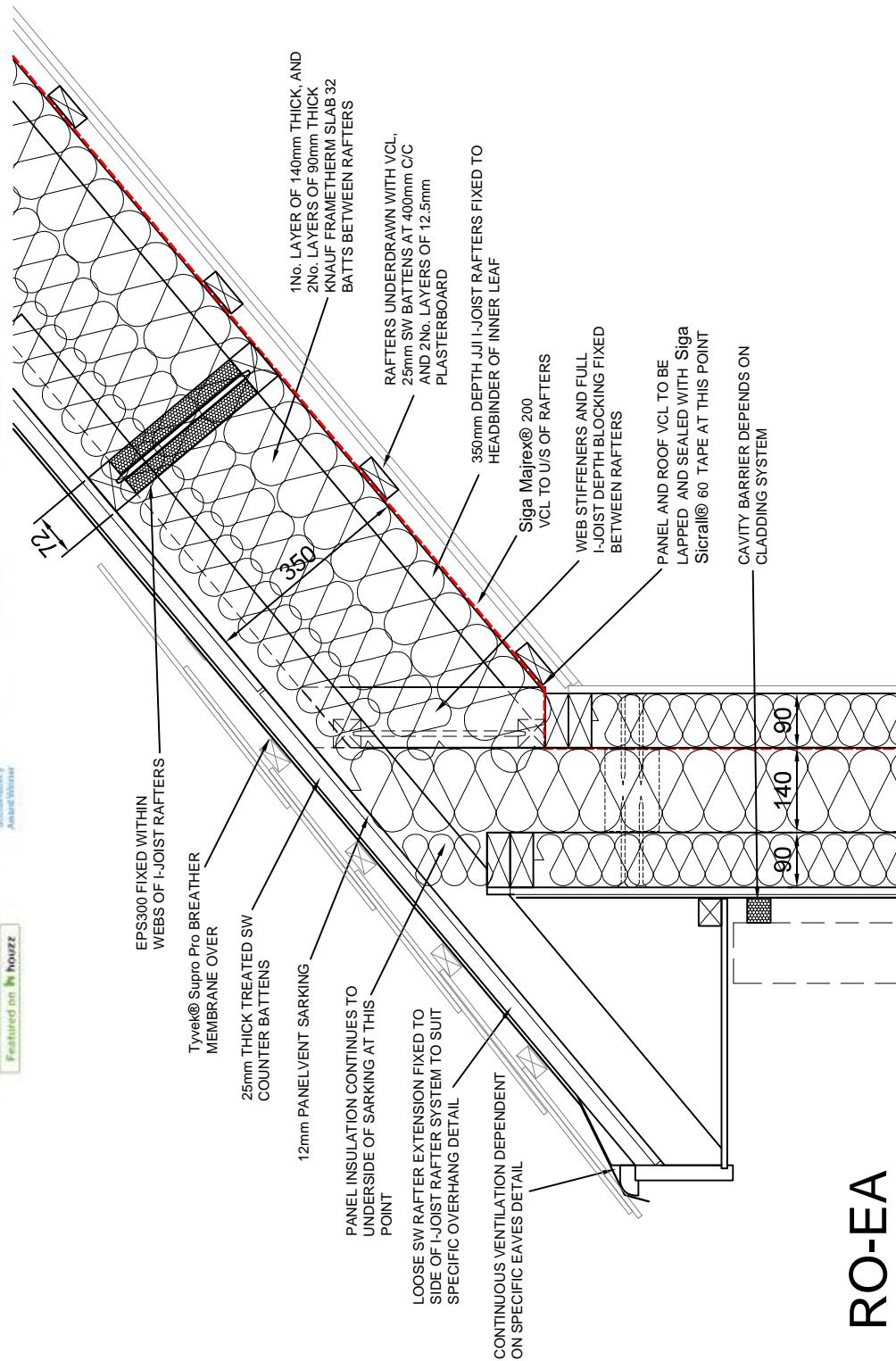
DATE: 21/1/2021

BUTTERLEIGH SAWMILL, BUTTERLEIGH, CULLOMPTON, DEVON, EX15 1PP
admin@advancedhousingsystems.co.uk Tel: +44 (0) 207 1931461, +44 (0) 1534 721600
REV:

THIS DRAWING REMAINS THE COPYRIGHT OF ADVANCED HOUSING SYSTEMS LTD. UNAUTHORISED COPYING, ALTERATION OR USE IS STRICTLY FORBIDDEN



DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING - IF IN DOUBT ASK!
As seen on Channel 4
Flat Pack Mansions
Grand Designs



RO-EA



Advanced Housing Systems
BUTTERLEIGH SAWMILL, BUTTERLEIGH, CULLOMPTON, DEVON, EX15 1PP
Tel: +44 (0) 207 1931461, +44 (0) 1534 721600
admin@advancedhousingsystems.co.uk

TITLE: EXTERNAL WALL TO RAFTER
PROJECT: PASSIVHAUS STANDARD DETAIL

CLIENT: DATE: DWG NO. REV:
DWG SCALE: 1:10

THIS DRAWING REMAINS THE COPYRIGHT OF ADVANCED HOUSING SYSTEMS LTD. UNAUTHORISED COPYING, ALTERATION OR USE IS STRICTLY FORBIDDEN



Featured in **hour**



DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING - IF IN DOUBT ASK!
As seen on Channel 4
Flat Pack Mansions
Grand Designs



DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING - IF IN DOUBT ASK!
As seen on Channel 4
Flat Pack Mansions
Grand Designs

DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING - IF IN DOUBT ASK!

PREFABRICATED ROOF TRUSSES

400mm (4LAYER OF 100mm) DEPTH
KNAUF LOFT ROLL 44

CONTINUOUS EAVES VENTILATION
AS NECESSARY, TO BE SITE
SPECIFIC

12mm PANELVENT
SHEATHING BOARD, Tyvek®
Raflex BREATHER
MEMBRANE OVER

Siga Majrex® 200
VCL TO U/S OF ROOF TRUSSES
PANEL AND ROOF VCL TO BE
LAPPED AND SEALED WITH Siga
Sicral® 60 TAPE AT THIS POINT

TRUSSES UNDERDRAWN WITH VCL,
25mm SW BATTENS AT 400mm C/C
AND 2No. LAYERS OF 12.5mm
PLASTERBOARD

CAVITY BARRIER WHERE
REQUIRED
38 x 140 x 90mm CLS
CONNECTION BLOCKS AT TOP,
BOTTOM AND AT 1/3rd POINTS
UP TO 2.7m PANEL HEIGHT

CLADDING SYSTEM AS
REQUIRED

RO-EA



Advanced Housing Systems
BUTTERLEIGH SAWMILL, BUTTERLEIGH, CULLOMPTON, DEVON, EX15 1PP
admin@advancedhousingsystems.co.uk Tel: +44 (0) 207 1931461, +44 (0) 1334 721600

TITLE: EXTERNAL WALL TO ROOF TRUSS
PROJECT: PASSIVHAUS STANDARD DETAIL

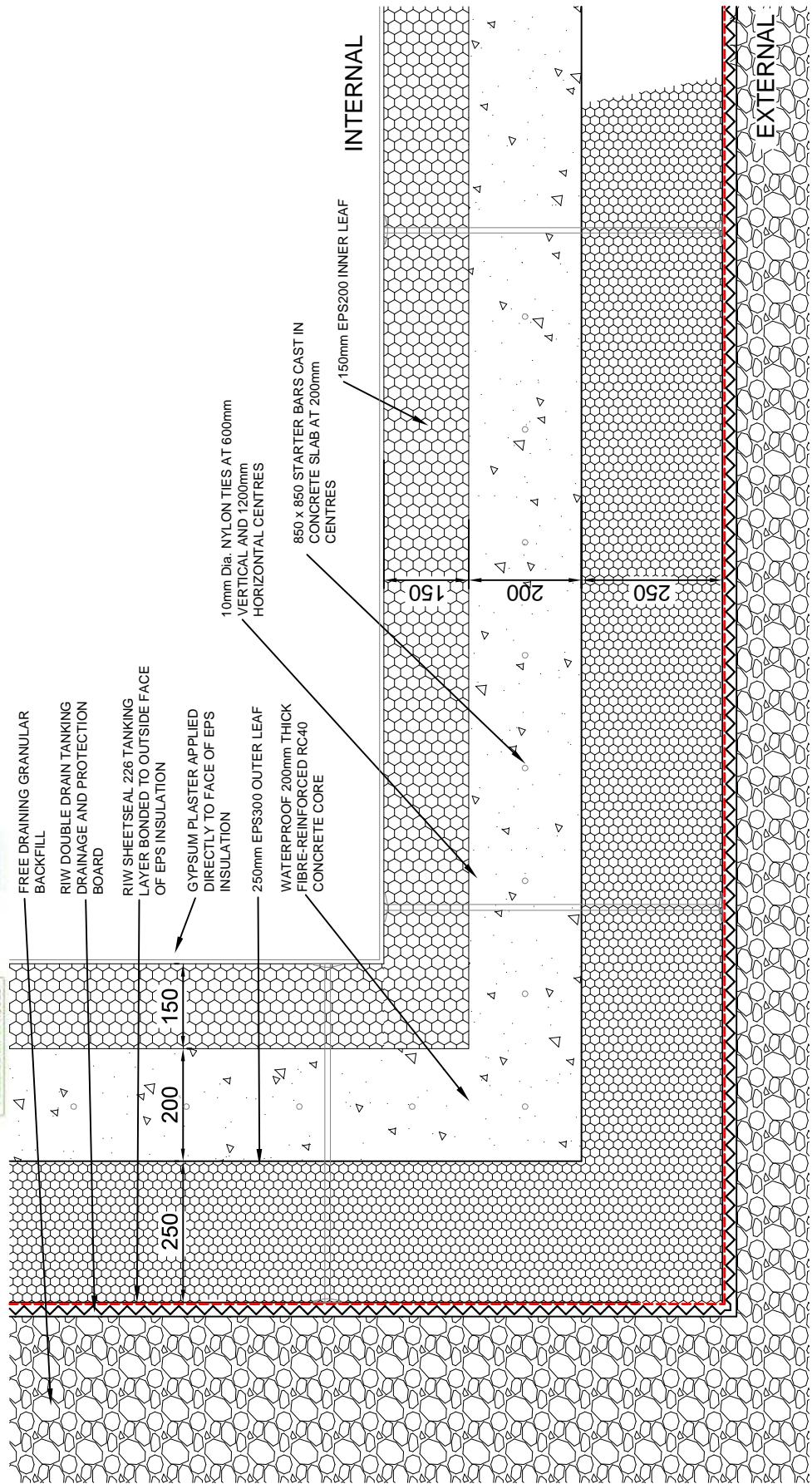
CLIENT: DATE: REV:

DWG NO. RO-EA
DWG SCALE: 1:10

THIS DRAWING REMAINS THE COPYRIGHT OF ADVANCED HOUSING SYSTEMS LTD. UNAUTHORISED COPYING, ALTERATION OR USE IS STRICTLY FORBIDDEN



DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING - IF IN DOUBT ASK!



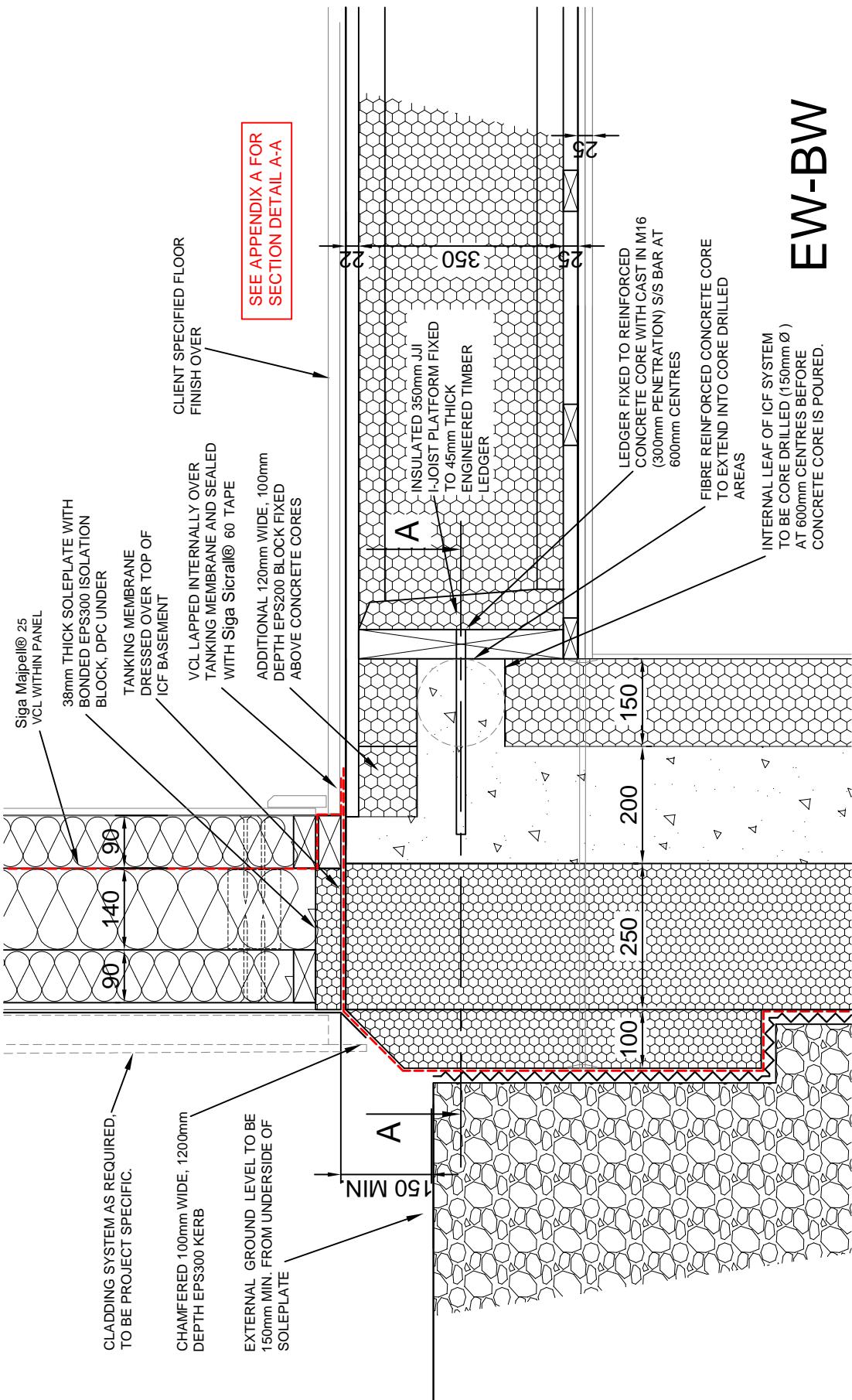
BW-EC



TITLE: ICF BASEMENT EXTERNAL CORNER
PROJECT: PASSIVHAUS STANDARD DETAIL

CLIENT: BUTTERLEIGH SAWMILL, BUTTERLEIGH, CULLOMPTON, DEVON, EX15 1PP
DATE: 21/1/2021 DWG NO. BW-EC
admin@advancedhousingsystems.co.uk Tel: +44 (0) 207 1931461, +44 (0) 1534 721600 REV:

DWG SCALE: 1:10

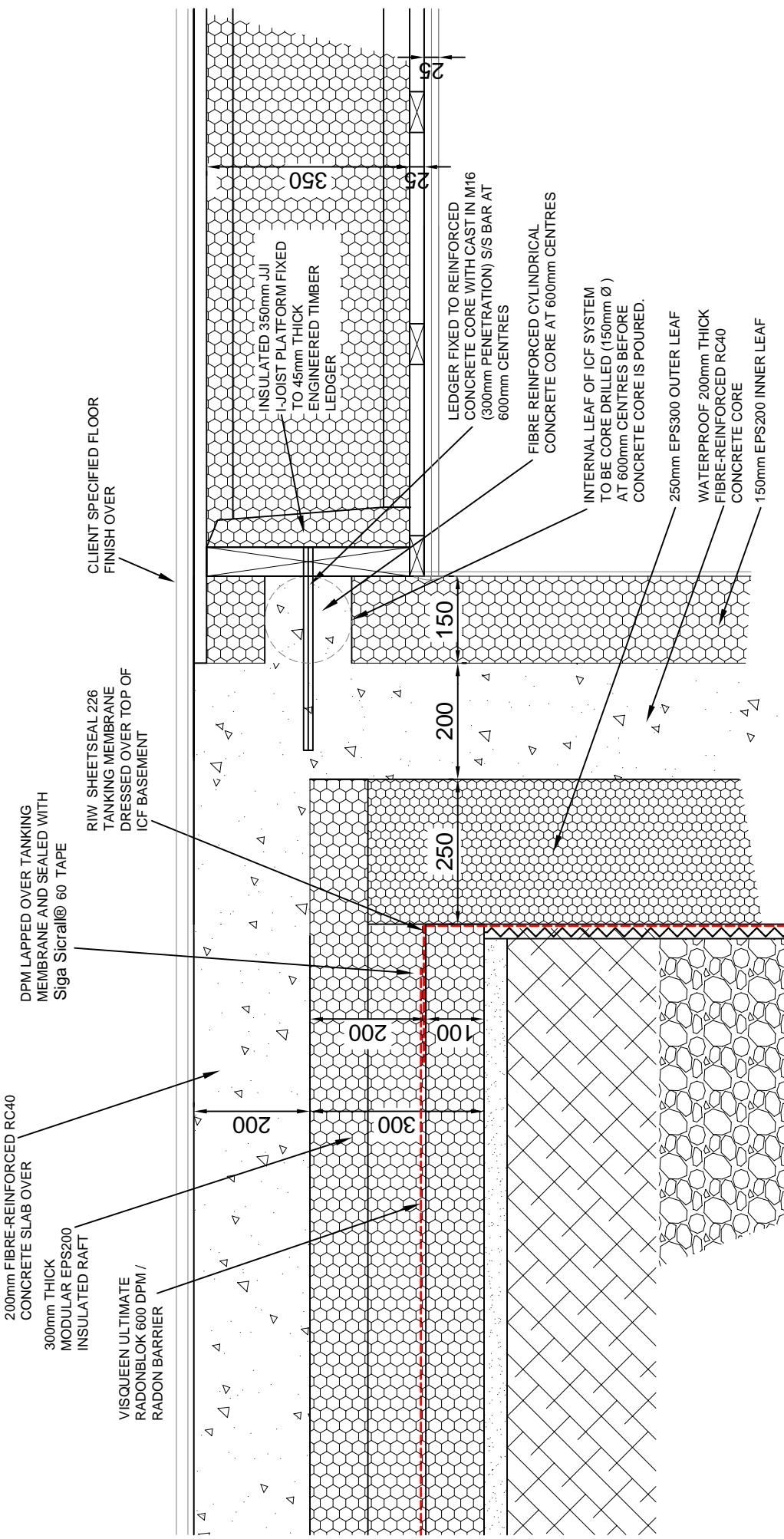


Job title				Passivhaus Standard Details	Job No.	PHID	Dwg No.	EW-BW	This drawing and all design and details are the copyright of Advanced Housing Systems Ltd
Drawing	ICF Basement Wall To External Wall Panel	Date	10/5/2021	Scale	1:10				This drawing must be read in conjunction with all other drawings, details and specifications issued by the Architect, Structural Engineer and other Consultants or approved specialists. Discrepancies between any other drawings, details and/or specifications must be referred to the Architect within a reasonable amount of time prior to the commencement of the work. It is the Contractor's responsibility to ensure that all work is carried out in accordance with all statutory requirements and to the approval of the Building Control Officer. All roof and structural timbers, unless otherwise stated, are to be vacuum preservative treated by approved methods before delivery to site. All roof decking or external plywood specification to have a W.B.P. Bonded external grade. All materials are to comply with the latest British Standard Specification or have an Agrement Certificate, or in the event of neither to the approval of the Architect. The Contractor is responsible for all setting out of the works and are to work to written dimensions only, do not scale off drawings. All dimensions and setting out must be checked on site. If in any doubt refer to the Architect prior to the commencement of the works.
Client	-	Drawn	NTFD	Rev.	-				

BRICKNELL & FOWLER GROUP

www.advancedhousingsystems.co.uk
www.advancedfoundationsystems.co.uk
www.bricknellandfowler.com

JERSEY | DEVON | LONDON

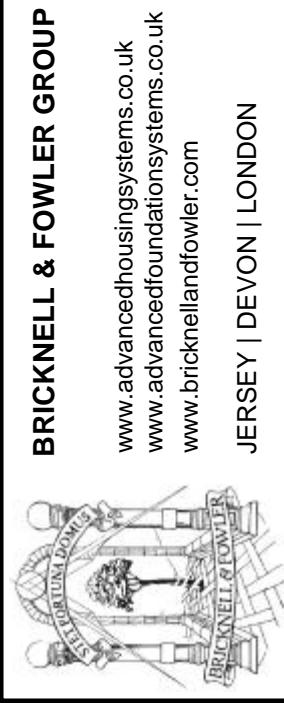


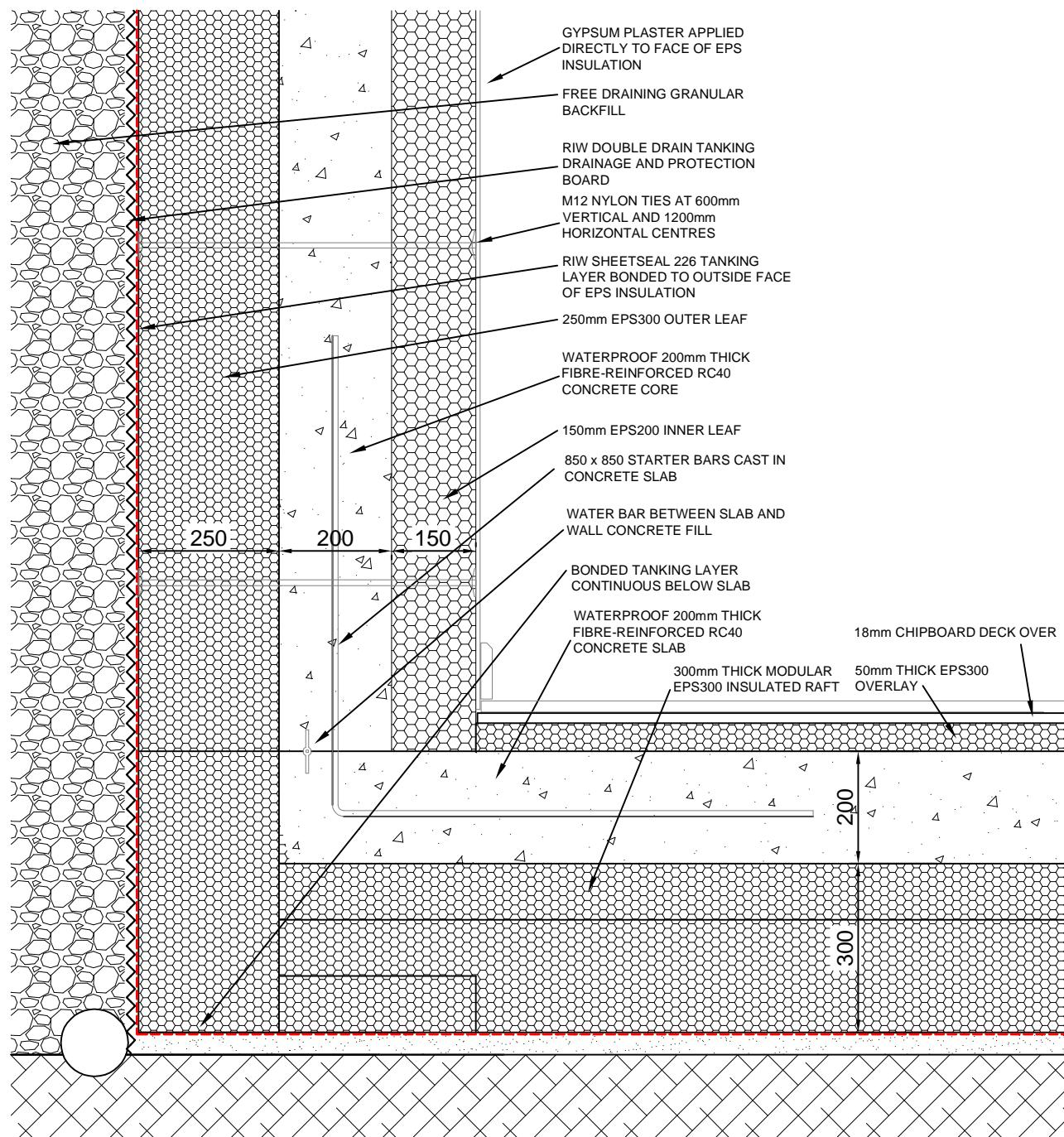
FS-BW-IC

This drawing and all design and details are the copyright of Advanced Housing Systems Ltd

This drawing must be read in conjunction with all other drawings, details and specifications issued by the Architect, Structural Engineer and other Consultants or approved specialists. Discrepancies between any other drawings, details and/or specifications must be referred to the Architect within a reasonable amount of time prior to the commencement of the work. It is the Contractor's responsibility to ensure that all work is carried out in accordance with all statutory requirements and to the approval of the Building Control Officer. All roof and structural timbers, unless otherwise stated, are to be vacuum preservative treated by approved methods before delivery to site. All roof decking or external plywood to be W.B.P Bonded external grade. All materials are to comply with the latest British Standard Specification or have an Agreement Certificate or in the event of neither to the approval of the Architect. The Contractor is responsible for all setting out of the works and are to work to written dimensions only, do not scale off drawings. All dimensions and setting out must be checked on site. If in any doubt refer to the Architect prior to the commencement of the works.

Job title	Passivhaus Standard Details	Job No.	Dwg No.
Drawing	ICF Basement Wall To Floor Slab At Internal Junction	PHID	FS-BW-IC
Client		Date 10/5/2021	Scale 1:10
	Drawn NTFD	Rev.	-





BW-FS



BREEAM®



AECB

As seen on Channel
Flat Pack Mansions
Grand Designs



Advanced Housing Systems

BUTTERLEIGH SAWMILL, BUTTERLEIGH, CULLOMPTON, DEVON, EX15 1PP
admin@advancedhousingsystems.co.uk Tel: +44 (0) 207 1931461, +44 (0) 1534 721600

TITLE: ICF BASEMENT WALL TO SLAB
PROJECT: PASSIVHAUS STANDARD DETAIL

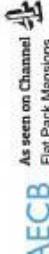
CLIENT:

DATE: 21/1/2021

DWG No. BW-FS

REV:

DWG SCALE: 1:10



DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING - IF IN DOUBT ASK!

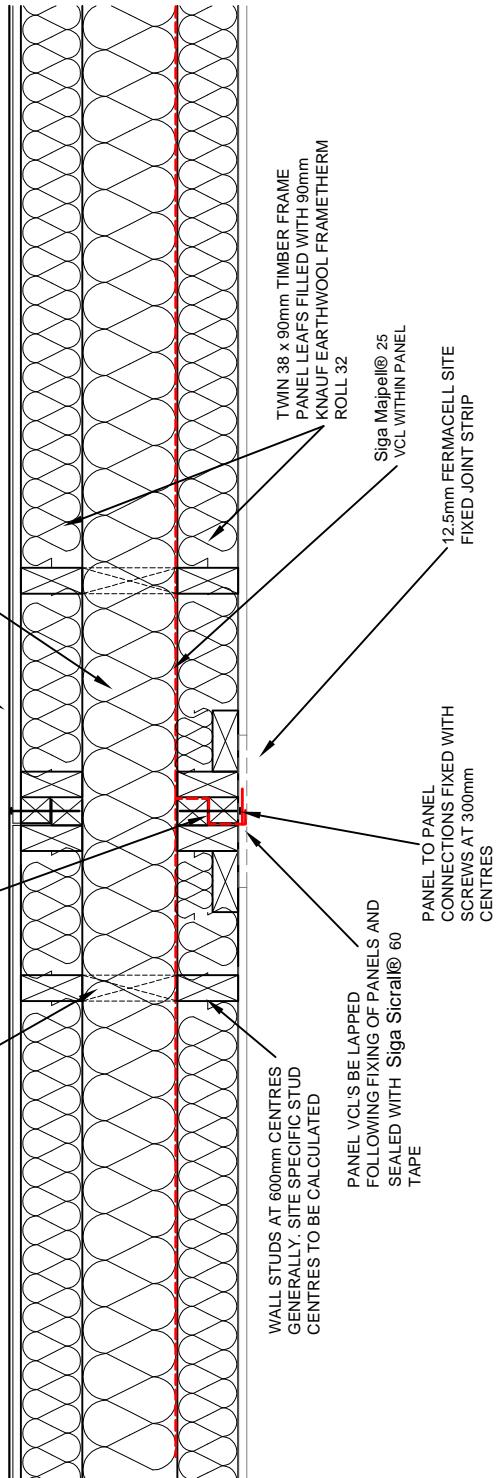
As seen on Channel 4
Flat Pack Mansions
Grand Designs

38 x 140 x 90mm CLS CONNECTION BLOCKS AT TOP, BOTTOM AND 1/3rd POINTS UP TO 2.7m PANEL HEIGHT

PANEL VCL WRAP OVER BINDERS. CONTINUOUS SEALANT BEAD TO BE APPLIED TO FACE OF VCL BEFORE MATING OF PANELS AND FIXING

12mm PANELVENT SHEATHING BOARD Type® Reflex BREATHER

MEMBRANE OVER CAVITY FILLED WITH 140mm KNAUF EARTHWOOL FRAME THERM SLAB 32



EW



TITLE: INLINE WALL PANEL CONNECTION
PROJECT: PASSIVHAUS STANDARD DETAIL

CLIENT: BUTTERLEIGH SAWMILL, BUTTERLEIGH, CULLOMPTON, DEVON, EX15 1PP
DATE: 21/1/2021 DWG No. EW
REV: admin@advancedhousingsystems.co.uk Tel: +44 (0) 207 1931461, +44 (0) 1534 721600 DWG SCALE 1:10

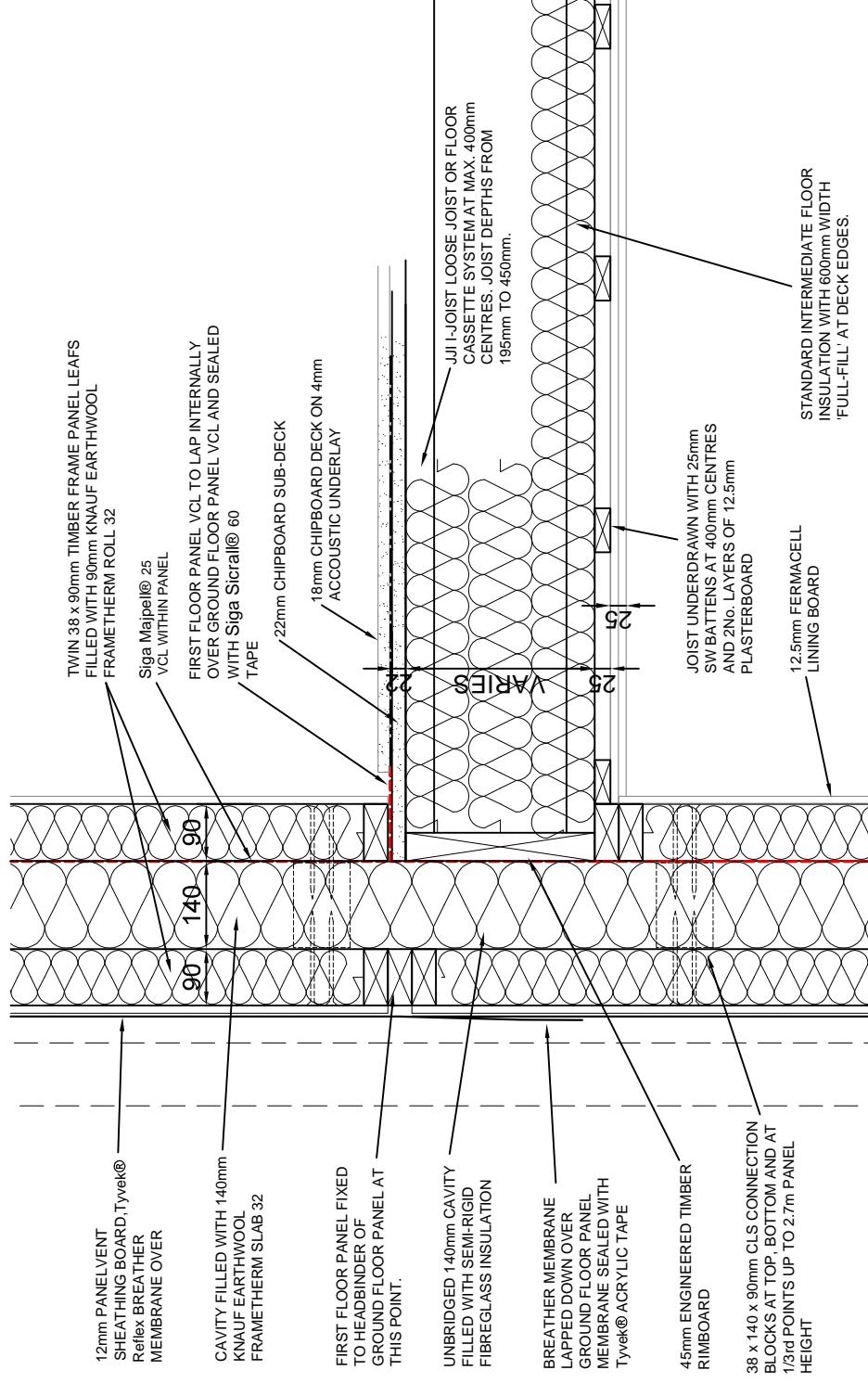
THIS DRAWING REMAINS THE COPYRIGHT OF ADVANCED HOUSING SYSTEMS LTD. UNAUTHORISED COPYING, ALTERATION OR USE IS STRICTLY FORBIDDEN



Featured on houzz



DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING - IF IN DOUBT ASK!
As seen on Channel 4
Flat Pack Mansions
Grand Designs



EW-CE

TITLE:
PROJECT:



INTERMEDIATE FLOOR TO WALL

PASSIVHAUS STANDARD DETAIL

CLIENT: BUTTERLEIGH SAWMILL, BUTTERLEIGH, CULLOMPTON, DEVON, EX15 1PP
PROJECT: PASSIVHAUS STANDARD DETAIL
DATE: 21/1/2021 DWG No. EW-CE
REV: admin@advancedhousingsystems.co.uk Tel: +44 (0) 207 1931461, +44 (0) 1534 721600 DWG SCALE: 1:10

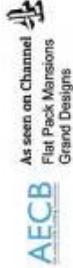
THIS DRAWING REMAINS THE COPYRIGHT OF ADVANCED HOUSING SYSTEMS LTD. UNAUTHORISED COPYING, ALTERATION OR USE IS STRICTLY FORBIDDEN



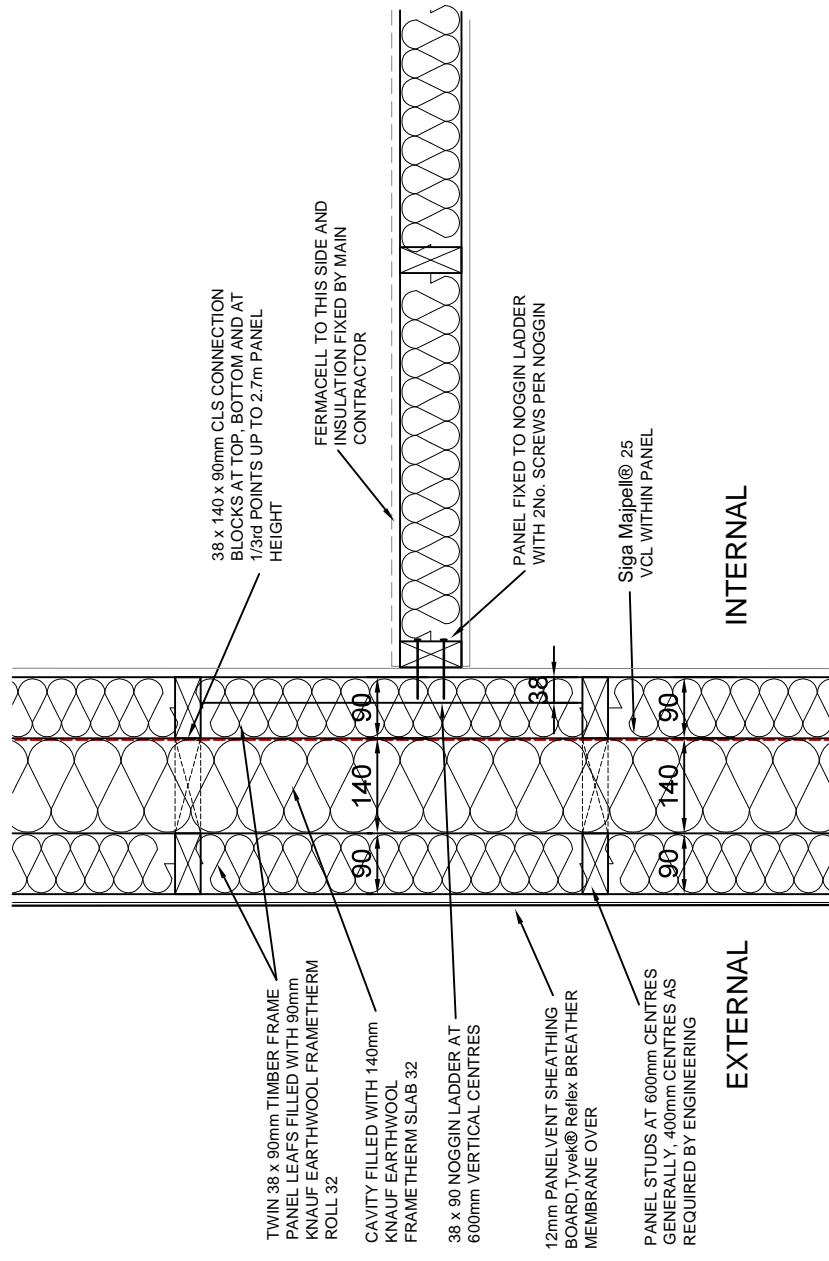
Featured on hourz



Stable & Healthy
Awards Winner



DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING - IF IN DOUBT ASK!
As seen on Channel 4
Flat Pack Mansions
Grand Designs



EW-IW



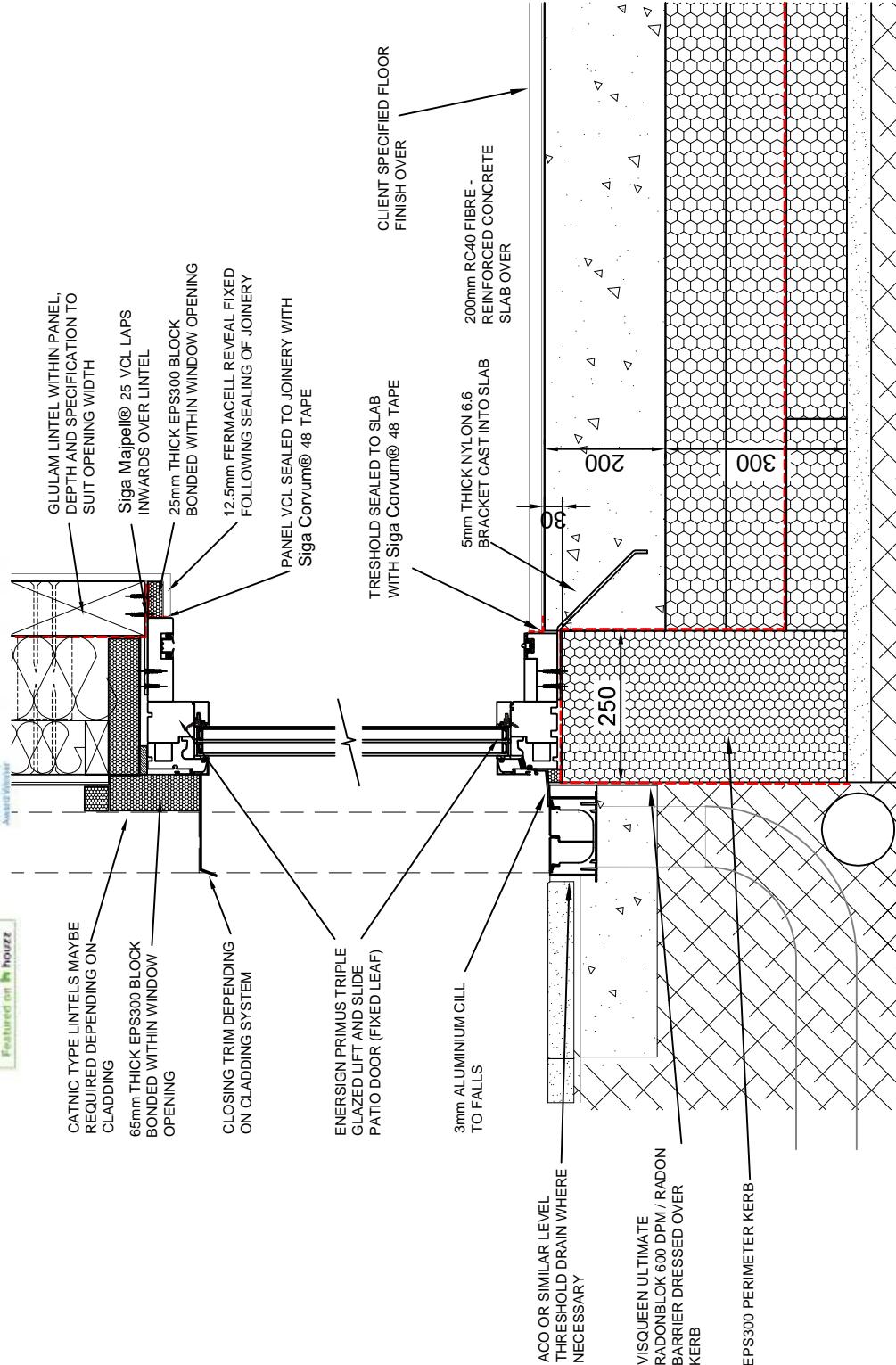
TITLE: INTERNAL WALL TO EXTERNAL WALL
PROJECT: PASSIVHAUS STANDARD DETAIL

CLIENT: BUTTERLEIGH SAWMILL, BUTTERLEIGH, CULLOMPTON, DEVON, EX15 1PP
DATE: 21/1/2021 DWG No. EW-IW
admin@advancedhousingsystems.co.uk Tel: +44 (0) 207 1931461, +44 (0) 1534 721600 REV: DWG SCALE: 1:10

THIS DRAWING REMAINS THE COPYRIGHT OF ADVANCED HOUSING SYSTEMS LTD. UNAUTHORISED COPYING, ALTERATION OR USE IS STRICTLY FORBIDDEN



DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING - IF IN DOUBT ASK!
As seen on Channel 4
Flat Pack Mansions
Grand Designs



FIXED LEAF WI-TD



TITLE: PATIO DOOR HEAD AND CILL
PROJECT: PASSIVHAUS STANDARD DETAIL

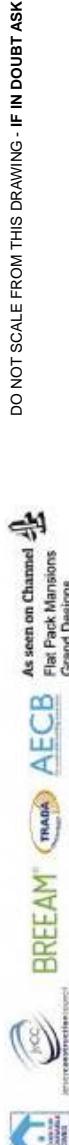
CLIENT: BUTTERLEIGH SAWMILL, BUTTERLEIGH, CULLOMPTON, DEVON, EX15 1PP
DATE: 21/1/2021
DWG NO.: WI-TD
REV: 00
DWG SCALE: 1:10

admin@advancedhousingsystems.co.uk Tel: +44 (0) 207 1931461, +44 (0) 1534 721600

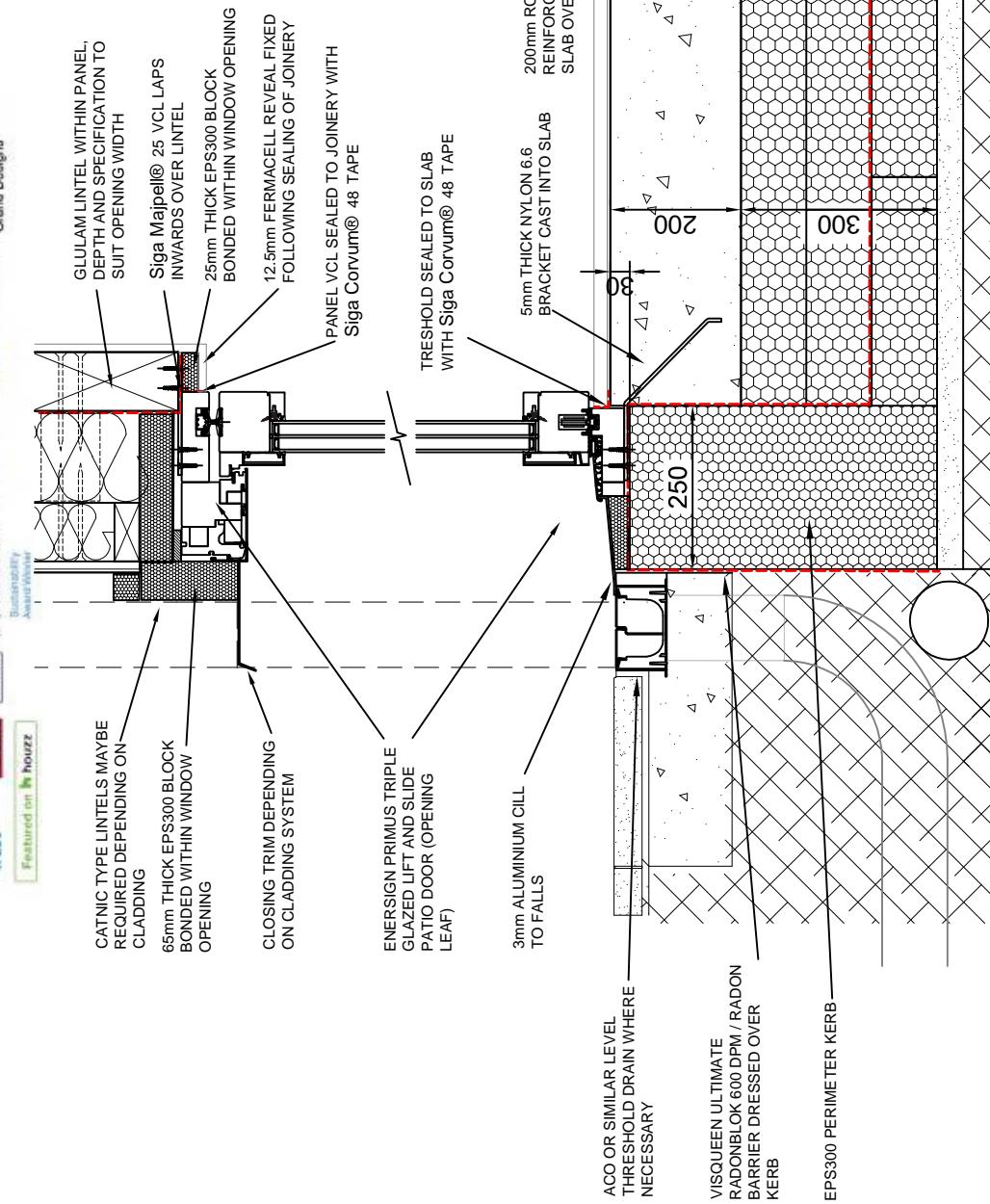
THIS DRAWING REMAINS THE COPYRIGHT OF ADVANCED HOUSING SYSTEMS LTD. UNAUTHORISED COPYING, ALTERATION OR USE IS STRICTLY FORBIDDEN



Featured in **in house**



DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING - IF IN DOUBT ASK!



SLIDING LEAF EW-TD



Advanced Housing Systems

TITLE: PATIO DOOR HEAD AND CILL
PROJECT: PASSIVHAUS STANDARD DETAIL

CLIENT: DATE: REV:

DWG No. WI-TD
DWG SCALE 1:10

DWG No. 207131461. +44 (0) 1534 721600

REV:

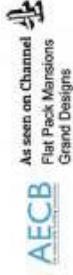
DATE: 21/1/2021

REV:

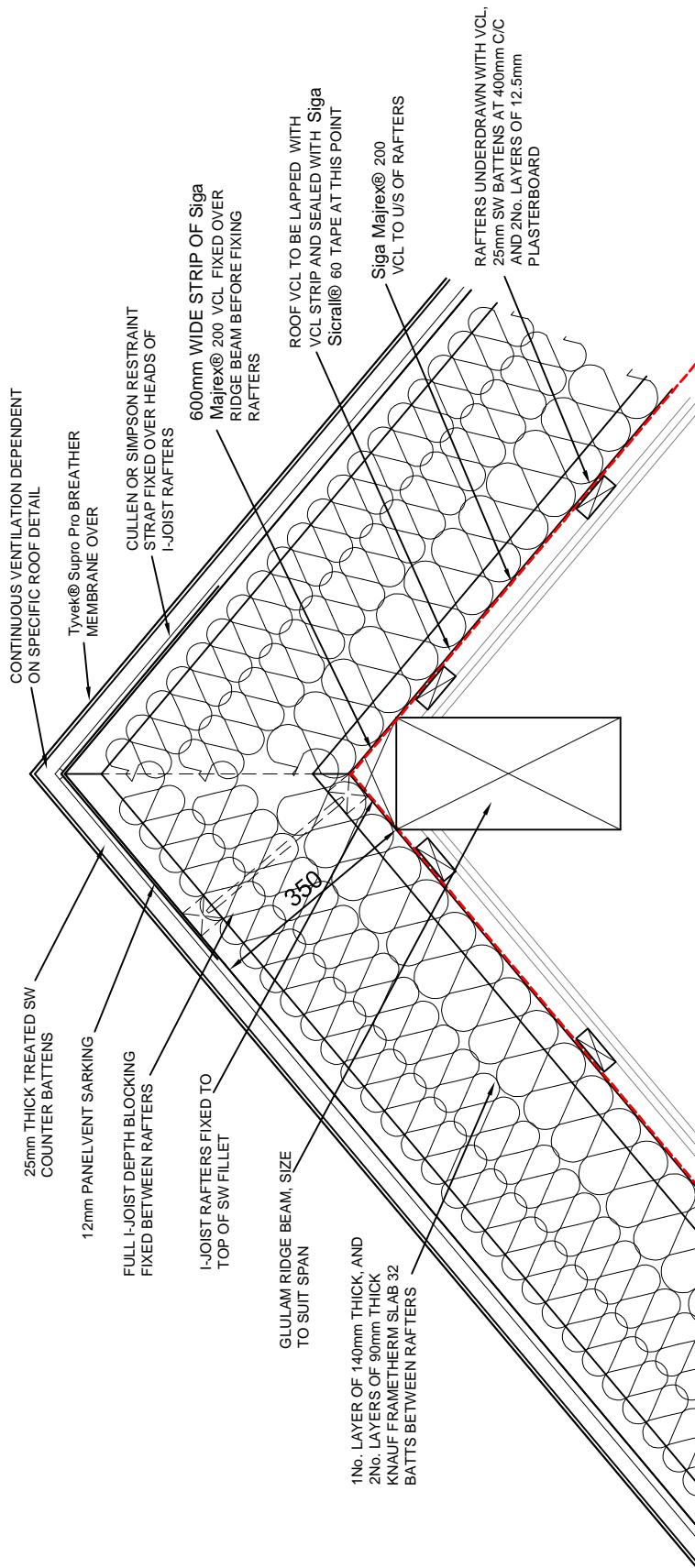
THIS DRAWING REMAINS THE COPYRIGHT OF ADVANCED HOUSING SYSTEMS LTD. UNAUTHORISED COPYING, ALTERATION OR USE IS STRICTLY FORBIDDEN



Featured on hour



DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING - IF IN DOUBT ASK!
As seen on Channel 4
Flat Pack Mansions
Grand Designs

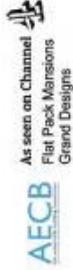


RO-RI



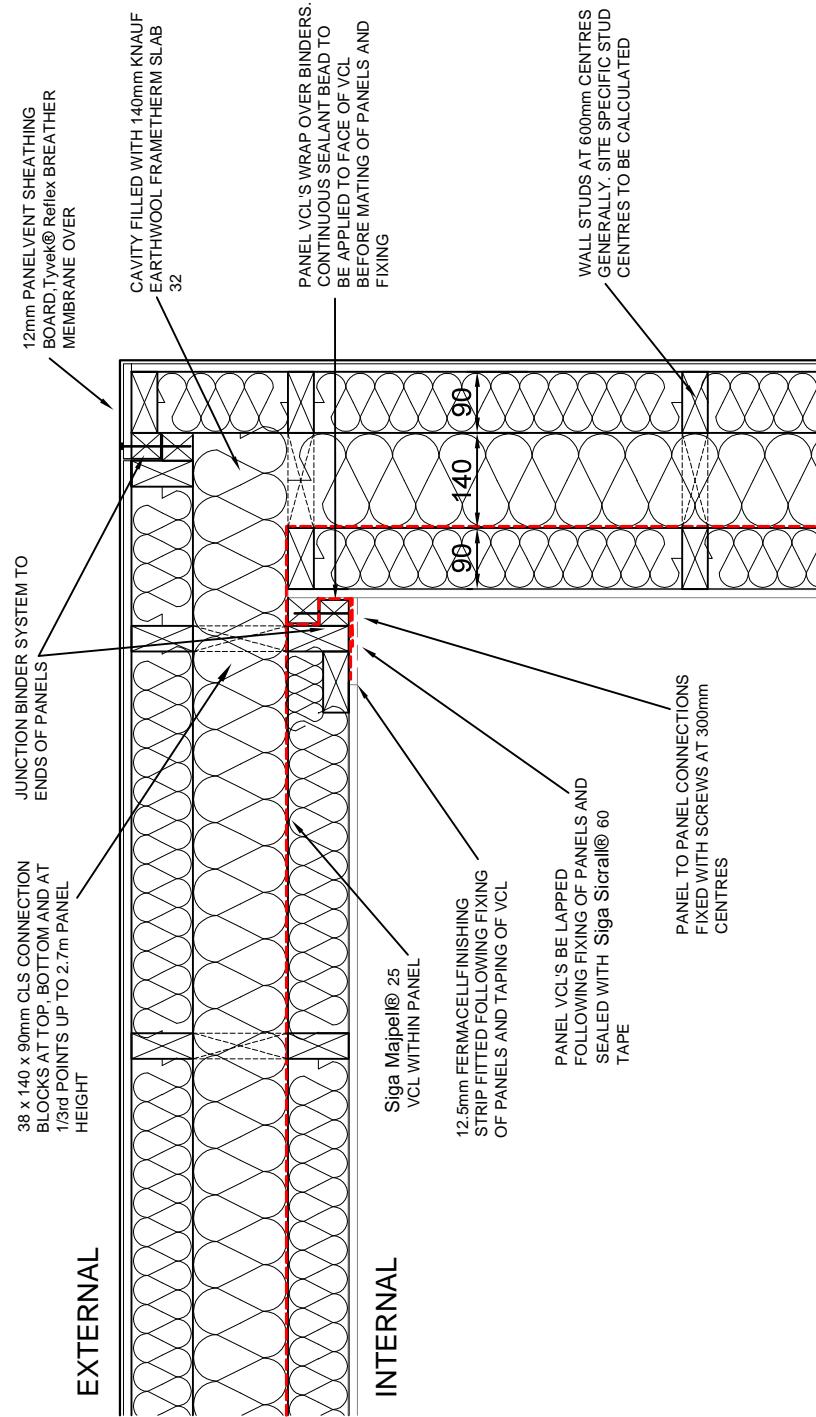
TITLE: RAFTER TO RIDGE BEAM	
PROJECT: PASSIVHAUS STANDARD DETAIL	
CLIENT:	
DATE:	21/1/2021
DWG No.	RO-RI
admin@advancedhousingsystems.co.uk	BUTTERLEIGH SAWMILL, BUTTERLEIGH, CULLOMPTON, DEVON, EX15 1PP
Tel: +44 (0) 207 1931461, +44 (0) 1534 721600	DWG SCALE: 1:10

THIS DRAWING REMAINS THE COPYRIGHT OF ADVANCED HOUSING SYSTEMS LTD. UNAUTHORISED COPYING, ALTERATION OR USE IS STRICTLY FORBIDDEN



DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING - IF IN DOUBT ASK!

As seen on Channel 4
Flat Pack Mansions
Grand Designs



EW-EC



Advanced Housing Systems

BUTTERLEIGH SAWMILL, BUTTERLEIGH, CULLOMPTON, DEVON, EX15 1PP
admin@advancedhousingsystems.co.uk Tel: +44 (0) 207 1931461, +44 (0) 15334 721600

TITLE: EXTERNAL WALL EXTERNAL CORNER
PROJECT: PASSIVHAUS STANDARD DETAIL

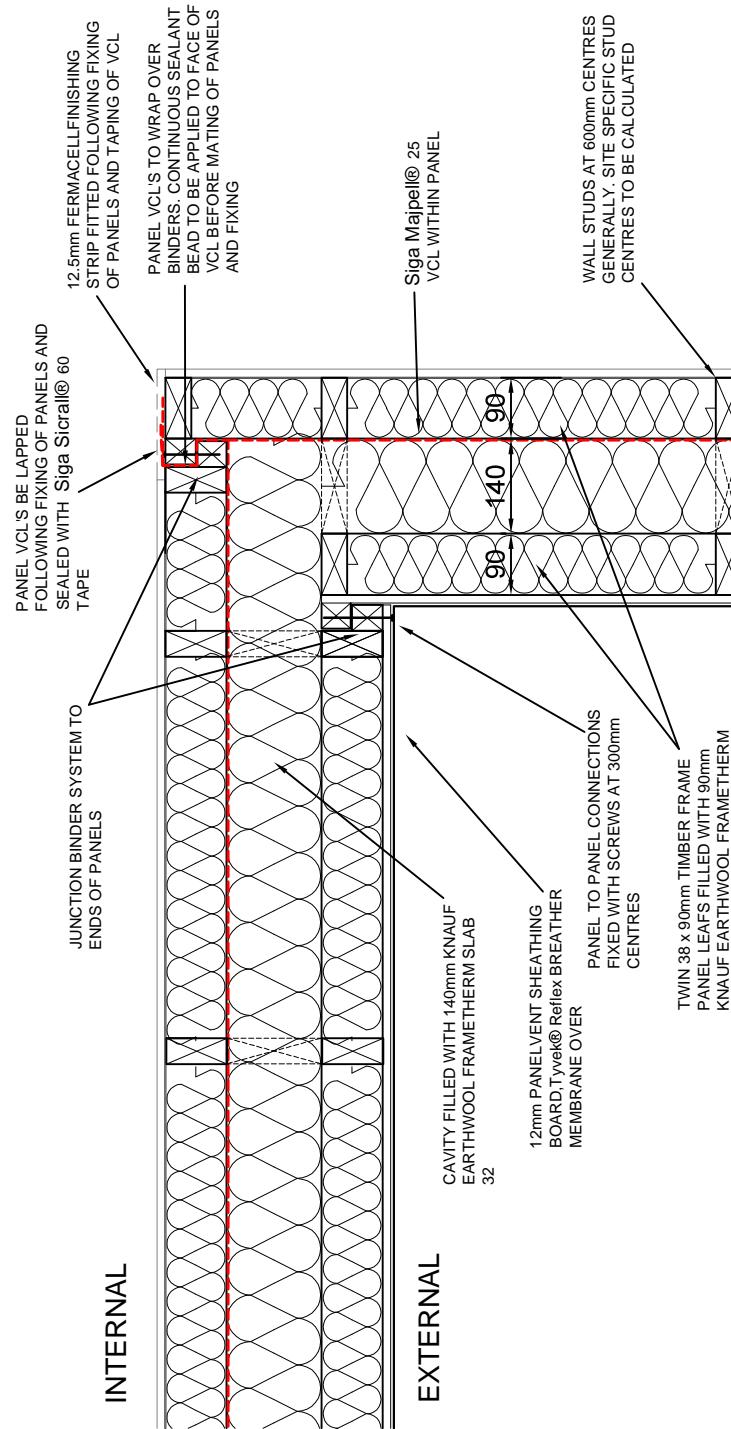
CLIENT: DATE: 21/1/2021 DWG No. EW-EC
REV: DWG SCALE: 1:10

THIS DRAWING REMAINS THE COPYRIGHT OF ADVANCED HOUSING SYSTEMS LTD. UNAUTHORISED COPYING, ALTERATION OR USE IS STRICTLY FORBIDDEN



As seen on Channel 4
Flat Pack Mansions
Grand Designs

DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING - IF IN DOUBT ASK!



EW-IC



Advanced Housing Systems

BUTTERLEIGH SAWMILL, BUTTERLEIGH, CULLOMPTON, DEVON, EX15 1PP
admin@advancedhousingsystems.co.uk Tel: +44 (0) 207 1831461, +44 (0) 1534 721600

TITLE: EXTERNAL WALL INTERNAL CORNER
PROJECT: PASSIVHAUS STANDARD DETAIL

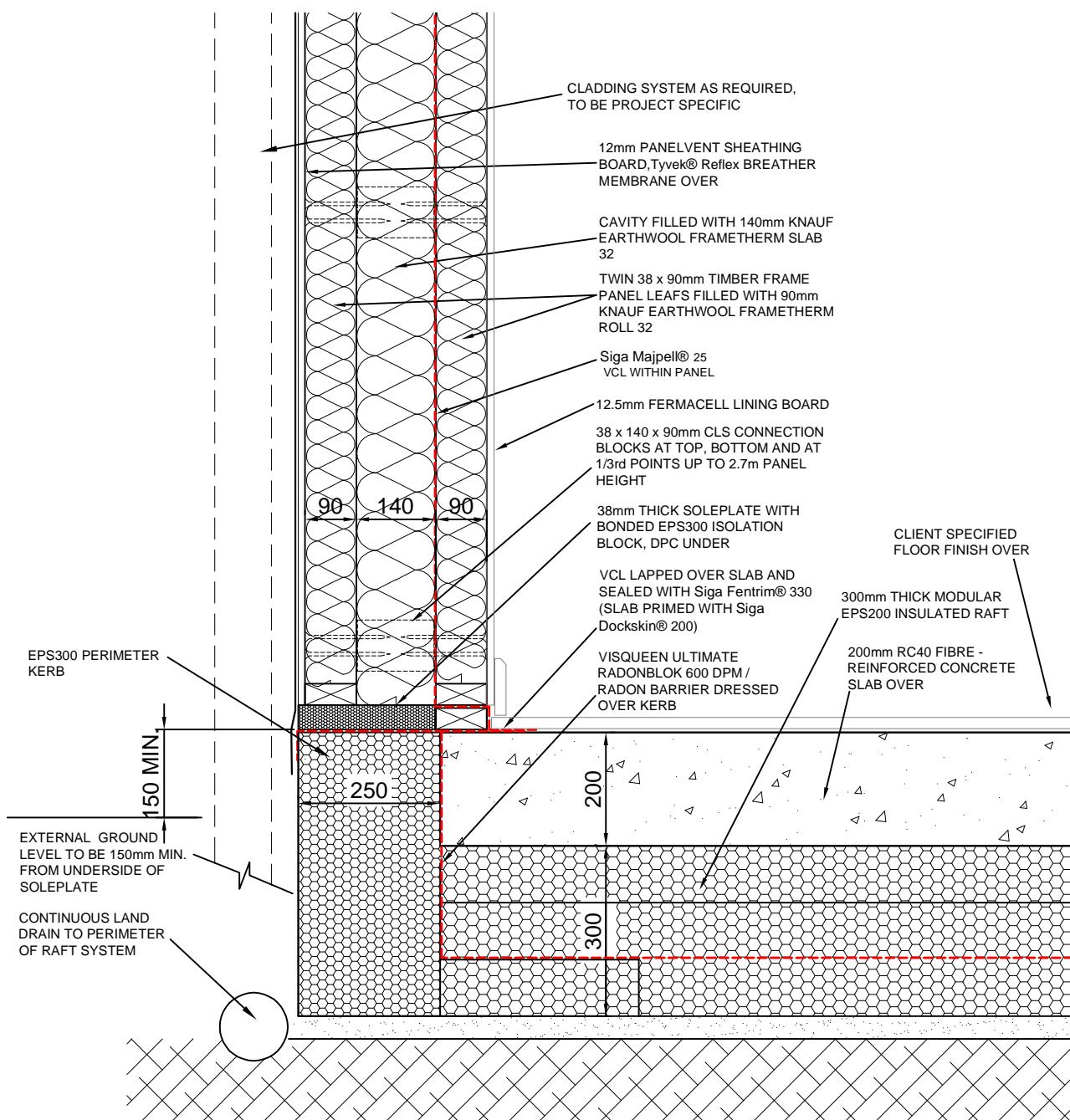
CLIENT:

DATE: 21/1/2021

DWG No. EW-IC

DWG SCALE: 1:10

REV:



FS-EW



BREEAM®

TRADA

AECB

As seen on Channel 4
Flat Pack Mansions
Grand Designs



Advanced Housing Systems

BUTTERLEIGH SAWMILL, BUTTERLEIGH, CULLOMPTON, DEVON, EX15 1PP
admin@advancedhousingsystems.co.uk Tel: +44 (0) 207 1931461, +44 (0) 1534 721600

TITLE: WALL PANEL TO FLOOR SLAB
PROJECT: PASSIVHAUS STANDARD DETAIL

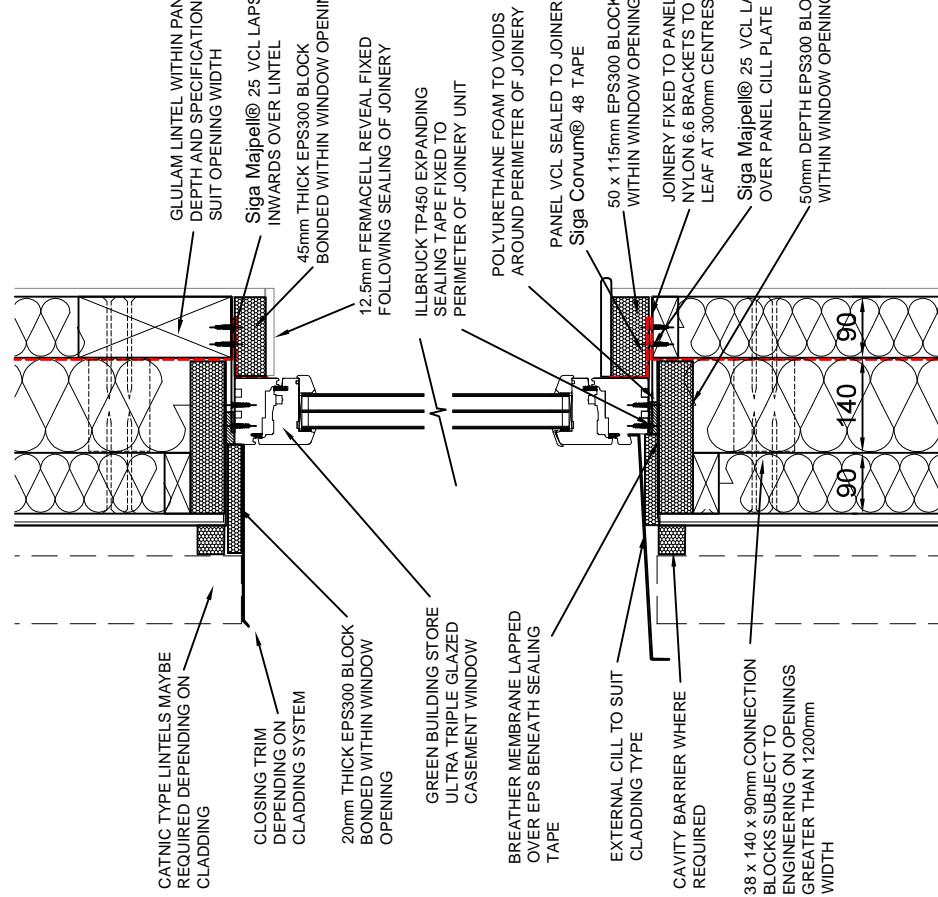
CLIENT: DATE: 21/1/2021 DWG No. FS-EW
REV: DWG SCALE: 1:10

THIS DRAWING REMAINS THE COPYRIGHT OF ADVANCED HOUSING SYSTEMS LTD. UNAUTHORISED COPYING, ALTERATION OR USE IS STRICTLY FORBIDDEN



As seen on Channel 4
Flat Pack Mansions

DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING - IF IN DOUBT ASK!
Grand Designs



WI-TO/
WI-BO



TITLE: WINDOW OPENING HEAD AND CILL

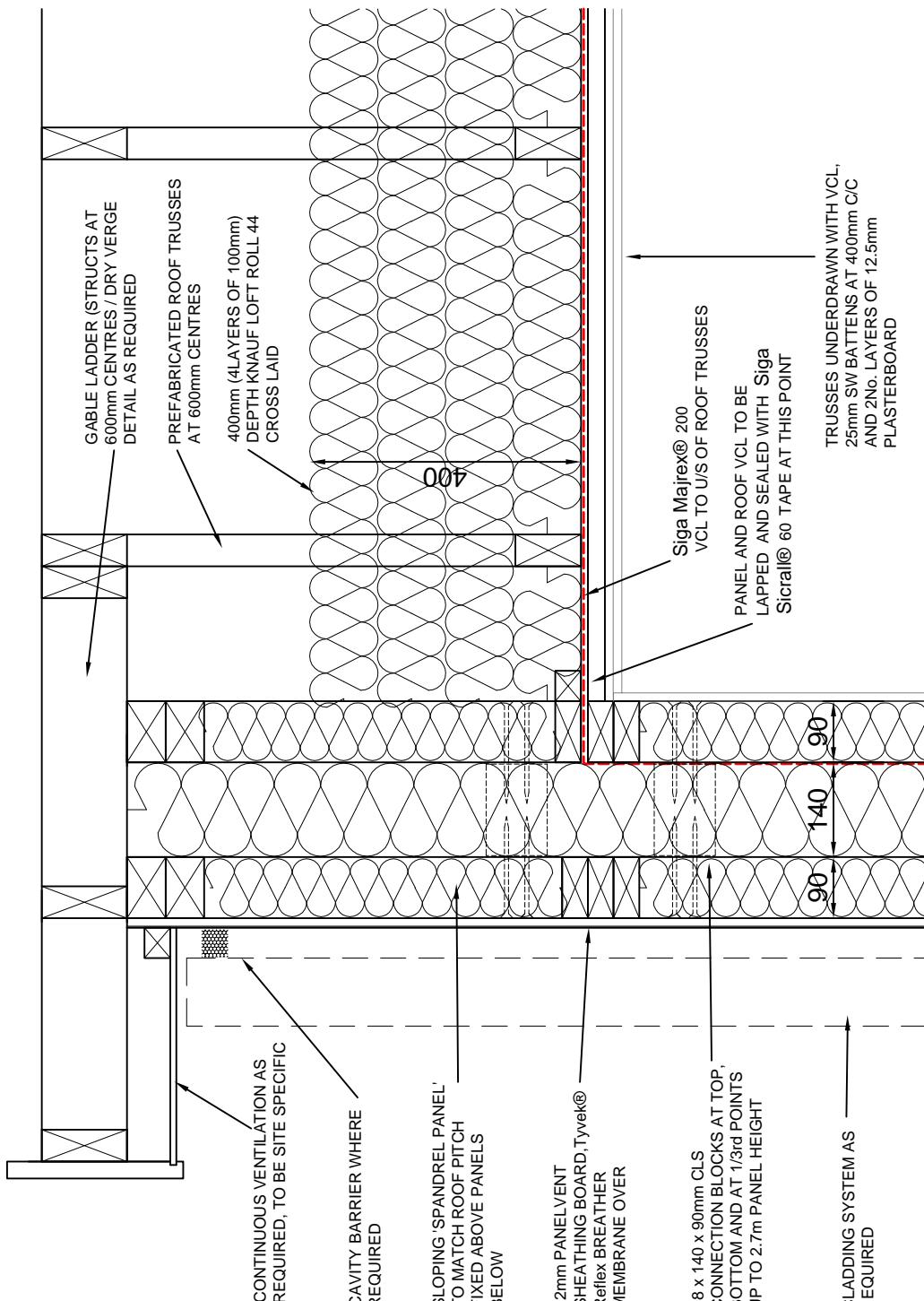
PROJECT: PASSIVHAUS STANDARD DETAIL

DWG No. WITOW/BO

DWG SCALE: 1:10

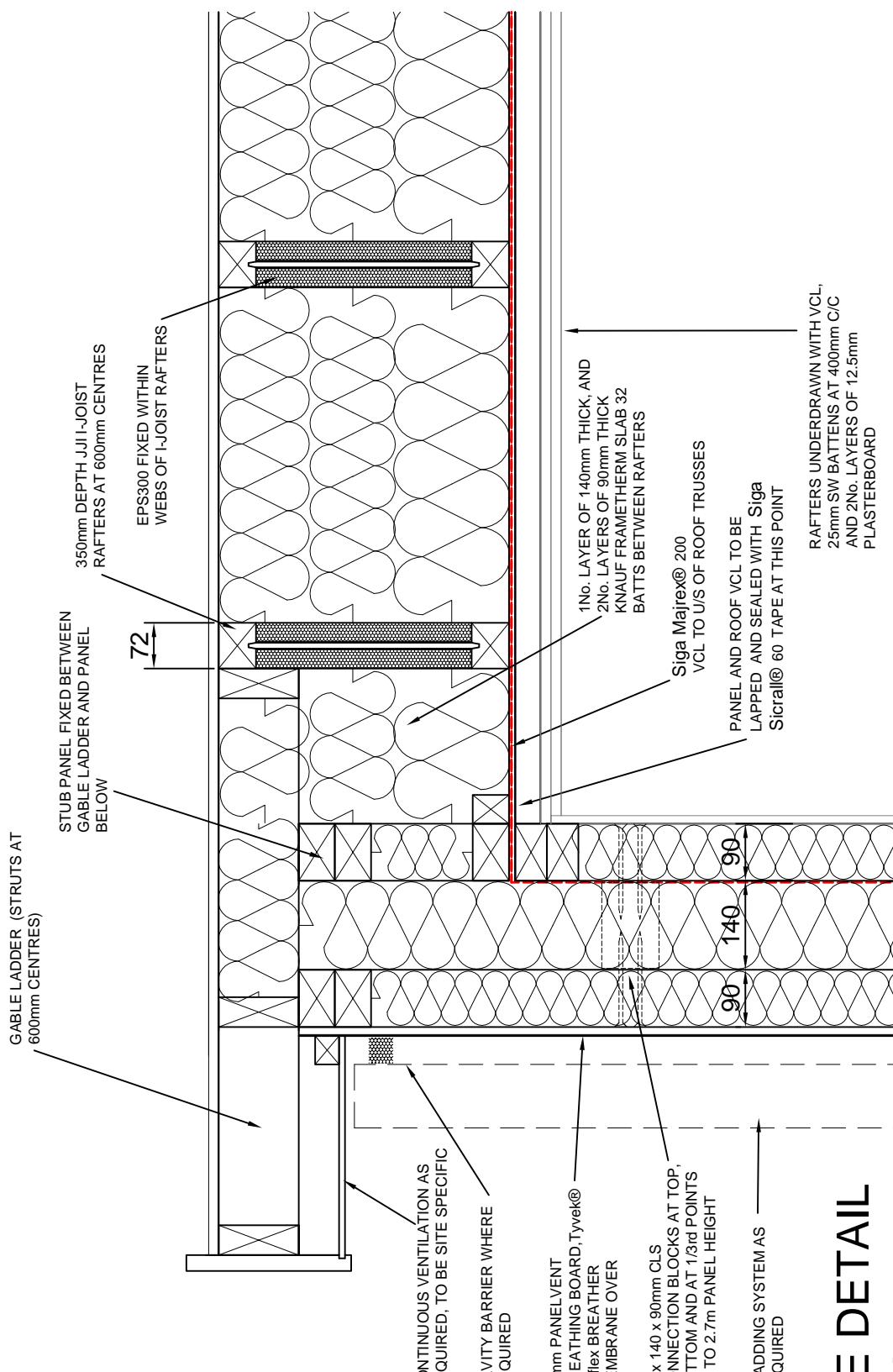
CLIENT: BUTTERLEIGH SAWMILL, BUTTERLEIGH, CULLOMPTON, DEVON, EX15 1PP
DATE: 21/1/2021
REV:

admin@advancedhousingsystems.co.uk Tel: +44 (0) 207 1931461, +44 (0) 1534 721600



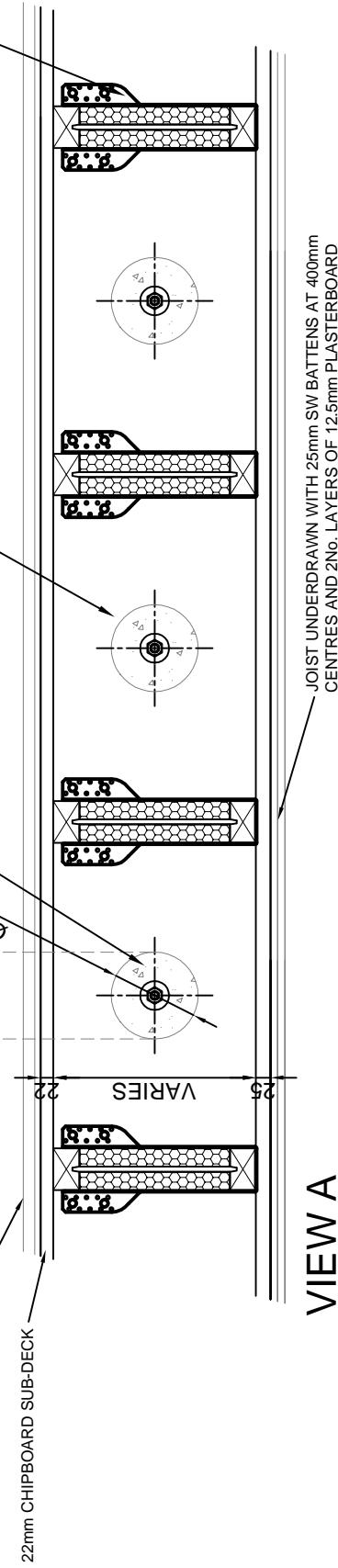
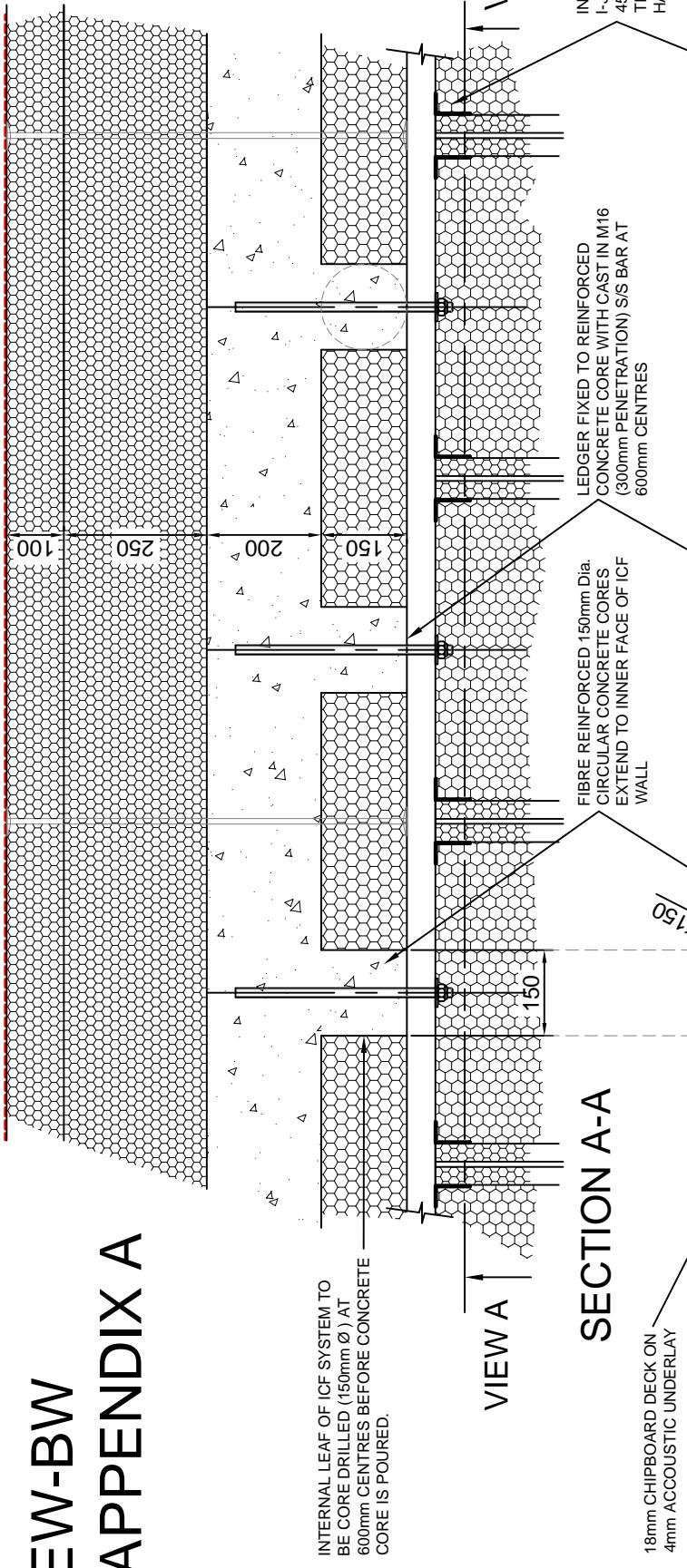
VERGE DETAIL RO-EA

Advanced Housing Systems 	TITLE: EXTERNAL WALL TO ROOF TRUSS
PROJECT: PASSIVHAUS STANDARD DETAIL	
CLIENT:	
DATE: 5/4/2021	DWG No. RO-EA (VERGE)
REV:	DWG SCALE: 1:10



<h1>Advanced Housing Systems</h1> 	<p>TITLE: EXTERNAL WALL TO RAFTER PROJECT: PASSIVHAUS STANDARD DETAIL</p> <p>CLIENT: BUTTERLEIGH SAWMILL, BUTTERLEIGH, CULLOMPTON, DEVON, EX15 1PP DATE: 21/1/2021 REV: admin@advancedhousingsystems.co.uk Tel: +44 (0) 207 1931461, +44 (0) 1534 721600</p> <p>DWG No. RO-EA (VERGE) DWG SCALE: 1:10</p>
---	---

EW-BW APPENDIX A



BRICKNELL & FOWLER GROUP				Passivhaus Standard Details				This drawing and all design and details are the copyright of Advanced Housing Systems Ltd			
Drawing	Job title	PHID	Dwg No.	Drawing	Job title	PHID	Dwg No.	Drawing	Job title	PHID	Dwg No.
ICF Basement Wall Appendix A				10/5/2021	Date	10/5/2021	Scale	1:10			
Client					Drawn	NTFD	Rev.	-			

This drawing must be read in conjunction with all other drawings, details and specification issued by the Architect, Structural Engineer and other Consultants or approved specialists. Discrepancies between any other drawings, details and/or specifications must be referred to the Architect within a reasonable amount of time prior to the commencement of the work. It is the Contractor's responsibility to ensure that all work is carried out in accordance with all statutory requirements and to the approval of the Building Control Officer. All roof and structural timbers, unless otherwise stated, are to be vacuum preservative treated by approved methods before delivery to site. All roof decking or external plywood to be W.B.P Bonded external grade. All materials are to comply with the latest British Standard Specification or have an Agreement Certificate, or in the event of neither, to the approval of the Architect. The Contractor is responsible for all setting out of the works and are to work to written dimensions only, do not scale off drawings. All dimensions and setting out must be checked on site. If in any doubt refer to the Architect prior to the commencement of the works.

www.advancedhousingsystems.co.uk
www.advancedfoundationsystems.co.uk
www.bricknellandfowler.com
JERSEY | DEVON | LONDON